CHEROKEE COUNTY, GEORGIA

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

PREPARED BY: FINANCE DEPARTMENT

CHEROKEE COUNTY FINANCE DEPARTMENT 1130 BLUFFS PARKWAY- CANTON, GEORGIA 30114

CHEROKEE COUNTY, GEORGIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

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March 27, 2018

Honorable L.B. Ahrens, Jr., Commission Chairman

Cherokee County Board of Commissioners

And the Citizens of Cherokee County

Gentleman:

State law and local ordinances require that every general purpose local government publish a complete set of audited financial statements each fiscal year. This report, the 2017 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR), is published to fulfill that requirement for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in the report, based on a comprehensive framework of internal controls established for this purpose.

Because the cost of internal controls should not exceed the anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

The report has been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and to the best of our knowledge, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and reported in a manner designed to fairly present the financial position and results of operations of Cherokee County.

The County receives financial assistance through various federal grant programs, and is therefore required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act of 1984 and the amendments of 1996 and Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Uniform Administrative Regulations Part 200, Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards. Information related to this single audit, including the schedule of federal financial assistance, findings, questioned costs, and auditor's reports on the internal control over financial reporting and compliance, are included in a separate report.

Cherokee County's financial statements have been audited by Nichols, Cauley & Associates, LLC a firm of licensed public accountants. Nichols, Cauley & Associates, LLC have issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on Cherokee County's financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2017. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.



Introduction

Our History

Cherokee County was formed in 1830 from lands previously held by the Cherokee Indians. The very name of the county honors the proud people who first settled here. Its 6,900 square miles were subsequently divided into 24 other counties. Cherokee first attracted permanent residents through a land lottery while others settled along the Etowah River and dreamed of finding gold, like their Indian predecessors. Canton, the county seat, was named after the city in China, based on the city founders' attempt to establish silk production. The Canton Cotton Mills opened in 1899.



Canton Cotton Mill #2 was built in 1923, and is located northeast of the city of Canton. The mill was designed and built by C.E. Blank, an architect and builder for Dressler Industries, headquartered in New England.

Canton Cotton Mills, later Canton Textile Mills, was one of the largest manufacturers in the south. "Canton Denim" was known for its high quality and was sought by people throughout the country.

The old cotton mills have recently been transformed into a new apartment community along the Etowah River.

Although cotton was king, the marble finishing business in the north end of the county would prove to be the county's largest revenue producer for a number of years to come.

Georgia Marble Finishing Works was the largest marble company in the area. This white Georgia marble façade was created in 1927 for the Cherokee County courthouse. A much larger courthouse was built in 1994, but the County still uses the beautiful historic courthouse to house smaller departments.

Georgia Marble Company purchased Georgia Marble Finishing works in 1941. Their stone can be found in monuments and public buildings around the world, including New York's Stock Exchange annex, the Lincoln Memorial, and the 24 columns of the U.S. Capitol in Washington, D.C.



historic Cherokee County Courthouse



Cherokee County Present Day

Cherokee County is perfectly located 30 miles north of Atlanta where "Metro Meets the Mountains." The county is now 434 square miles in area, and with a population of approximately 243,136, it is the 7th largest of Georgia's 159 counties. When people think of Cherokee County, Georgia, they often think of its rugged beauty and eclectic community. For example, the county boasts over 4,000+/- acres of parks and greenspace. And under the \$90 Million Parks, Recreation, and Greenspace Bond which was successfully approved by the citizens of Cherokee County on the November 4, 2008 election ballot, funds have been used to improve existing parks and develop parks for active recreation and passive enjoyment.

In addition to the county's natural beauty and recreation, Cherokee County is one of Georgia's most exciting markets. Cherokee County offers a well-educated and well-equipped workforce, and exceptional transportation necessary for sustainable, long-term growth. For professionals and their families, Cherokee County offers a diverse range of housing, impressive healthcare, excellent education, low property taxes, and cultural opportunities necessary for comfortable living and continuous personal growth. There are five major municipalities in Cherokee County: Canton, Woodstock, Ball Ground, Holly Springs, and Waleska.



Cannon Park, Canton

Downtown Woodstock



Gibbs Gardens, Ball Ground

Holly Springs Train Depot & Community Center

Reinhardt University, Waleska



Profile of Government

Cherokee County is governed by the Commission Chairman and a four member Board of Commissioners.

The Board serves as the legislative and policymaking body of the county government. It enacts county ordinances and appropriates funds to conduct county business and provides policy direction to the administrative staff.

The County Manager works closely with the Board to assist them in developing policies and programs. Overseeing all county employees, the manager is responsible for the efficient ongoing operation of all county services. Cherokee County provides services to approximately 243,136 citizens and 6,000 businesses. Included in these services are traditional county functions such as public safety (sheriff office, fire protection, and emergency/ambulance services), code enforcement, judicial/court services, planning and zoning, business licenses and building permits, road maintenance, parks and recreation, senior services, animal shelter services, and bus transportation.



Front Row: Commissioner Raymond Gunnin and Chairman L.B. Ahrens, Jr., Back Row: Commissioners Scott Gordon, Bob Kovacs, and Steve West.

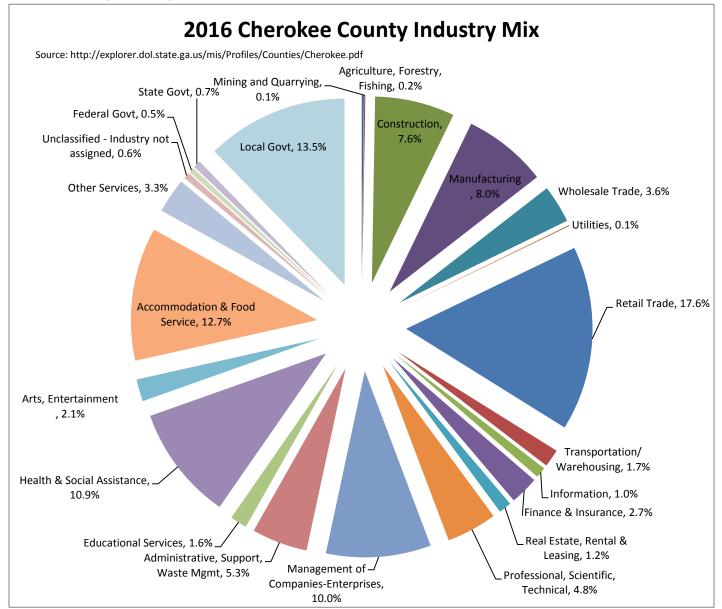
The financial statements, schedules, and statistical tables in this report include all the funds of the primary government which are directly under the control of the Board Commissioners, as well as its component units. A component unit is a separate legal entity for which the primary government is financially accountable. The Cherokee County Department of Public Health, the Cherokee County Development Authority, the Development Authority of Cherokee County, and the Seguoyah Regional Library System are all included as discretely presented component units in the financial statements.



Local Economy

INDUSTRY MIX

Cherokee County's Industry mix is: 69% Services, 16% Goods, and 15% Government.



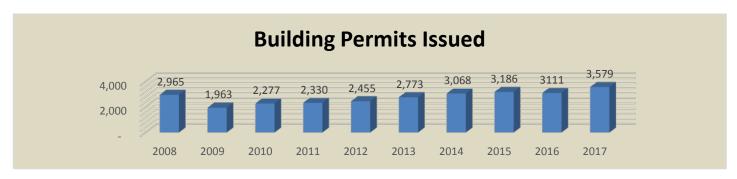
The industry mix has remained relatively unchanged between 2014 to 2016. Over several years, the most significant change Cherokee County has experienced in its industry mix is the decline in the construction business. Between 2000 and 2016, Cherokee's population grew 69%, which created significant construction opportunities. Near the height of Cherokee's growth in 2008, the construction industry represented 13.9% of the mix; however, in 2016 it was only 7.6%.

NOTE: At printing of this report the 2017 County Industry Mix had not yet been published so 2016 is being used instead. We anticipate only minor changes when it is published.



BUILDING PERMITS

Construction has been steadily increasing in Cherokee County as building permits continue to show a positive trend. The County's low point was 1,963 building permits in 2009 which was driven by the housing recession. Building Permits have shown a steady increase reaching a high of 3,579 permits being issued in 2017. This is an indicator of economic recovery as Cherokee County has experienced positive growth and a return of construction jobs. In addition, new developments in the county provide construction jobs in the short term, while generating new operational jobs and more visitors (driving more sales tax dollars and new property tax assessments), for the future.



UNEMPLOYMENT

At November 2017, Cherokee County's jobless rate had dropped from 4.1% for the previous year to 3.4% this was .1% lower than Forsyth County. In 2017 Forsyth County tied Cherokee County as the lowest in the metro-Atlanta region. The statewide unemployment rate was 4.3%, in comparison to 4.4% a year ago. Cherokee County was .7% lower than a year ago. The state of Georgia dropped from 5.4% in 2016 to 4.3% in 2017.

TAX DIGEST

Between 2003 - 2008, our Tax Digest increased each year by double-digit percentages. However, like most counties, Cherokee County was negatively impacted by the downturn in the economy beginning in 2008, and by 2012 our Tax Digest had decreased 23% as compared to the 2008 peak. Fortunately, our 2017 Tax Digest increased 8.43%, of which 4.71% was new growth. We anticipate the 2018 Digest will increase approximately 7.5% in total, including 4.0% new growth.

CURRENT 2017 TAX DIGEST AND HISTORY OF LEVY											
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017				
REAL	6,859,719,623	6,246,009,678	6,382,143,754	7,207,313,837	7,920,292,172	8,654,002,944	9,631,169,530				
PERSONAL	321,378,768	325,003,272	329,863,024	353,938,885	380,908,234	416,085,312	440,936,267				
MOTOR VEHICLES	563,264,880	610,288,270	641,593,210	530,574,960	393,947,430	300,355,630	221,656,730				
MOBILE HOMES	15,166,160	14,743,880	13,696,480	13,488,200	13,357,414	14,007,920	14,032,720				
TIMBER	485,201	284,156	871,524	1,527,767	666,872	547,150	794,208				
GROSS M&O DIGEST	7,760,014,632	7,196,329,256	7,368,167,992	8,106,843,649	8,709,172,122	9,384,998,956	10,308,589,455				
LESS M&O EXEMPTIONS	559,628,730	522,421,889	524,486,775	608,219,193	749,979,861	898,710,672	1,106,624,687				
NET M&O DIGEST	7,200,385,902	6,673,907,367	6,843,681,217	7,498,624,456	7,959,192,261	8,486,288,284	9,201,964,768				
NET M&O DIGEST CHANGE	-5.91%	-7.31%	2.54%	9.57%	6.14%	6.62%	8.43%				



RECENT DEVELOPMENT

Cherokee County Film Activity

Cherokee County was home to both TV and movie filming projects over the course of 2017. *Diary of a Wimpy Kid* which was filmed in Waleska and *Hangman* with Al Pacino was filmed in Canton. Both of these movies were released in 2017. Other movies filmed in Cherokee County and released in 2017 were *American Made, Champion*, and *Thank You for Your Service*. There were also 12 TV episodes and 4 commercials, and 3 music videos filmed in Cherokee County.

Netflix is filming a second season of their series, *Ozark* starring Jason Bateman, in Cherokee County. Filming takes place over much of the county but one primary filming location is the former Little River Grill on Lake Allatoona. The historical buildings in Canton were used for the filming of the movie, *Hidden Figures*. Kevin Costner costarred in the film along with Taraji P. Henson, Octavia Spencer, and Janelle Monae.

Cherokee County has 134 local properties listed on the state's Reel-Scout database. There has been a 464% increase in film prospects since becoming a Georgia 'Camera Ready Community' in 2011.















Adidas has opened its first robot-driven "Speed factory" in the U.S. which resides in Cherokee County, Georgia. This is the second "Speed factory" to date. The other one is located in Germany and both are operated by Adidas' strategic partner Oechsler Motion. This automated process, driven by intelligent robotic technology, is designed to be as agile as possible, making footwear in a much faster process than traditional factories and allowing sneaker lines to be adjusted and crafted specifically for the needs of different groups of consumers. The facility is a 74,000 square foot state-of-the-art facility. The factory will create 160 careers.

Deal of the Year

Cherokee County Office of Economic Development received the "Georgia Deal of the Year 2017" for the Adidas "Speed factory."



New Northside Hospital Medical Facility

In order to address capacity constraints caused by the growing population, Northside Hospital has relocated to a newly constructed hospital on 300 acres near I-575 and GA Hwy 20. The new site has excellent visibility from major roads and thoroughfares, and there is ample room for further expansion as the community's needs grow.

The new state-of-the-art, \$286 million, 84-bed facility opened in mid-2017 and created hundreds of new healthcare and office jobs in the county. The hospital received the Hospital of the Year Award from the Georgia Alliance of Community Hospitals.

Jaipur Rugs (Cherokee 75 Office Park)

Jaipur Rugs, is one of India's largest manufacturers of hand knotted rugs. Jaipur Rugs has continued a rich heritage of designing rugs and pillows for homes in more than 40 countries around the world. Jaipur Rugs has invested \$16.2 million in Cherokee County and is leasing approximately 180,000 square feet of the new Cherokee 75 Office Park. Jaipur Rugs estimates the creation of approximately 100 jobs with an average wage of \$52k per year.







New and Expanding Businesses

Inalfa Roof Systems

Inalfa Roof Systems is one of the world's largest suppliers and manufacturers of vehicle roof systems to OEM's in the automotive industry. Inalfa opened their first location in January of 2014 and began construction of their second location and regional headquarters in Cherokee County. Inalfa has made an investment of \$20.7 million in the new Cherokee 75 business park and is expecting to add approximately 400 jobs. The additional jobs will be in place by 2019.

YanmarEVO//CENTER is home to YANMAR Academy. The Center officially opened November, 2017 and is a multipurpose showroom, training center and customer experience campus, designed to support dealers, customers and the community. This is a \$23M capital investment of a 50,000 square foot facility that will create 25 careers.





Universal Alloy Corporation

Universal Alloy Corporation, a leading provider of aerospace aluminum extrusions, continues to grow in Cherokee County. The longtime Cherokee County business opened a new facility in Ball Ground in 2017. Universal Alloy was recently honored as one of eight companies worldwide to be recognized and awarded Airbus's BEST PERFOMER award. On April 16, 2015, Boeing presented Universal Alloy Corporation with a Supplier of the Year award.



Profile of County Population 2017

RACE	Cherokee	Georgia	<u>US</u>
White	79.8%	53.4%	61.3%
Black	6.8%	32.0%	13.3%
Hispanic	10.0%	9.4%	17.8%
Asian	1.9%	4.1%	5.7%
Other	1.5%	1.1%	1.9%
Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

GROWTH	Cherokee	<u>Georgia</u>	<u>US</u>
Population % Change			
2010 - 2016	12.8%	6.4%	4.7%

INCOME	Cherokee	Georgia	<u>US</u>
Median Household Income	\$69,809	\$51,037	\$55,322

HOMEOWNERSHIP	Cherokee	Georgia	<u>US</u>		
Homeownership Rate	77.3%	62.8%	63.6%		

EDUCATION (age25+)	<u>Cherokee</u>	<u>Georgia</u>	<u>US</u>
High School Graduates	89.8%	85.8%	87.0%
Bachelor's Degree or Higher	35.5%	29.4%	30.3%

POVERTY	<u>Cherokee</u>	<u>Georgia</u>	<u>US</u>
Persons Below Poverty Level	7.5%	16.0%	12.7%

Source: http://quickfacts.census.gov

A strong economy has kept Cherokee County as one of Georgia's fastest growing counties with a 12.8% increase in population from 2010-2016 compared to 6.4% for the state of Georgia and 4.7% for the nation for the same time period. Furthermore, the County is forecast to continue double digit growth and this forecast growth will lead to even higher levels of capital investment in order to meet the community needs.



Long-Term Financial Planning

Cherokee County has developed a Long Term Financial Plan (LTFP) for the fiscal years 2018-2022. The LTFP is a proactive approach that assesses and identifies current economic and financial indicators that provide an overall snapshot of the fiscal health of Cherokee County.

The LTFP was built with the 2018 Budget as the foundation for the financial projections. Financial goals and objectives were developed that supported the financial direction outlined in the strategic plan. Forecasting assumptions were then created in order to forecast financial performance while highlighting any potential issues.

The LTFP provides a framework that will ensure that Cherokee County has sufficient and cost-effective funding in order to achieve its long term objectives. The sound financial condition of the County depends on the ability to balance the demands for service with available financial resources.

The LTFP is a transparent document what will provide the Citizens of Cherokee County a blue print of the alignment of financial capacity with long – term service objectives.

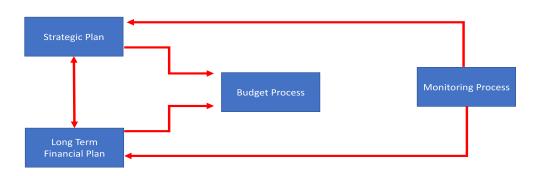
The LTFP consists of a complete strategic financial plan and issue analysis, including all support documents used in developing the LTFP. Financial planning uses forecasts to provide insight into the future financial capacity requirements so that strategies can be developed to achieve long-term goals when considering the service objectives for Cherokee County. The following areas were evaluated in creating the Long Term Financial Plan:

- 1. Financial policies The baseline standards for how stewardship over the County's financial resources will be maintained.
- 2. Service-level preferences and policy A financial plan must be created in the context of the services that the Cherokee County will deliver to its citizens. These may be expressed as qualitative goals and objectives or as quantitative performance measures.
- 3. Finance strategies Strategies for addressing financial imbalances such as revenue shortfalls or spiraling areas of expense. `
- 4. Monitoring mechanisms Techniques for monitoring progress against financial strategies. Examples include action or project plans and performance measures.



The chart below illustrates how financial planning and strategic planning work together to establish long-term, strategic direction, which then affects the budget process. The budget is used to operationalize strategies called for by the financial plan and strategic plan.

The Complete Planning Framework



A financial plan works with other planning processes to form a complete planning framework

In conjunction with developing the 5 Year LTFP, Cherokee County has developed a 5 year Capital Improvements Plan (CIP). The CIP is the blueprint for planning capital expenditures that will reduce operating costs and help avoid higher replacement costs and unexpected crisis in the future while ensuring the basic health and safety for Cherokee County citizens.

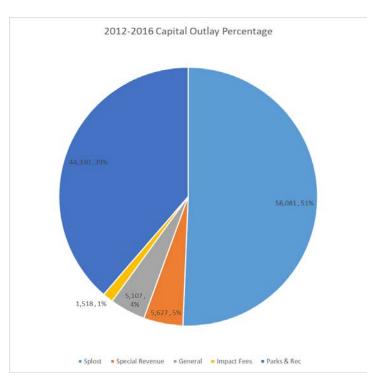
This plan identifies the capital needs of the community over a 5 year period. This plan not only identifies the immediate needs but also seeks to capture longer-term capital needs. Capital planning is an important management tool that strengthens the linkages between community infrastructure needs and the financial capacity of the County. The CIP is the primary document for planning the funding and timing of the needs and priorities that have been approved by The County Board of Commissioners.

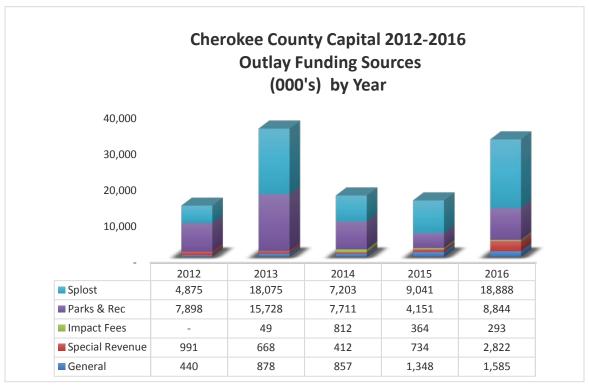
The County's philosophy concerning the use of the CIP is that it should be considered as a financial planning tool that lists the County's capital improvement projects, places projects in a priority order, and schedules the projects for funding and implementation.



The approval of the 2018 SPLOST Capital Program by an overwhelming 80% of the vote is a testimony to the importance of capital improvements to the citizens of Cherokee County. The CIP links strategic and comprehensive plans with fiscal capacity which in turn will inform the public about the government's investment in the infrastructure of Cherokee

County. The chart highlights the funding sources for the Capital Outlay for Cherokee County for FY2012 -FY2016. SPLOST continues to be the leading source of funding for the Capital Projects in Cherokee County. For the Period FY2012-FY2016, SPLOST accounted for 51% of the funds used to fund Capital projects followed by Parks Bond at 39%. Over the five year period from FY2012 - FY2016, Cherokee County has invested a total of \$114,664,000 in Capital in order to improve the infrastructure and provide top quality services to the citizens of Cherokee County. In 2013 there was SPLOST spending of \$18,075,000 which included \$7,982,514 for roads and bridges and \$6,990,003 for Fire, Police, and Judicial buildings. The Parks & Recreation Bonds accounted for \$15,727,546 in 2013 with the largest project being the Aquatic Center and the remaining funds being spent on various parks with the largest distribution to the Canton Park along the Etowah River.





Cherokee County
where metro meets the mountains



OTHER INFORMATION

Independent Audit Cherokee County requires an annual independent audit of County financial records by a certified public accountant selected by the Board of Commissioners. The accounting firm of Nichols, Cauley & Associates, LLC was selected to fulfill this requirement, and a copy of the auditor's report on the financial statements is included in the financial section of this report.

Single Audit As a recipient of federal and state financial assistance, the County also is responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation for weaknesses by management and internal staff.

As part of the County's annual single audit, required in conformity with provisions of the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and Title 2 U.S. Office of Management and Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal control structure, including that portion related to federal financial assistance programs, as well as to determine that the County has complied with applicable laws and regulations.

Budgetary Controls The County maintains budgetary controls to ensure compliance with legal provisions of the annual appropriated budget approved by the Board of Commissioners. Activities of the general fund, special revenue funds and capital project funds are included in the annual appropriated budget. The official level of county budget control (the level on which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) for each legally adopted annual operating budget is the department, function, or activity within each fund. Administrative transfers of appropriations within a department may be authorized by the County Manager to meet unforeseen needs without Commission actions. Transfers of appropriations outside departments or functions are reviewed with the Board of Commissioners prior to approval. The County's budget procedures, together with such procedures for discretely presented component units, are more fully explained in the accompanying notes to the financial statements. The County maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one means of accomplishing budgetary control. Encumbered amounts at year end are carried forward to the ensuing year's budget on a case by case basis.



Awards and Acknowledgements

Cherokee County continues to be recognized in 2017 for excellence by being awarded the following three awards by The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA).



The Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting Program — Cherokee County received the CAFR Program Award for the 5th consecutive year in 2017 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016. The CAFR award highlights the goal of the County to exhibit transparency and full disclosure in presenting financial reports that are in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.



Distinguished Budget Presentation Award Program – Cherokee County received the Distinguished Budget Presentation Awards Program in 2017 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016 for the first time since 2010. The Budget Awards Program is given to Governments that prepare budget documents of the very highest quality that reflect both the guidelines established by the National Advisory Council on State and Local Budgeting and the GFOA's best practices on budgeting.



Popular Annual Financial Reporting Award Program - Cherokee County Finance received the PAFR Program Award for the first time in 2017 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016. The PAFR is awarded to local governments that extract information from their CAFR to produce a high quality PAFR designed to be readily accessible and easily understandable to the general public.

Respectfully submitted,

Jimmy Marquis Finance Director Maryman



Cherokee County Government Organizational Chart

Citizens of Cherokee County **Board of Commissioners** L. B. Ahrens, Chairman Other Elected Officials Steve West, District 1 Raymond Gunnin, District 2 Bob Kovacs, District 3 K. Scott Gordon, District 4 State Court of Cherokee Blue Ridge Judicial Circuit Magistrate Court **Probate Court** Clerk of Courts Mission Tax Commissione County Frank Reynolds Sonva Little James Drane, Chief Judge Keith Wood, Chief Judge Patty Baker, Clerk of Courts Superior Court The Cherokee County Board of Commissioners is dedicated to providing a "Superior Quality of W. Alan Jordan, Chief Judge N. Jackson Harris, Chief Judge Dee Morris, State Court Judge Michelle Homier, State Court Judge Ellen McElyea, Superior Court Judge David Cannon, Jr., Superior Court Judge OUR GOAL: To preserve the Beauty, Unique Character, and Desirability of the Community where we live, work, Lynn Enns Court Administrator **County Surveyor** Coroner Lynn Epps, Court Administrator and play. Solicitors Office Listen to you; Respect your Rights; & Represent you with the highest standards of Ethics and Jessica Moss, Solicitor General Integrity District Attorney's Office OUR COMMITMENT: Service Excellence & Continuous Improvement; Accelerate Infrastructure Improvements; State-of-the-art Public Safety facilities, training, and personnel; Fiscal Responsibility & Conservative Planning to maintain lowest tax rates in ARC - Metro Atlanta. Shannon Wallace, District Attorney County Clerk Christy Black **Boards, Committees and Authorities Conference Center County Attorney County Manager** Lorrie Keener Cherokee Office of Economic Development Development Authority of Cherokee County Other Partners Clerk to BOC Office Management Records Management Angie Davis EventMark, LLC Jarrard & Davis, LLP Cherokee County Development Authority Cherokee Arts Council Planning Commission Zoning Board of Appeals UGA County Extension Services
Historical Society Fire Regulations Appeals Board
Board of Health
Health Department
Environmental Health Community Development Jeff Watkins, Director **Human Resources** Recreation & Parks Advisory Board
Resource Recovery Development Authority
Lake Allatoona Preservation Authority
Cherokee Library Board of Trustees
Board of Tax Assessors Land Use Management Benefits Compensation Community Planning Tax Assessors Office
Board of Equalization
Cherokee Water & Sewerage Authority Building Inspections Development Services Center Business Licenses (Occupational Tax) Training Indigent Defense Committee
Indigent Defense Office
Wrecker Services Advisory Board Information Technology Services
Brenda Flowers, Director County Marshal Ron Hunton, Chief Marshal Elections Superintendent Region I EMS Advisory Board Administrative Services Client Support Operations Code Enforcement Application Business Services Animal Shelter Infrastructure Services Animal Control Geographic Information Systems (GIS) Emergency Communications Center (E911) Emergency Management Agency Public Works Geoff Morton, Director **Administrative Services** Stacev Williams, Director Recycling-Litter Control Engineering Roads & Bridges Facilities Management Budgeting & Financial Services Purchasing Stormwater Management CATS - Public Transportation Capital Program Management Fleet Management Strategic Management Senior Services Fire & Emergency Services
Timothy Prather, Fire Chief Cherokee Recreation and Parks Agency Tim Morris, Director Bryan Reynolds, Director Compliance & Fiscal Affairs Operations (Fire Fighting & EMS) Administration Transportation Logistics Athletics Case Management Training
Fire Protective Services Recreation Homemaker Services
Home Delivered Meals (MOWS) Parks Maintenance Information & Assistance

XVI Version 10.1.2016

CHEROKEE COUNTY, GEORGIA LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS **SEPTEMBER 30, 2017**

Commission Chairman and District Commissioners

L.B. Ahrens, Jr. Commission Chairman

Steve West District One Raymond Gunnin District Two District Three **Bob Kovacs** K. Scott Gordon District Four

Constitutional Officers

Jessica Moss Allen D. Morris David Cannon, Jr. Solicitor General Superior Court Judge State Court Judge Earl W. Darby Michelle Homier Ellen McElyea Coroner State Court Judge Superior Court Judge John B. Sumner Patty Baker Sonya Little Tax Commissioner Presiding Juvenile Court Judge Clerk of Courts Frank Reynolds Tony Baker Shannon Wallace Sheriff Juvenile Court Judge District Attorney

W. Alan Jordan Keith Wood James Drane Chief Magistrate Court Judge

Chief State Court Judge Probate Court Judge

Jackson Harris

Chief Superior Court Judge

County Administration

Jerry W. Cooper County Manager

Steve Swindell Jimmy Marquis **Geoff Morton** Tax Assessor Finance Director Public Works Director Susan Garcia Mike E. Dupuis **Brenda Flowers** Animal Shelter Director Fleet Maintenance Director CIO / IT Services Director

Lori Thompson **Brett Wehs** Kim Stancil **Human Resources Director** GIS/Mapping Manager **Elections Director**

Christy Black Tim Morris Ron Hunton County Clerk Senior Services Director County Marshal Jeff Bass Charles C. Harden Jeff F. Watkins

Building Inspections Director Roads and Bridges Director Community Services Director

Matt Williams Tim Prather **Bryan Reynolds**

Fire-Emergency Services Director Property Management Director Cherokee Recreation and

Parks Director



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For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2016

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



NICHOLS, CAULEY & ASSOCIATES, LLC

1825 Barrett Lakes Blvd, Suite 200 Kennesaw, Georgia 30144 770-422-0598 FAX 678-214-2355 kennesaw@nicholscauley.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Cherokee County Board of Commissioners Cherokee County, Georgia Canton, Georgia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Cherokee County, Georgia (the County), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The County's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Sequoyah Regional Library System, which represents 37%, 68%, and 18%, respectively, of the assets, net position, and revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units. Those financial statements, were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Sequoyah Regional Library System is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial

statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County, as of September 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the schedule of funding progress, the schedule of changes in the County's net pension liability and related ratios, the schedule of contributions, the schedule of employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability – Cherokee County Board of Health, the schedule of employer's pension contributions – Cherokee County Board of Health, the schedule of employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability – Sequoyah Regional Library System, the schedule of employer's pension contributions – Sequoyah Regional Library System, the General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule, and the Fire Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule on pages 4-15 and 60-69 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the Schedule of Projects Constructed with Special Local Option Sales Tax and other information, such as the introductory and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the Schedule of Projects Constructed with Special Local Option Sales are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the Schedule of Projects Constructed with Special Local Option Sales Tax are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Richals, Cauley + associates, LLC

In accordance with *Government Auditing* Standards, we have also issued our report dated March 20, 2018 on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Kennesaw, Georgia

March 20, 2018

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of Cherokee County, we offer readers of our financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Cherokee County for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our Transmittal Letter.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- ❖ Assets & Liabilities: The total assets and deferred outflows of Cherokee County were \$1,203,454,667, which exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of \$241,555,363. In other words, the assets and deferred outflows were five times greater than liabilities and deferred inflows.
- ❖ Net Position: Net position is defined as Total Assets + Deferred Outflows − Total Liabilities − Deferred Inflows. The primary government's total net position decreased 1.3% from \$974,567,648 to \$961,899,304. The main driver for the decrease was excess of depreciation expense when compared to capital additions.
- Fund Balances: As of September 30, 2017 the fiscal year-end, Cherokee County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$103,919,115. The 2016 fiscal year-end reported a balance of \$106,580,938. This is a net decrease of \$2,661,823, driven mainly by the depletion of bond proceeds. These bond proceeds were kept in the Parks Bond Fund and used in the construction and renovation of county parks and greenspace.
 - o Since we follow a pay-as-you-go philosophy in our SPLOST 2012 Fund, we spent significantly less than collected in sales tax revenue which increased the fund balance by \$5,658,007. This balance will be carried over to future years and expended according to the project plan. In addition, all voter approved Parks, Recreation, and Greenspace tranches have been issued, so this year's spending decreased the fund balance by \$9,723,446. Like the SPLOST 2012 Fund, this balance will carry over to future years and be expended according to the project plan.
 - Of the total combined fund balances, \$29,365,899 or 28.3%, is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balances). This is a \$2,433,830 improvement over 2016 when \$26,932,069 was unassigned.
 - The fund balance of the General Fund would have been \$4,000,000 higher but this amount was used to pay down the RRDA debt.
 - Cherokee County's General Fund Balance was \$29,669,007. Of this, \$29,365,899 or 99.0% is unassigned and is available for spending at the government's discretion. Unassigned reserves continue to increase over 2016 when \$26,932,247 was unassigned.
- ❖ **Debt:** Bonds Payable decreased from \$85,830,000 to \$77,100,000. This represents a decrease of \$8,730,000 (10.2%). This decrease is comprised of:
 - A decrease in the balance of the 2009, 2010, 2012, 2014, 2016 Parks, Recreation, Greenspace, and Refunding Bonds due to scheduled payments of bond principal totaling \$4,295,000, and
 - o The scheduled principal payment of \$435,000 for the RRDA Bonds.
 - o In an effort to reduce the low amount of debt the County has amassed a decision was made to remit an additional \$4,000,000 toward reducing the principal of the RRDA Bond balance.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Cherokee County's basic financial statements. Cherokee County's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) Government-wide financial statements, 2) Fund financial statements, and 3) Notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

1. Government-wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Cherokee County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of Cherokee County's assets, deferred outflows and liabilities, deferred inflows, with the difference between them reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Cherokee County is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of Cherokee County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of Cherokee County include general government, public safety, judicial services, health and welfare, highways and streets, culture and recreation and housing and development. The business-type activities of Cherokee County include Emergency Medical Services (ambulance service), and the Cherokee Conference Center.

The government-wide financial statements include not only Cherokee County itself (known as the *primary government*), but also the Cherokee County Board of Health, Cherokee County Development Authority, Development Authority of Cherokee County, and Sequoyah Regional Library, all legally separate entities, for which Cherokee County is financially accountable. Financial information for these *component units* is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

Please reference the index for the location of the government-wide financial statements in this report.

2. Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Cherokee County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of Cherokee County can be divided into three categories: A. Governmental funds, B. Proprietary funds, and C. Fiduciary funds.

A. Definition of Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the governmental-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

Cherokee County maintains 28 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the three major funds: General Fund, Fire District Fund, and SPLOST 2012 Fund (Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax). Data for the other 25 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation, titled "Other Governmental Funds." Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

Cherokee County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund, as well as all special revenue, proprietary and all other governmental fund types, including capital projects. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for all of these funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Please reference the index for the location of the basic governmental fund financial statements in this report.

B. Definition of Proprietary Funds

Cherokee County maintains two different types of proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. Cherokee County uses enterprise funds to account for its Emergency Medical Services and Cherokee Conference Center funds. *Internal service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among Cherokee County's various functions. Cherokee County uses internal service funds to account for its fleet of vehicles and for its employee benefits claims. Because both of these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Emergency Medical Services and Cherokee Conference Center funds. Conversely, both internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements, titled "Governmental Activities – Internal Service Funds." Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

Please reference the index for the location of the basic proprietary fund financial statements in this report.

C. Definition of Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support Cherokee County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

Please reference the index for the location of the basic fiduciary fund financial statements in this report.

D. Fund Balance Procedures Under GASB Statement 54

Prior to 2011 fund balances were designated as either *reserved* or *unreserved*. In accordance with the governmental accounting standard, GASB Statement 54, which became effective in 2011, governmental entities are now required to present fund balance in the following five categories:

- i. Nonspendable Fund Balance non-cash assets such as inventories or prepaid items.
- ii. Restricted Fund Balance funds legally restricted for specific purposes, such as grant funds.
- iii. Committed Fund Balance amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to a formal resolution of the Board of Commissioners.
- iv. Assigned Fund Balance amounts intended to be used for specific purposes, either by the Board of Commissioners or the Board's delegate. (For Cherokee County the Board delegated authority to assign balances to the County Manager).
- v. Unassigned Fund Balance residual spendable fund balance after subtracting all above amounts.

3. Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

4. Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required* supplementary information concerning Cherokee County's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits and OPEB benefits to its employees. Effective October 1, 2014, the County implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, and GASB 71, which significantly changed the County's accounting for pension amounts by requiring that the total net pension liability and the deferred inflows and outflows related to the net pension liability be reported in the government-wide financial statements as an adjustment to opening and ending fund balance.

Please reference the index for the location of the required supplementary information in this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds and internal service funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

1. Statement of Net Position

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of Cherokee County, assets and deferred outflows (excluding component units) exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$961,899,304 at the close of the most recent fiscal year. Said another way, Cherokee County assets and deferred outflows are five times greater than its liabilities and deferred inflows.

Summary of Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position

	Governmental Fund Activities			Business Activities				Total				
		2017		2016		2017		2016		2017		2016
Assets:												
Current and Other Assets	\$	196,875,261	\$	192,280,816	\$	2,811,537	\$	2,873,379	\$	199,686,798	\$	195,154,195
Capital Assets		981,335,718		998,637,698		3,429,582		3,863,389		984,765,300		1,002,501,087
Total Assets		1,178,210,979		1,190,918,514		6,241,119		6,736,768		1,184,452,098		1,197,655,282
Deferred Outflows		17,844,762		11,637,668		1,157,807		765,639		19,002,569		12,403,307
<u>Liabilities:</u>												
Current Liabilities		29,427,141		25,728,613		771,649		915,238		30,198,790		26,643,851
Long Term Liabilities		131,671,929		133,770,372		3,657,653		3,260,540		135,329,582		137,030,912
Total Liabilities & Deffered Inflows		161,099,070		159,498,985		4,429,302		4,175,778		165,528,372		163,674,763
Deferred Inflows		76,026,991		71,816,178						76,026,991		71,816,178
Net Position:												
Investment in capital assets, net of		903,790,353		922,812,280		3,429,582		3,863,389		907,219,935		926,675,669
related debt												
Restricted		71,835,012		66,862,941		-		-		71,835,012		66,862,941
Unrestricted		(16,695,685)		(18,434,202)		(459,958)		(536,760)		(17,155,643)		(18,970,962)
Total Net Position	\$	958,929,680	\$	971,241,019	\$	2,969,624	\$	3,326,629	\$	961,899,304	\$	974,567,648

By far the largest portion of Cherokee County's net position, \$907,219,935 or 94.3%, reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. Cherokee County uses the capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although Cherokee County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

2. Statement of Activities

As compared to 2016, revenue from governmental activities increased \$1,130,684 or .6%. This difference is misleading because it is made of the combination of several factors. There was a \$6.5M reduction in Capital Grants. This amount was lower than last year because we received fewer roads from new subdivisions to add to inventory than was received in 2016. The County itself creates very few new roads each year, we mainly improve or maintain the existing roads. We receive new roads when a new subdivision builds the roads within the subdivision and upon completion of the construction the new roads are donated to the County. The County is then responsible for future maintenance. Without the Capital Grant decrease there would have been a 4.2% increase in revenue. Property taxes alone increased \$4.2M and Sales Taxes increased \$1.4M. The County did complete a full rollback of millage rates in 2017 and an additional .1%. The growth in the 2017 digest was 4.71% which increased property tax revenue. The County uses the prior year's property tax to fund the current year operations.

Summary of Activities

Go	overnmental Fund Activities			Business Activities				Total			
		2017		2016		2017		2016	2017		2016
Program Revenue:											
Charges for Services	\$	27,767,879	\$	28,733,644	\$	5,646,540	\$	5,341,891	\$ 33,414,419	\$	34,075,535
Operating Grants		7,827,795		5,928,258		21,000		21,000	7,848,795		5,949,258
Capital Grants:		9,483,769		15,954,463		14,121		42,165	9,497,890		15,996,628
General Revenue:											
Property Taxes		85,278,009		81,038,620					85,278,009		81,038,620
Alcoholic Beverage Taxes		1,090,198		1,056,462					1,090,198		1,056,462
Franchise Taxes		2,690,800		2,283,347					2,690,800		2,283,347
Sales Taxes		36,606,236		35,173,128					36,606,236		35,173,128
Insurance Premium Taxes		9,300,914		8,689,185					9,300,914		8,689,185
Other Taxes		214,232		207,340					214,232		207,340
Interest		513,058		261,309					513,058		261,309
Other		1,554,392		1,870,842				4,000	 1,554,392		1,874,842
TOTAL REVENUES		182,327,282		181,196,598		5,681,661		5,409,056	 188,008,943		186,605,654
YOY Change \$	\$	1,130,684			\$	272,605			\$ 1,403,289		
YOY Change %		0.6%				5.0%			0.8%		
Program Expenses:											
General Government		12,945,417		12,557,749					12,945,417		12,557,749
Judicial		17,268,050		16,970,402					17,268,050		16,970,402
Public Safety		75,658,791		76,378,048					75,658,791		76,378,048
Public Works		63,577,287		46,782,022					63,577,287		46,782,022
Health and Welfare		3,158,570		3,053,838					3,158,570		3,053,838
Culture and Recreation		12,856,023		18,747,709					12,856,023		18,747,709
Housing and Development		5,137,977		7,392,892					5,137,977		7,392,892
Interest		2,454,683		6,089,835					2,454,683		6,089,835
Emergency Medical Services						7,138,412		6,570,402	7,138,412		6,570,402
Conference Center						482,077		538,245	 482,077		538,245
TOTAL EXPENSES		193,056,798		187,972,495		7,620,489		7,108,647	200,677,287		195,081,142
Change in Net Position Before Transfers		(10,729,516)		(6,775,897)		(1,938,828)		(1,699,591)	(12,668,344)		(8,475,488)
		(-, -,,		(-, -, ,		(///		(,, ,	, , , , , ,		(-, -,,
Transfers		(1,581,823)		(2,908,449)		1,581,823		2,908,449	 		-
Changes in Net Position		(12,311,339)		(9,684,346)		(357,005)		1,208,858	(12,668,344)		(8,475,488)
Beginning Net Position		971,241,019		980,925,365		3,326,629		2,117,771	974,567,648		983,043,136
Ending Net Position	\$	958,929,680	\$	971,241,019	\$	2,969,624	\$	3,326,629	\$ 961,899,304	\$	974,567,648
-			_				_		 		

As compared to 2016 governmental activities expenses increased \$5,084,303 or 2.7%. As with the governmental revenues, this increase is misleading. The main driver of this increase is depreciation. Since the assets did not increase as much as last year due to fewer roads being donated to the County, the amount of depreciation was more than the value of the assets that were added. Disregarding this increase in depreciation, governmental expenses increased \$4.1M. Public Safety, Recreation, Housing and Development, and Interest had the major decreases in expenses.

There were however, shifts in expenses that can be explained:

- Public Safety decreased expenses \$719,257. This decrease was due to good fiscal controls, especially considering 10 employees were added in 2017.
- Culture and Recreation decreased expenses \$5,891,686 in 2017. This is attributed to the Parks, Recreation, and
 Greenspace Bond project have begun to reach completion. Most projects were actually completed in 2016.
 The few remaining in 2017 were completed except for three, and the work left on them is minor. All projects
 that were funded by the Parks, Recreation, and Greenspace Bond proceeds will be completed in 2018.
- Housing and Development expenses decreased \$2,254,915 in 2017 as compared to 2016. There are two major factors for this. First, in 2016 the County repaid the balance of a loan for the Cherokee County Development Authority. Second was timing in payments CDBG pays to outside agencies.

• Interest expense decreased from \$6,089,835 in 2016 to \$2,454,683 in 2017. This was a combination of two occurrences. In 2016 the County refunded the first Recreation and Greenspace bond, therefore, the interest expense was lower in 2017. Also, just paying down principal has made the interest expense less each year.

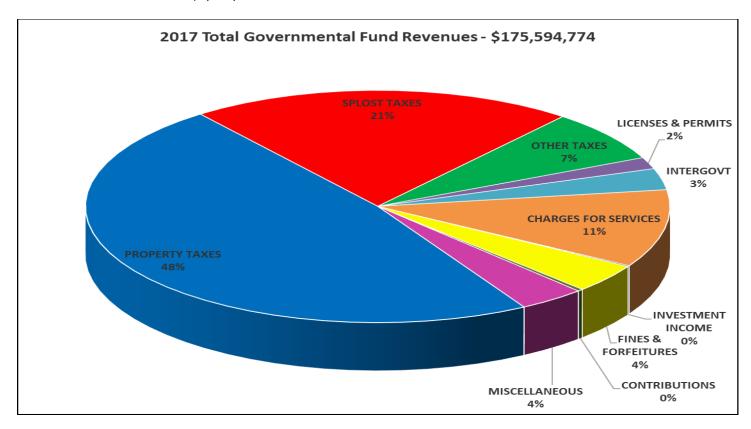
FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENT ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, Cherokee County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The focus of Cherokee County's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing Cherokee County's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

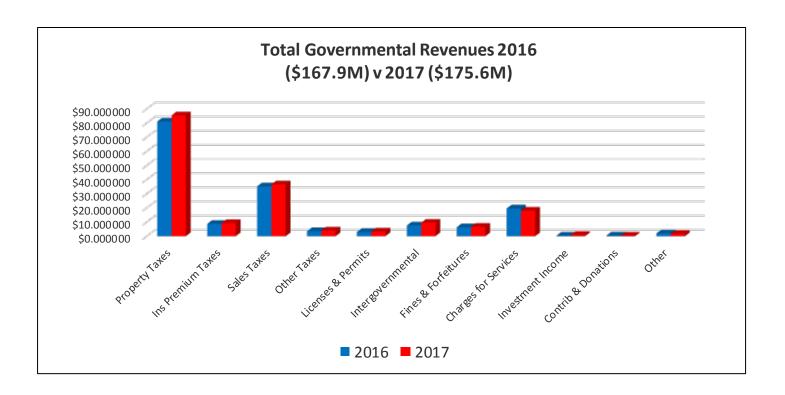
1. Revenues

Revenues for Cherokee County's governmental funds in 2017 totaled \$175,594,774.

The majority of funding was generated from taxes at \$135,308,469 which is comprised of property taxes of \$85,406,089, sales taxes of \$36,606,236, insurance premium taxes of \$9,300,914, alcohol taxes of \$1,090,198 and other miscellaneous taxes of \$2,905,032.



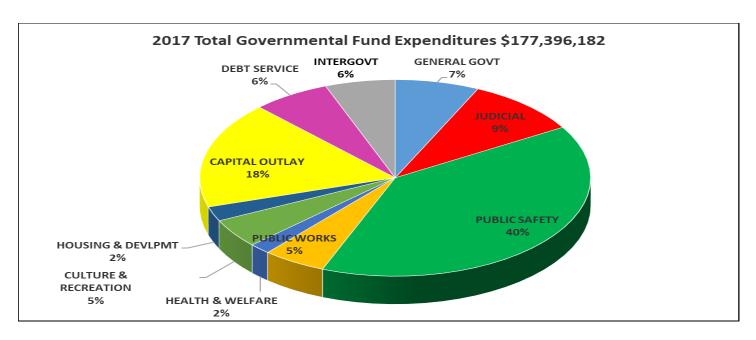
Total revenues increased \$7,675,445 from \$167,919,333 in 2016 to \$175,594,774 in 2017. There were several factors contributing to this net variance:



- Revenue from Property Taxes increased \$4,341,366.
- As previously explained, the County did completely rollback millage rates and an additional .1% in 2017. The
 increase in the property taxes was due to the 2017 Tax Digest increasing 8.43% of which 4.71% was new
 growth.
- Sales taxes increased \$1,433,108 from \$35,173,128 in 2016 to \$36,606,236 in 2017. With the implementation of the new TAVT tax in 2013, vehicle sales no longer generate sales tax, causing a drain on our sales tax dollars. However, sales tax had been steadily increasing before the implementation of the new TAVT tax. In addition, in July 2013 the Outlet Shoppes of Atlanta opened in Woodstock, and Cabela's opened in August 2014. With the growing economy many other businesses have opened, thus increasing the sales tax revenue.
- Intergovernmental revenue increased from \$7,575,190 in 2016 to \$9,498,046 in 2017. The largest portion of this increase, \$2,413,577 was from the City of Canton. Until 2016 Canton had their own fire department. In 2016 the city gave all their equipment, fire stations, and employees to the County. Since they do not have fire protection for their citizens, they are now paying the County for fire protection.
- The Insurance Premium tax increased from \$8,689,185 in 2016 to \$9,300,914 in 2017. This is a tax collected by the state on insurance policies. A check is sent to us annually.

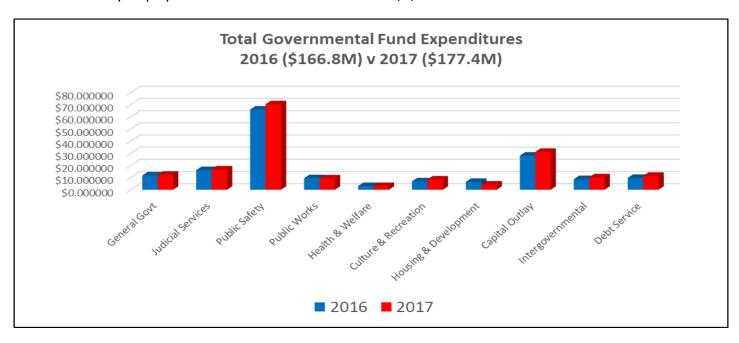
2. Expenditures

Governmental expenditures totaled \$177,396,182. Of this total, 49.1% was required to support public safety and judicial services.



As compared to 2016, governmental fund expenditures increased \$10,719,161, or approximately 6.43%. The primary drivers of the increases were as follows:

- Public Safety increased spending \$4,327,942. The Fire Department used \$1,190,413 of their fund balance to help fund the construction of a new fire station and purchase needed equipment. Employee costs for fire increased almost \$2M. This increase was due to acquiring the employees from City of Canton and hiring 10 additional employees to man the two new fire stations that were opened at the end of 2016. In addition, all employees received a 3% increase the first of October.
- Culture and Recreation expenditures increased \$1,479,782 in 2017. The Recreation and Parks Fund increased spending \$489,225 over 2016 expenditures; of which vehicles and equipment needed to care for the Parks and Greenspace were purchased with \$322,744. The Library requested \$1,000,000 of their funds to assist in new construction.
- Capital Outlay increased \$3,074,397. The major increases in Capital Outlay were in two funds. Park Bond Fund increased \$1,276,455; while Impact Fee Fund increased \$2,242,225. These increases are due to timing of projects.
- All County employees receive a 3% increase effective 10/1/17.



3. Fund Balance

Even though the General Fund increased fund balance by \$1,953,805 and the SPLOST Fund increased fund balance by \$5,658,007, the total of Cherokee County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$103,919,115, a net decrease of \$2,661,823 from the prior year. The cause of that is the Parks Bond Fund. At the end of 2016 the Parks Bond Fund had a fund balance of \$10,962,111. This was the last year of real construction of the new parks and parks renovations so most of that balance was used in 2017, leaving a fund balance of \$1,238,665 at the end of 2017.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of Cherokee County. At the end of the current fiscal year, the total fund balance of the General Fund was \$29,669,007 of which \$29,365,899, or 99.0%, represents the *unassigned* portion. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it is useful to compare the unassigned fund balance to total funding uses; the unassigned fund balance represents 35.3% of General Fund expenditures and transfers to other funds.

The Fire District Fund is another major fund of the County which is primarily supported by property taxes. At year-end, the total fund balance of this fund was \$7,274,078, which was \$538,886 higher than the 2016 balance. The increase was primarily driven by the Department's tight control over expenditures.

The SPLOST 2012 Fund was established in 2012 to account for collections of the renewed SPLOST Tax beginning in July 2012. At year end, the total fund balance of the SPLOST 2012 Fund had grown from \$41,872,922 to \$47,530,929. The SPLOST 2012 Fund added \$5,658,007 to the fund balance. This was accomplished because the SPLOST receipts continued to increase during 2017 while expenditures remained close to the same as the previous year. All funds are classified as restricted or nonspendable. Capital project spending is dependent on the progress of construction which is influenced by project management, weather, approvals, etc. As the fund collects sales tax revenue each month, if it is not spent in the current year, the balance will accumulate and carryforward so the projects will be completed in future years.

The Recreation Bond Fund accounts for the voter approved bond proceeds used to invest in recreation, parks, and greenspace. The fund balance at year-end was \$1,238,665, which is \$9,723,446 less than 2016. This large decrease in fund balance is one of the reasons there was not an overall fund balance increase for the governmental funds. This decrease was expected and budgeted accordingly as we completed or made significant progress on projects and the fund balance will continue to be depleted as parks are built. All projects are to be completed in 2018. The fund balance is restricted only to the approved projects included in the 2008 referendum.

4. General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The original budget for the General Fund expenditures was \$75,638,949, but was amended by \$582,512 to \$76,221,461. There were two amendments that together were 89% of the amount amended. During the year the decision was made to no longer use the outside custodial company and bring the workers on as employees of the County. That would give us greater control over the employees and their assignments and lower the total cost of custodial services. In order to do this, we adjusted the budget \$297,334. Just before budgets were complete in 2017 we knew we needed to raise the percentage of the employer portion of the Defined Benefit. Instead of changing the budget at the last minute, the departments were to try to cover the additional cost from within their department budget. In the end \$222,235 needed to be added to cover those departments who were unable to cover the additional defined benefit cost.

Readers can review variances for each department in the Budget and Actual Schedules.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ANALYSIS

1. Capital Assets

As of September 30, 2017, Cherokee County's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities totaled \$981,335,718 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and systems, improvements, machinery and equipment, vehicles, roads, highways, and bridges. The total of these capital assets decreased \$17,301,980, or 2%, as compared to FY2016. This is not unusual; often the capital assets decrease because the annual depreciation expense is greater than new purchases and construction.

Due to budget constraints, major capital asset additions were limited mainly to SPLOST and Parks Bond funding and included the following:

- New Sheriff vehicles and Marshal vehicles
- Completed construction of Sheriff Fire Arms Complex
- Command fire trailer
- 5 fire pumpers places in service
- New Safe Kids van placed in service
- Completion of two fire stations
- New Animal Intake Trailer
- Machinery and Vehicles for Public Works and Parks
- Various road improvements
- Various Parks Bond construction including both new development and renovations

Additional information on Cherokee County's capital assets can be found in Note 6 of this report.

2. Long-Term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, Cherokee County had total long term bonded debt outstanding of \$77,100,000.

Of this debt:

\$11,280,000 is debt issued by the Resource Recovery Development Authority (RRDA), a blended component unit of the County. When this debt was issued, it was expected to be covered by the third party operator and lessee of the recycling facility; however, it was guaranteed by the County's pledge of up to 1 mil to cover the annual debt service payments if the lessee defaulted. In 2012 the County was forced to cancel the lease due to the operator's inability to meet its obligations. The County has not been required to increase the millage rate to cover the debt service. However, if it did, the required increase equivalent to the annual debt service would be only 0.15 mils. During 2015 the County signed a contract with Chris Cowart Properties for a lease-purchase of the property. We now receive \$142,244 per year for the property. In 2017 the County paid \$4M toward the principal of this debt, thus lowering the interest paid each year and shortening the number of years until it will be completely paid.

• \$65,820,000 is supported by a separate bond millage rate of 0.581 mills. This debt was approved by voters in 2008 for investment in parks, recreation, and greenspace.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 10% of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for Cherokee County is \$963,117,533; with outstanding debt of \$77,100,000, we are significantly under the legal limit (less than 1% rather than 10%).

Cherokee County's long term bonded debt decreased \$8,730,000. \$4,730,000 was paid from the yearly principal payments. The County paid and additional \$4,000,000 toward the RRDA Bond principal. This lowered the total General Obligation Bonds outstanding to \$77,100,000. The County holds a rating of "Aa2" from Moody's Rating Agency and a "AA+ "from Standard & Poor's Rating agency.

Additional information on Cherokee County's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 of this report.

STATUS OF CHEROKEE COUNTY'S ECONOMY

- As of November 30, 2017, the unemployment rate for Cherokee County was 3.4%, which was lower than the state rate of 4.3%. Cherokee County was .7% lower than a year ago. The state of Georgia dropped from 5.4% in 2017 to 4.3% in 2017.
- Beginning in late 2008, the construction industry suffered from the economic recession. This impacted building
 permits in most counties. However, over the past years Cherokee County has experienced a steady recovery in
 the issuance of building permits, which is a sign of an economy that is continuing to improve. In 2007 the
 County issued 3,358 building permits, which dropped to 1,963 at our lowest point in 2009, but rebounded to
 surpass the 2007 number in 2015 to an issuance of 3,186 permits. That number was surpassed in 2017 when
 3,579 permits were issued.
- Sales tax revenues increased \$1,433,108 or 4.1% over 2016. We consider this extremely good news because in 2013, when the TAVT tax eliminated sales tax on motor vehicle purchases, we actually could have suffered a drop in revenues. The opening of the Outlet Shoppes of Atlanta in 2013 and Cabela's in 2014 have helped to offset this potential drop in revenue and has been a catalyst for many more shops and businesses to open in the County. Now there are many new businesses open and many are now being constructed and each year the sales tax revenues increase.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Cherokee County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Department, Cherokee County Board of Commissioners, 1130 Bluffs Parkway, Canton, Georgia, 30114.

Cherokee County, Georgia Statement of Net Position September 30, 2017

	p	rimary Governme	Component Units					
	Governmental	Business-type		Department of	Cherokee County Development	Development Authority of Cherokee		
	Activities	Activities	Total	Public Health	Authority	County	Library	
Assets Cook and each equivalents	\$ 26,409,014	¢ 1 705 074	\$ 28,194,788	© 2.505.226	\$ 397,087	\$ 1,781,519	£ 1.557.022	
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$ 26,408,914	\$ 1,785,874	\$ 28,194,788	\$ 2,505,226 331,927	\$ 397,087	\$ 1,/81,319	\$ 1,557,923	
Property taxes receivable	75,191,114	-	75,191,114	331,727	-	_	_	
Accounts receivable	11,863,877	1,014,034	12,877,911	9,210	-	5,440	94,471	
Due from other governments	4,547,166	-	4,547,166	1,335,020	-	4,000	91,509	
Due from primary government	-	-	-	-	-	258,967	-	
Inventory	744,126	-	744,126	-	-	-	-	
Prepaid items	613,839	11,629	625,468	31,463	-	23,906	21,872	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	76,886,080	-	76,886,080	-	-	-	55,232	
Restricted investments	254,375	-	254,375	-	-	-	-	
Net OPEB asset	365,770	100 492	365,770	-	2 004 505	4 772 665	1 114 711	
Capital assets, non-depreciable Capital assets, depreciable	315,156,481	100,482	315,256,963	-	2,084,585	4,773,665	1,114,711	
(net of accumulated depreciation)	666,179,237	3,329,100	669,508,337	428,523	120,911	771,535	5,787,299	
(net of accumulated depreciation)	000,179,237	3,329,100	009,308,337	420,323	120,911	//1,333	3,787,299	
Total assets	1,178,210,979	6,241,119	1,184,452,098	4,641,369	2,602,583	7,619,032	8,723,017	
Deferred Outflows of Resources								
Deferred outflows relating to pension	17,844,762	1,157,807	19,002,569	2,411,986			835,339	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	17,844,762	1,157,807	19,002,569	2,411,986			835,339	
Liabilities								
Current Liabilities								
Accounts payable	11,096,743	193,989	11,290,732	183,517	-	-	57,071	
Accrued liabilities	3,470,252	125,645	3,595,897	240.040	- 4 404 700	1,333	13,681	
Due to other governments	796,920	-	796,920	240,049	4,404,780	-	-	
Noncurrent liabilities Due within one year	14,063,226	452,015	14,515,241	267,718		_	12,325	
Due in more than one year	131,671,929	3,657,653	135,329,582	9,221,834	-	-	3,248,157	
Total Liabilities	161,099,070	4,429,302	165,528,372	9,913,118	4,404,780	1,333	3,331,234	
Total Empirities	101,055,070	1,127,302	100,520,572	7,713,110	1,101,700	1,555	3,331,231	
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Deferred revenue-advance registration fees	250,208	-	250,208	-	-	6,500	-	
Deferred revenue-property taxes Deferred inflows relating to pension	75,776,783	-	75,776,783	54,155	-	-	94,678	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	76,026,991		76,026,991	54,155		6,500	94,678	
	10,020,271		70,020,771					
Net Position Net investment in capital assets	903,790,353	3,429,582	907,219,935	428,523	2,205,496	5,545,200	6,902,010	
Restricted for:								
Law library operations	585,268	-	585,268	-	-	-	20,663	
Senior services	148,249	-	148,249	-	-	-	-	
Public safety	191,819	-	191,819	-	-	-	-	
Court services	1,638,547	-	1,638,547	-	-	-	-	
SPLOST projects	49,347,087	-	49,347,087	-	-	-	-	
Grant activities	513,104	-	513,104	-	-	-	-	
Jail operation and construction E911 operations	826,431	-	826,431	-	-	-	-	
Health and welfare	2,744,967 133,274	-	2,744,967 133,274	-	-	-	-	
Debt service	351,826	-	351,826	-	-	-	-	
Cultural and recreation construction	-	_	-	_	_	_	49,674	
Impact fees	8,080,362	-	8,080,362	-	-	-		
Fire protection services	7,274,078	-	7,274,078	-	-	-	-	
Public health programs Unrestricted (deficit)	(16,695,685)	(459,958)	(17,155,643)	1,359,140 (4,701,581)	(4,007,693)	2,065,999	(839,903)	
Total Net Position	\$ 958,929,680	\$ 2,969,624	\$ 961,899,304	\$ (2,913,918)	\$ (1,802,197)	\$ 7,611,199	\$ 6,132,444	

Cherokee County, Georgia Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

									Net (Expense)										
					Pro	gram Revenue	S					nue a	nd Changes in						
									P	rimary Governm	ent				mponent Units				
						Operating	Ca	pital Grants							erokee County		Development		
	_	_	C	harges for		Grants and	_	and	Governmental	Business-type			partment of	I	Development		Authority of		
Function/Program		Expenses		Services	_ C	ontributions	C	ontributions	Activities	Activities	Total	Pı	blic Health		Authority	Ch	erokee County		Library
Primary Government																			
Governmental Activities	_				_		_												
General government	\$	12,945,417	\$	7,748,614	\$	256,268	\$	-	\$ (4,940,535)	\$ -	\$ (4,940,535)								
Judicial		17,268,050		6,145,266		1,262,696		-	(9,860,088)	-	(9,860,088)								
Public safety		75,658,791		6,964,068		4,396,442		-	(64,298,281)	-	(64,298,281)								
Public works		63,577,287		4,098,942		.		9,440,608	(50,037,737)	-	(50,037,737)								
Health and welfare		3,158,570		375,965		1,033,974		43,161	(1,705,470)	-	(1,705,470)								
Culture and recreation		12,856,023		2,435,024		66,197		-	(10,354,802)	-	(10,354,802)								
Housing and development		5,137,977		-		812,218		-	(4,325,759)	-	(4,325,759)								
Interest and fiscal charges		2,454,683		-		-		-	(2,454,683)		(2,454,683)								
Total Governmental Activities	1	193,056,798		27,767,879		7,827,795		9,483,769	(147,977,355)	-	(147,977,355)								
Business-type Activities																			
Emergency medical services		7,138,412		5,317,687		-		14,121	-	(1,806,604)	(1,806,604)								
Conference center		482,077		328,853		21,000		-	-	(132,224)	(132,224)								
Total Business-type Activities		7,620,489		5,646,540		21,000		14,121	-	(1,938,828)	(1,938,828)								
Total Primary Government	\$ 2	200,677,287	\$	33,414,419	\$	7,848,795	\$	9,497,890	(147,977,355)	(1,938,828)	(149,916,183)								
Component Unit																			
Department of Public Health	\$	14,567,820	\$	2,943,507	\$	10,277,234	\$					\$	(1,347,079)	¢	_	\$	_	\$	_
Cherokee County Development Authority	φ	1,789,062	φ	189,626	φ	10,277,234	Ф					Ф	(1,547,077)	φ	(1,599,436)	φ		φ	
Development Authority of Cherokee County		819,936		60,450		2,140,257		_					_		(1,377,430)		1,380,771		
Library		4,653,955		257,250		640,772		718,415							_		1,500,771		(3,037,518)
Library	\$	21,830,773	\$	3,450,833	\$	13,058,263	\$	718,415					(1,347,079)		(1,599,436)		1,380,771		(3,037,518)
			_																
				neral Revenue operty taxes	S				85,278,009	_	85,278,009		_		_		_		_
				coholic bevera	ge tax	es			1,090,198	_	1,090,198		_		_		_		_
				achise taxes	.gc 141.				2,690,800	_	2,690,800		_		_		_		_
				les taxes					36,606,236	_	36,606,236		_		_		_		_
				surance premit	ım tax	es			9,300,914	_	9,300,914		_		_		_		_
				her taxes					214,232	_	214,232		_		_		_		_
				scellaneous					1,554,392	_	1,554,392		2,624,829		_		_		2,968,906
				restricted inve	stmer	it earnings			513,058	_	513,058		2,024,027		321		564		2,056
				in on sale of c		_			515,050	_	515,050				1,492,984		739,346		2,030
				nsfers	ириш	455015			(1,581,823)	1,581,823			-		1,472,764		737,340	_	
			Tot	al General Re	venue	es			135,666,016	1,581,823	137,247,839		2,624,829		1,493,305		739,910		2,970,962
			Cha	inge in Net Po	sition	ı			(12,311,339)	(357,005)	(12,668,344)		1,277,750		(106,131)		2,120,681		(66,556)
			Net	Position Begi	nning	of Year			971,241,019	3,326,629	974,567,648		(4,191,668)		(1,696,066)		5,490,518		6,199,000
				Position End		•			\$958.929.680	\$ 2,969,624	\$961.899.304	\$		\$		s	7.611.199	s	6,132,444

Cherokee County, Georgia Balance Sheet Governmental Funds September 30, 2017

	General Fund	Fire District Fund	SPLOST 2012 Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets					
Cash	\$ 23,185,205	\$ 8,591,370	\$ 49,756,447	\$ 19,561,959	\$ 101,094,981
Investments	-	-	-	254,375	254,375
Property taxes receivable, net	48,257,224	21,407,425	-	5,526,465	75,191,114
Accounts receivable, net	10,386,472	880	-	1,156,775	11,544,127
Due from other governments	41,239	7,899	3,107,693	1,390,335	4,547,166
Due from other funds	323,270	-	-	-	323,270
Inventory	37,466	517,017	-	-	554,483
Prepaid items	265,642	55,517	5,742	273,226	600,127
Total assets	\$ 82,496,518	\$ 30,580,108	\$ 52,869,882	\$ 28,163,135	\$ 194,109,643
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, a	nd Fund Balances				
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ 2,532,555	\$ 1,217,955	\$ 4,495,730	\$ 2,445,914	\$ 10,692,154
Accrued liabilities	1,578,080	406,154	46,303	193,329	2,223,866
Due to other funds	-,,	-	-	239,132	239,132
Due to other governments	_	_	796,920	207,102	796,920
Total liabilities	4,110,635	1,624,109	5,338,953	2,878,375	13,952,072
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Unearned revenue-advance registration fees				250,208	250,208
Unavailable revenue-property taxes	48,716,876	21,681,921	-	5,589,451	75,988,248
Total deferred inflows of resources	48,716,876	21,681,921		5,839,659	76,238,456
		7 3-			
Fund Balances					
Nonspendable:					
Prepaid items	265,642	55,517	5,742	273,226	600,127
Inventory	37,466	517,017	-	-	554,483
Restricted:					
Law library operations	-	-	-	585,268	585,268
Senior services	-	-	-	146,606	146,606
Public safety	-	-	-	191,819	191,819
Court services	-	-	-	1,638,143	1,638,143
SPLOST projects	-	-	47,525,187	1,816,158	49,341,345
Grant activities	-	-	-	513,080	513,080
Jail operation and construction	-	-	-	826,431	826,431
E911 operations	-	-	-	2,740,315	2,740,315
Health and welfare	-	-	-	130,742	130,742
riculti and wentile	-	-	-	101,274	101,274
Debt service				1 220 (52	
	-	-	-	1,238,653	1,238,653
Debt service	-	-	-	1,238,653 8,080,362	1,238,653 8,080,362
Debt service Cultural and recreation construction Impact fees Fire protection services	- -	6,701,544	- - -		
Debt service Cultural and recreation construction Impact fees Fire protection services Committed	-	6,701,544	-	8,080,362	8,080,362 6,701,544
Debt service Cultural and recreation construction Impact fees Fire protection services Committed Jail and inmate services	-	6,701,544	- - -	8,080,362 - 453,562	8,080,362 6,701,544 453,562
Debt service Cultural and recreation construction Impact fees Fire protection services Committed Jail and inmate services Animal control	-	6,701,544	- - -	8,080,362 453,562 350,616	8,080,362 6,701,544 453,562 350,616
Debt service Cultural and recreation construction Impact fees Fire protection services Committed Jail and inmate services	- - - - 29,365,899	6,701,544	- - - - -	8,080,362 - 453,562	8,080,362 6,701,544 453,562
Debt service Cultural and recreation construction Impact fees Fire protection services Committed Jail and inmate services Animal control Park and recreation activities	29,365,899 29,669,007	6,701,544	47,530,929	8,080,362 453,562 350,616	8,080,362 6,701,544 453,562 350,616 358,846
Debt service Cultural and recreation construction Impact fees Fire protection services Committed Jail and inmate services Animal control Park and recreation activities Unassigned		- - - -	47,530,929	453,562 350,616 358,846	8,080,362 6,701,544 453,562 350,616 358,846 29,365,899

Cherokee County, Georgia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

	General Fund	Fire District Fund	SPLOST 2012 Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues			•		
Property taxes	\$ 56,625,489	\$ 22,810,290	\$ -	\$ 5,970,310	\$ 85,406,089
Alcoholic beverage taxes	2 (00 000	-	-	1,090,198	1,090,198
Franchise taxes	2,690,800	-	-	-	2,690,800
Insurance premium taxes	9,300,914	-	26 606 226	-	9,300,914
Sales taxes	-	-	36,606,236	214 222	36,606,236
Other taxes	2 252 105	70.400	-	214,232	214,232
Licenses and permits	3,252,195	78,408	2 179 072	2 111 166	3,330,603
Intergovernmental	66,646	4,142,171	2,178,063	3,111,166	9,498,046
Fines and forfeitures Charges for services	4,666,765	2 192	-	1,945,871	6,612,636
2	6,936,465	2,183	255 470	11,094,765	18,033,413
Investment earnings	311,915	89,246	355,470	125,294	881,925
Contributions and donations	1 002 625	150	200 142	343,434	343,434
Miscellaneous	1,003,635	150	200,143	382,320	1,586,248
Total revenues	84,854,824	27,122,448	39,339,912	24,277,590	175,594,774
Expenditures Current:					
General government	12,205,291	_	_	145,361	12,350,652
Judicial	14,664,855	_	83,083	1,991,851	16,739,789
Public safety	36,374,918	26,667,477	40,739	7,250,679	70,333,813
Public works	4,712,283	20,007,477	4,570,014	32,687	9,314,984
Health and welfare	428,960	_	4,570,014	2,657,689	3,086,649
Culture and recreation	2,171,916	_	_	6,275,239	8,447,155
Housing and development	3,339,507	_	_	912,218	4,251,725
Intergovernmental	5,557,507		10,170,527	100,000	10,270,527
Capital Outlay		_	18,482,385	12,690,073	31,172,458
Debt Service			10,402,505	12,070,073	31,172,430
Principal	107,348	_	19,362	8,738,256	8,864,966
Interest	17,928	_	3,054	2,542,482	2,563,464
Total expenditures	74,023,006	26,667,477	33,369,164	43,336,535	177,396,182
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	40.044.040			(40.000.045)	(4.004.400)
Over (Under) Expenditures	10,831,818	454,971	5,970,748	(19,058,945)	(1,801,408)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	242,250	68,751	10,000	2,000	323,001
Issuance of capital lease	65,988	-	-	149,488	215,476
Insurance reimbursement	43,772	15,164	136,539	1,833	197,308
Transfers in	-	-	-	8,439,524	8,439,524
Transfers out	(9,230,023)		(459,280)	(346,421)	(10,035,724)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(8,878,013)	83,915	(312,741)	8,246,424	(860,415)
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,953,805	538,886	5,658,007	(10,812,521)	(2,661,823)
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	27,715,202	6,735,192	41,872,922	30,257,622	106,580,938
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 29,669,007	\$ 7,274,078	\$ 47,530,929	\$ 19,445,101	\$ 103,919,115

Cherokee County, Georgia Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Government-wide Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (2,661,823)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures on the governmental fund type operating statement. However, in the government-wide statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeded capital outlay in the current period.	
	(21,269,725)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e. donations, sales and trade-ins) is to increase net position.	3,960,655
The current fiscal year increase to the net OPEB asset decreases net expenses of the functions on the government wide statements.	32,445
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	(128,080)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds.	
Principal payments on bonds payable Principal payments on capital leases Capital leases issued	8,730,000 134,966 (215,476)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(1.266.060)
runds.	(1,266,060)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs of various services and benefits to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain activities of internal	25 4 = 50
service funds is reported with governmental activities.	371,759
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (12,311,339)

Cherokee County, Georgia Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds September 30, 2017

	EMS	Non-major Conference Center	Totals	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
Assets				
Current assets Cash	\$ 1,320,346	\$ 465,528	\$ 1,785,874	\$ 2,200,013
Receivables, net of allowance	1,010,525		1,014,034	319,750
Inventories	1,010,323	3,307	1,014,034	189,643
Prepaid items	11,506		11,629	13,712
Total current assets	2,342,377	469,160	2,811,537	2,723,118
Noncurrent assets				
Capital assets, non-depreciable	100,482		100,482	-
Capital assets, net of depreciation	3,242,611		3,329,100	265,019
Total noncurrent assets	3,343,093	86,489	3,429,582	265,019
Total assets	5,685,470	555,649	6,241,119	2,988,137
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Deferred outflows of Resources Deferred outflows relating to pension	1,157,807	_	1,157,807	135,915
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,157,807	_	1,157,807	135,915
Liabilities				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable	171,245	22,744	193,989	404,589
Accrued liabilities	103,873		125,645	1,056,393
Due to other funds		· -	´ -	84,138
Compensated absences, due within one year	452,015	-	452,015	60,959
Total current liabilities	727,133	44,516	771,649	1,606,079
Long-term Liabilities (net of current portion)				
Compensated absences, due in more than one year	150,671	-	150,671	20,320
Net pension liability	3,506,982	-	3,506,982	411,683
Total long-term liabilities	3,657,653	-	3,657,653	432,003
Total Liabilities	4,384,786	44,516	4,429,302	2,038,082
Net Position				
Investment in capital assets	3,343,093	86,489	3,429,582	265,019
Unrestricted (deficit)	(884,602) 424,644	(459,958)	820,951
Total Net Position	\$ 2,458,491	\$ 511,133	\$ 2,969,624	\$ 1,085,970

Cherokee County, Georgia Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

		EMS	Co	on-major onference Center	 Totals	A	overnmental Activities- ernal Service Fund
Operating Revenues							
Charges for services	\$	5,170,476	\$	324,670	\$ 5,495,146	\$	15,891,243
Miscellaneous revenue		147,211		4,183	 151,394		1,744,229
Total operating revenues		5,317,687		328,853	 5,646,540		17,635,472
Operating Expenses							
Personal services		5,525,029		-	5,525,029		755,940
Contractual services		607,675		316,852	924,527		1,706,990
Claims paid		-		-	-		13,974,564
Supplies		487,572		133,891	621,463		810,263
Depreciation		397,153		31,334	 428,487		30,333
Total operating expenses		7,017,429		482,077	 7,499,506		17,278,090
Operating income (loss)		(1,699,742)		(153,224)	(1,852,966)		357,382
Nonoperating Revenue							
Contributions		-		21,000	21,000		-
Loss on sale of capital assets		(120,983)			 (120,983)		
Total nonoperating revenue		(120,983)		21,000	 (99,983)		
Change in net position before transfers							
and capital contributions		(1,820,725)		(132,224)	 (1,952,949)		357,382
Capital contributions	-	14,121			 14,121		
Transfers							
Transfers in		1,467,591		114,232	1,581,823		14,377
Total transfers		1,467,591		114,232	 1,581,823		14,377
Change in net position		(339,013)		(17,992)	(357,005)		371,759
Net Position Beginning of Year		2,797,504		529,125	 3,326,629		714,211
Net Position End of Year	\$	2,458,491	\$	511,133	\$ 2,969,624	\$	1,085,970

Cherokee County, Georgia Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

	EMS	Non-major Conference Center	Totals	Governmental Activities- Internal Service Fund
Cook Flour from Onesating Astinities				
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	\$ 4,911,545	\$ 326,744	¢ 5 220 200	\$ -
Receipts from customers Receipts from others	\$ 4,911,545 147,211	\$ 320,744	\$ 5,238,289 147,211	ъ -
Receipts from other funds	147,211	_	147,211	17,607,909
Payments to employees	(5,524,910)	_	(5,524,910)	(771,559)
Payments to suppliers for services provided	(1,237,871)	(453,270)	(1,691,141)	(16,160,278)
Taymonia to supplied for set these provided	(1,237,071)	(103,270)	(1,0)1,111)	(10,100,270)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	(1,704,025)	(126,526)	(1,830,551)	676,072
Cash Flows from Capital Financing Activities Proceeds from sale of capital assets Purchase of capital assets Capital contributions	3,099 (55,973) 14,121	(62,789)	3,099 (118,762) 14,121	(37,423)
Net Cash Used in Capital Financing Activities	(38,753)	(62,789)	(101,542)	(37,423)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities Transfers in Donations for operations	1,467,591	114,232 21,000	1,581,823 21,000	14,377
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Noncapital Financing Activities	1,467,591	135,232	1,602,823	14,377
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(275,187)	(54,083)	(329,270)	653,026
Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year	1,595,533	519,611	2,115,144	1,546,987
Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year	\$ 1,320,346	\$ 465,528	\$ 1,785,874	\$ 2,200,013
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities				
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (1,699,742)	\$ (153,224)	\$ (1,852,966)	\$ 357,382
Adjustments - Depreciation	397,153	31,334	428,487	30,333
(Increase) Decrease in:				
Accounts receivable	(258,931)	(2,109)	(261,040)	(55,908)
Prepaid items	(11,506)	5,118	(6,388)	(12,504)
Inventories	-	-	-	1,984
Deferred outflows of resources	(392,168)	-	(392,168)	(37,768)
Increase (Decrease) in:	(10= 1==	(44.0)	(400.4-*)	
Accounts payable	(127,105)	(11,349)	(138,454)	14,233
Accrued expenses	(4,013)	3,704	(309)	327,826
Due to other funds	- (6.425)	-	- (6.425)	28,345
Compensated absences payable Net pension liability	(6,435) 398,722	-	(6,435) 398,722	8,914 13,235
Not pension natinity	390,122		390,122	13,433
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$ (1,704,025)	\$ (126,526)	\$ (1,830,551)	\$ 676,072

Cherokee County, Georgia Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Fiduciary Funds September 30, 2017

	Agency Funds
Assets	_
Cash	\$ 10,294,452
Taxes and other receivables	231,783,744
Total assets	\$ 242,078,196
Liabilities	
Due to others	\$ 10,294,452
Taxes payable to others upon collection	231,783,744
Total Liabilities	\$ 242,078,196

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The County is a political subdivision of the State of Georgia governed by the Commission Chairman and a four-member Board of Commissioners. The financial statements of the County and its discretely presented component units, the Development Authority of Cherokee County, the Cherokee County Development Authority, the Sequoyah Regional Library, and the Cherokee County Department of Public Health have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting policies of the County are described below.

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the County (the primary government) and its component units. The component units discussed below are included in the County's reporting entity because of the significance of the operational and financial relationships with the County. In conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as set forth in Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus - An amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34" the component units' financial statements have been included as discretely presented component units. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County. Based upon the application of these criteria, the following is a brief review of the component units addressed in defining the County's reporting entity.

The **Development Authority of Cherokee County** (the "Development Authority") provides a means to issue industrial development bonds to develop and promote trade, commerce, industry and employment opportunities within Cherokee County. The Development Authority is frequently referred to as "the Cherokee County Office of Economic Development" and exists to promote economic development in the County by working with existing industries to expand as well as by recruiting additional business to the community. The Development Authority was created by resolution of the Board of Commissioners. All board members of the Development Authority are appointed by the County. The Development Authority is dependent on the County for its operational costs. The Development Authority is presented as a governmental fund type component unit. There are no separately issued financial statements available for the Development Authority of Cherokee County. The fiscal year end of the Development Authority is September 30th.

The Cherokee County Development Authority (the "CCDA") provides a means to issue industrial development bonds to develop and promote trade, commerce, industry and employment opportunities within Cherokee County. The CCDA was established by State constitution. Cherokee County does not appoint a majority of the Board; however, the CCDA does require the approval of Cherokee County in order to issue bonded debt. The CCDA is dependent on the County to service the debt service payments on their bonds. The CCDA is presented as a governmental fund type component unit. There are no separately issued financial statements available for the Cherokee County Development Authority. The fiscal year end of the CCDA is September 30th.

The **Sequoyah Regional Library** (the "Library") provides library services to the citizens of Cherokee, Gilmer, and Pickens Counties. The County appoints a majority of the Library's board members and provides significant funding to the Library. During the fiscal year ended September 30,

2017 the Library received \$2,101,826 from the County. The Library is presented as a governmental fund type component unit.

The Sequoyah Regional Library operates on a June 30 fiscal year end. The financial statements of the Sequoyah Regional Library were audited by other auditors, and a complete report can be obtained from the Sequoyah Regional Library, 116 Brown Industrial Parkway, Canton, Georgia 30114.

The Cherokee County Department of Public Health (the "Department of Public Health") provides health related services to residents of Cherokee County. Programs include disease screening, child health services, family planning, heath services, and environmental health programs. The County appoints a voting majority of the board members of the Department of Public Health and provides significant funding to the Department of Public Health.

The Department of Public Health operates on a June 30 fiscal year end. Complete financial statements of the Department of Public Health can be obtained from their administrative offices at Department of Public Health, 1219 Univeter Road, Canton, Georgia 30114.

A blended component unit, although a legally separate entity, is in substance part of the County's operations and so financial data from this unit is combined with the financial data of the primary government. The following is presented as a blended component unit.

The Resource Recovery Development Authority of Cherokee County (the "RR Development Authority") provides a means to issue industrial development bonds used to help develop and promote recycling opportunities within Cherokee County. The RR Development Authority is governed by a board comprised of four of the County's elected Commissioners and the one additional public member. The County has guaranteed the bonds issued by the RR Development Authority with the County's millage rate. The RR Development Authority is presented as a blended governmental fund type component unit as the sole purpose was to finance a recycling center to be leased and operated by a third party and subsequently the County has assumed the debt service payments, as the third party operator has defaulted. There are no separately issued financial statements available for the RR Development Authority.

The Atlanta Regional Commission (the "ARC") is considered a joint venture based upon the criteria in GASB Statement No. 14, as amended by GASB Statement No. 61. Under Georgia law, the County, in conjunction with other cities and counties in the 10-county metropolitan Atlanta, Georgia area, is a member of the ARC. Membership in a Regional Commission is required by the O.C.G.A 50-8-34, which provides for the organizational structure of the RDC in Georgia. The County paid dues in the amount of \$260,807 to the ARC for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017. The Regional Commission Board membership includes the chief elected official of each county and municipality of the area. O.C.G.A 50-39-1 provides that the member government are liable for any debts or obligations of a Regional Commission. Complete financial statements of the RDC may be obtained from the Atlanta Regional Commission, 229 Peachtree Street NE, STE 100., Atlanta, Georgia 30303.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the County. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to those who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise fund are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government wide-financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and the fiduciary fund financial statements. Agency funds are custodial in nature and do present the results of operations or have a measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in which the fiscal year for which they are levied. Property taxes levied in September are for the next fiscal year beginning October 1. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Government fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers most revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year, however, grant revenues are considered available if they are collected within 180 days of the end of the current fiscal year. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales tax, intergovernmental grants, and investment income associated with the current fiscal year are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal year. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the County.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Fire District Fund* is used to account for monies received from a restricted property tax levy for the operations of the fire departments within the County.

The *Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax ("SPLOST") 2012 Fund* is used to account for proceeds of a special 1% local sales tax levy approved by voters in 2011 for an authorized period of six years, between July 2012-June 2018, and for a total amount of up to \$185.5 million. The proceeds of this special tax are designated for 1) jail expansion, law enforcement and fire/EMS training facilities and equipment, advance life support (ALS) vehicles and equipment, and animal shelter facilities and equipment 2) transportation facilities, equipment, improvement, and airport facilities and expansion, 3) library facilities, 4) senior center facilities, 5) law enforcement, E-911 and county marshal facilities, vehicle and equipment, 6) business and economic development land acquisition, infrastructure, facilities, debt service, sewer system improvements, 7) courthouse expansion, and 8) fire and emergency services facilities, vehicles and equipment.

The County reports the following major proprietary fund:

The *EMS Fund* is used to account for the provisions of emergency medical services to the residents of the County.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

Special revenue funds account for the revenue sources that are legally restricted or committed to expenditure for specific purposes, such as grant programs, certain fines and forfeitures, E-911 charges, and law enforcement services.

Capital projects funds account for the capital expenditures made by the County.

Debt service fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

Internal service funds account for fleet management services and to account for the County's contributions and employee premiums for health, disability, and life insurance, and the related payments for associated costs.

The *Enterprise fund* is used to account for the operations of the County's conference center. Activities of the fund include administration, operations, and collection activities.

The *Agency funds* are used to account for the collection and disbursement of monies by the County on behalf of other governments and individuals. Constitutional officers use these funds to temporarily hold assets.

In accounting and reporting for its proprietary operations, the government applies all GASB pronouncements. GASB Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements incorporated in the GASB's authoritative literature certain accounting and financial reporting guidance issued on or before November 30, 1989 which does not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

As a general rule the effects of interfund activity have been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the interfund services provided and other changes between the County's emergency medical services and various other functions of the County. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various function concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges for services provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds and of the County's internal service funds are charges for goods and services provided. Operating expenses of the enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of these goods and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

Cash includes cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the County to invest in U.S. Government obligations; U.S. Government agency obligations; obligations of the State of Georgia; obligations of other counties; municipal corporations and political subdivisions of the State of Georgia which are rated "AA" or better by Moody's Investors Service, Inc.; negotiable certificates of deposit issued by an bank or trust company organized under the laws of any state of the United States of America or any national banking association; repurchase agreements when collateralized by the U.S. Government or agency obligations; and pooled investment programs sponsored by the State of Georgia for the investment of local government funds. Investments are stated at fair value, based on quoted market prices.

Operating funds are currently invested in the Georgia Fund 1 Liquidity Pool; U.S. Government agencies; or maintained in demand deposit, savings, and public funds money market accounts with financial institutions.

The investment in the Georgia Fund 1 represents the County's portion of a pooled investment account operated by the Office of State Treasurer. The pool consists of U.S. treasury obligations, securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government or any of its agencies or instrumentalities, banker's acceptances, overnight and term repurchase agreements with highly rated counterparties, and collateralized bank accounts. Fair value of the investment in the Georgia Fund 1 is equal to the value of the pool of shares. As of September 30, 2017, the County's investment in Georgia 1 was rated AAAf by Standard' & Poor's. Funds included in this Pool are not required to be collateralized.

E. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal period as well as all other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, represent long-term borrowing arrangements with established repayment schedules, and are offset by a fund balance account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

F. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as an asset at the time the individual item is purchased. Inventories reported in the governmental funds are equally offset by a nonspendable fund balance category, which indicates that they do not constitute "available, spendable resources" even though they are a component of net current assets.

Payments to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond September 30, 2017, are recorded as prepaid items. Prepaid items reported in the governmental funds are also equally offset by a nonspendable fund balance category, which indicates that they do not constitute "available, spendable financial resources" even though they are a component of net current assets.

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets, not including infrastructure, are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. All infrastructure assets are capitalized, regardless of cost. Assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are reported at their acquisition value as of the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Capital assets of the primary government are depreciated using the straight line method over the following useful lives:

	Estimate Useful
Asset Class	Life
Buildings and improvements	50
Machinery and equipment	5-20
Vehicles	5
Infrastructure	25-50

H. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that time. The County has two items which qualify for reporting in this category. One is the deferred outflows of resources related to the recording of changes in its net pension liability. Certain changes in the net pension liability are recognized as pension expense over time instead of all being recognized in the year of occurrence. The difference between projected investment return on pension investments and actual return on those investments is also deferred and amortized against pension expense over a five year period.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenues) until that time. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes as these amounts are deferred and will be recognized as an inflow of resources in the period in which the amounts become available. The governmental funds balance sheet and government wide statement of net position will report unearned advance registration fee revenues as a deferred inflow of resources. Additionally, the governmental funds balance sheet and government wide statement of net position will report property tax revenues as a deferred inflow of resources as the amount represents resources associated with an imposed non-exchange revenue transaction received or reported as a receivable before the period for which the property taxes were levied. These revenues will be recognized as an inflow of resources in the period for which they were levied. Deferred inflows of resources relating to pension are also reported in the government wide statement of net position.

I. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expended in the year of issuance.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Bond issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

J. Compensated Absences

It is the County's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. Employees can accumulate up to 320 hours of vacation leave for regular employees and up to 480 hours of vacation leave for fire district employees. The amount of sick leave that can be accumulated is unlimited.

Employees are entitled to all accrued vacation and fifty percent (50%) of all accrued sick leave upon separation, regardless if retirement qualifications are met. All vacation and sick leave is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignation and retirements.

K. Fund Equity

Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as "fund balance." Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as "net position."

Fund Balance - Generally, fund balance represents the difference between the assets and deferred outflows of resources and the liabilities and deferred inflows of resources under the current financial resources management focus of accounting. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable - Fund balances are reported as nonspendable when amounts cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form (i.e. items that are expected to be converted to cash) or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - Fund balances are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed - Fund balances are reported as committed when they can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal vote (resolution) action of the County Commission. Only the County Commission may modify or rescind the commitment through the passage of a resolution.

Assigned - Fund balances are reported as assigned when amounts are constrained by the County's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted or committed. The Board of Commissioners retains the authority to make assignments.

Unassigned – Fund balances are reported as unassigned as the residual amount when the balances do not meet any of the above criterion. The County reports positive unassigned fund balance only in the General Fund.

Flow Assumptions - When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the County's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the County's policy to use fund balance in the following order: (1) Committed, (2) Assigned, (3) Unassigned.

Net Position - Net position represent the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources in reporting which utilizes the economic resources measurement focus. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used (i.e. the amount that the County has spent) for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. This net

investment amount also is adjusted by any deferred bond premiums, discounts or refunding amounts. Net position is reported as restricted using the same definition as used for restricted fund balance as described in the section above. All other net position is reported as unrestricted.

The County applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

L. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resource, deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Cherokee County Defined Benefit Plan (the Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

M. Interfund Transfers

Transactions that constitute reimbursement to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. All other fund transactions, except interfund reimbursement transactions are reported as transfers.

N. Management Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflow of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2. LEGAL COMPLIANCE- BUDGETS

The County follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. On or around September 1, the County Manager submits to the Board of Commissioners a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. At least one public hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. The budget is formally approved at the first Board meeting in October, or shortly thereafter as deemed appropriate by the Budget Officer.
- 4. The County Manager is authorized to transfer amounts between accounts within any department. All supplemental appropriations must be enacted by the County Commission.
- 5. The legal level of control (the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) for each legally adopted annual operating budget is typically at the department level. For the capital project fund budgets the legal level of control is typically the fund as a whole.
- 6. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the General Fund, each Special Revenue Fund, each Capital Projects Fund, and the Debt Service Fund for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017. Budget amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Commissioners. The supplementary budgetary appropriations are reflected in the final budget numbers. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. The budgets were adopted on GAAP basis of accounting.

NOTE 3. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Position

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balance-total* governmental funds and net position – governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are reported in the funds. The details of the \$91,792,357 difference are as follows:

Bonds payable:	\$ (77,100,000)
Less: Underwriters discount	143,837
Add: Original issue premium	(784,669)
Capital lease payable	(674,701)
Accrued interest payable	(189,993)
Claims payable	(718,636)
Landfill postclosure costs	(1,502,647)
Compensated absences	(10,965,548)
Net adjustment to reduce fund balance-total governmental funds	
to arrive at net position-governmental activities	\$ (91,792,357)

B. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between *net changes in fund balance* – *total governmental funds* and *changes in net position of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "the net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., donations, sales and trade-ins is to increase net assets." The details of this \$3,960,655 difference are as follows:

Donations of capital assets	\$ 6,663,280
Disposal of capital assets	(2,702,625)
Net adjustment to increase fund balance- total governmental funds	
to arrive at net position-governmental activities	\$ 3,960,655

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances* – *total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this \$21,269,725 difference are as follows:

Capital outlay	\$ 29,724,378
Depreciation expense	(50,994,103)
Net adjustment to decrease net changes in fund balances-total	
governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position of	
governmental activities	\$ (21,269,725)

Another element of that reconciliation explains that "Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of this \$1,266,060 are as follows:

Compensated absences	\$ (655,336)
Insurance claims	(265,907)
Amortization expense	102,473
Pension expense	(623,588)
Landfill monitoring costs	169,990
Interest expense	 6,308
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances- total	
governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position of	
governmental activities	\$ (1,266,060)

NOTE 4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

A. Credit Risk

State statutes authorize the County to invest in obligations of the State of Georgia or other States; obligations issued by the U.S. Government; obligations fully insured or guaranteed by the U.S. Government or by a government agency of the United States; obligations of any corporation of the U.S. Government; prime banker's acceptances; the local government investment pool established by State law; repurchase agreements; and obligations of other political subdivisions of the State of Georgia. The County does not have an investment policy and, therefore, has elected to follow State statutes for limiting credit risk on investments.

At September 30, 2017, the County had the following investments:

Investment	Maturity	Amount
Certificate of deposit	18 month	\$ 254,375
Georgia Fund 1	13 day WAM	14,526,851
Money market	1 day	80,466,382
		\$ 95,247,608

The County is reporting its investments in Georgia Fund 1 and the money market investments as cash equivalents in the financial statements as of September 30, 2017.

B. Interest Rate Risk

As a means of limiting exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the County limits at least half of the County's investment portfolio to maturities of less than one year.

C. Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the County will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The County reduces its exposure to this risk by requiring deposits to be collateralized in accordance with state statutes. As of September 30, 2017, the County was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

D. Fair Value Measurements

GASB Statement No. 72 (GASB 72), Fair Value Measurement and Application. GASB 72 was issued to address accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. The County categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. Fair value is the exchange price that would be received for an asset (exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for an asset in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. There are three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair values:

Level 1 inputs utilize quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets that the County has the ability to access.

Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset in active markets, as well as inputs that are observable for the asset (other than quoted prices), such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates and yield curves that are observable at commonly quoted intervals.

Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset which are typically based on the County's own assumptions, as there is little, if any, related market activity.

The County's recurring fair value measurements as of September 30, 2017 are as follows:

				Fair Value Measurement					
Investment			1	Level 1	Lev	rel 2	Lev	rel3	
Certificate of deposit	\$	254,375	\$	254,375	\$	-	\$	-	
Georgia Fund 1		14,526,851	1	4,526,851		-		-	
Money market	8	80,466,382	8	0,466,382				-	
	\$ 9	95,247,608	\$9	5,247,608	\$		\$		

NOTE 5. RECEIVABLES

Receivables at September 30, 2017, for the County's individual major funds and nonmajor funds are as follows:

			Nonmajor
	General	Fire	Governmental
	Fund	District	Funds
Receivables:			
Property taxes	\$48,525,672	\$ 21,526,485	\$ 5,557,267
Accounts	10,650,442	880	1,156,775
Gross receivables	59,176,114	21,527,365	6,714,042
Less allowance for			
uncollectibles	532,418	119,060	30,802
Net receivables	\$58,643,696	\$ 21,408,305	\$ 6,683,240
		Non-major	Internal
		Conference	Service
	EMS	Center	Funds
Receivables:			
Accounts	\$11,997,644	\$ 3,509	\$ 319,750
Less allowance for			
uncollectibles	10,987,119	-	-
Net total receivables	\$ 1,010,525	\$ 3,509	\$ 319,750

The County bills and collects its own property taxes as well as taxes for the Cherokee County School System ("School System") and some municipalities within the County. Collections of the County taxes and remittance of them to the General Fund, Fire District Fund, Debt Service Fund, the School System, the City of Ball Ground, and the State are accounted for in the Tax Commissioner Agency Fund. County property taxes are recognized when levied to the extent that they result in current receivables. Property taxes are levied in August based on assessed values on January 1st and are due on December 20th of each year. Collections of property taxes are made throughout the year. Liens may be attached to property for unpaid taxes at any time within three years after the due date.

NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS

A. Primary Government

	Beginning Balance Increases		Transfers	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land and land improvement	\$ 278,695,557	\$ 2,017,463	\$ -	\$ (1,131,269)	\$ 279,581,751
Construction in progress	27,665,505	23,525,365	(15,616,140)	-	35,574,730
Total	306,361,062	25,542,828	(15,616,140)	(1,131,269)	315,156,481
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements	169,076,500	586,460	11,990,821	(3,059,549)	178,594,232
Machinery and equipment	20,626,065	1,261,943	437,247	(401,664)	21,923,591
Vehicles	27,316,917	6,677,021	-	(1,332,254)	32,661,684
Infrastructure	1,040,001,723	2,356,829	3,188,072	-	1,045,546,624
Total	1,257,021,205	10,882,253	15,616,140	(4,793,467)	1,278,726,131
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and improvements	44,570,315	5,217,102	-	(1,831,355)	47,956,062
Machinery and equipment	17,273,602	1,329,491	_	(251,994)	18,351,099
Vehicles	17,693,398	2,139,281	-	(1,138,762)	18,693,917
Infrastructure	485,207,254	42,338,562	-	-	527,545,816
Total	564,744,569	51,024,436		(3,222,111)	612,546,894
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	692,276,636	(40,142,183)	15,616,140	(1,571,356)	666,179,237
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 998,637,698	\$ (14,599,355)	\$ -	\$ (2,702,625)	\$ 981,335,718

Internal service funds predominately serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, capital assets for the Fleet Services Internal Service Fund totaling \$749,944 with accumulated depreciation of \$484,925 are included as part of the above totals for governmental activities at the current fiscal year end.

	Beginning Balance		In	icreases	Transfers		Decreases		Ending Balance	
Business-type activities:										
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Construction in progress	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	40,482	\$	60,000	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	100,482
Capital assets, being depreciated:		5.014.010		70.200		(60,000)		(246.105)		4 606 407
Machinery and equipment		5,014,312		78,280		(60,000)		(346,105)		4,686,487
Less accumulated depreciation for: Machinery and equipment		1,150,923		428,487				(222,023)		1,357,387
Total depreciable capital assets, net		3,863,389		(350,207)		(60,000)		(124,082)		3,329,100
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	3,863,389	\$	(309,725)	\$		\$	(124,082)	\$	3,429,582

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 636,764
Judicial	440,871
Public safety	4,165,503
Public works	42,699,009
Health and welfare	142,216
Culture and recreation	2,846,292
Housing and development	63,448
Fleet services	30,333
Total depreciation expense- governmental activities	\$ 51,024,436
Business-type activities:	
Emergency Medical Services Fund	\$ 397,153
Conference Center Fund	 31,334
	\$ 428,487

The following table provides a summary of the County's investment in capital assets less any related debt.

	Governmental Activities	siness-type Activities	Total
Capital assets, nondepreciable	\$ 315,156,481	\$ 100,482	\$ 315,256,963
Capital assets, depreciable, net	666,179,237	3,329,100	669,508,337
Bonds payable	(77,740,832)	-	(77,740,832)
Capital leases payable	(674,701)	-	(674,701)
Retainage payable	(2,138,413)	-	(2,138,413)
Unspent bond proceeds	3,008,581	 	3,008,581
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 903,790,353	\$ 3,429,582	\$ 907,219,935

B. Discretely Presented Component Unit- Cherokee County Development Authority

	F	Beginning				Ending
		Balance	 Additions	I	Deductions	Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated						
Land	\$	3,172,001	\$ -	\$	(1,087,416)	\$ 2,084,585
Capital assets, being depreciated						
Infrastructure		120,911	-		-	120,911
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Infrastructure			-			
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		120,911	-			120,911
Total capital assets, net	\$	3,292,912	\$ -	\$	(1,087,416)	\$ 2,205,496

C. Discretely Presented Component Unit- Development Authority of Cherokee County

	F	Beginning					Ending
		Balance	Additions		Deductions		Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated							
Land	\$	2,588,198	\$	2,196,779	\$	(884,815)	\$ 3,900,162
Construction in progress		618,998		558,829		(304,324)	873,503
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		3,207,196		2,755,608		(1,189,139)	4,773,665
Capital assets, being depreciated							
Machinery and equipment		1,052,095		-		-	1,052,095
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Machinery and equipment		187,040		93,520			280,560
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		865,055		(93,520)		-	771,535
Total capital assets, net	\$	4,072,251	\$	2,662,088	\$	(1,189,139)	\$ 5,545,200

D. Discretely Presented Component Unit-Library

	В	Beginning					Ending	
	Balance		Additions		Deductions		Balance	
Capital assets, not being depreciated								
Land and land improvements	\$	1,062,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,062,000	
Construction in progress		42,098		10,613			 52,711	
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		1,104,098		10,613			1,114,711	
Depreciable capital assets:								
Buildings		8,880,550		-		-	8,880,550	
Improvements		400,353		-		-	400,353	
Vehicles		71,573		78,268		-	149,841	
Furniture and equipment		676,429		-		(21,583)	654,846	
Books and collections		4,215,164		341,734		(451,356)	 4,105,542	
Total depreciable capital assets		14,244,069		420,002		(472,939)	14,191,132	
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings		3,996,710		222,015		-	4,218,725	
Improvements		212,638		20,018		-	232,656	
Vehicles		70,826		4,659		-	75,485	
Furniture and equipment		541,995		30,489		(21,583)	550,901	
Books and collections		3,360,537		416,885		(451,356)	 3,326,066	
Total accumulated depreciation		8,182,706		694,066		(472,939)	8,403,833	
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		6,061,363		(274,064)			 5,787,299	
Total capital assets, net	\$	7,165,461	\$	(263,451)	\$	-	\$ 6,902,010	

E. Discretely Presented Component Unit- Department of Public Health

	E	Beginning						Ending
		Balance	Additions		Deductions		Balance	
Capital assets, being depreciated								
Furniture and equipment	\$	1,798,619	\$	181,160	\$	-	\$	1,979,779
Improvements		170,864		56,542		-		227,406
Total depreciable capital assets		1,969,483		237,702				2,207,185
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Furniture and equipment		1,620,027		77,298		-		1,697,325
Improvements		68,339		12,998				81,337
Total accumulated depreciation		1,688,366		90,296				1,778,662
Total capital assets, net	\$	281,117	\$	147,406	\$		\$	428,523

NOTE 7. LONG-TERM DEBT

Primary Government

The following is a summary of long-term debt activity for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017:

	Beginning				Due within
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	One Year
Governmental activities:					
Bonds payable	\$ 85,830,000	\$ -	\$ (8,730,000)	\$ 77,100,000	\$ 4,915,000
Less: discounts	(156,280)	-	12,443	(143,837)	-
Add: premiums	899,585		(114,916)	784,669	
Bonds payable, net	86,573,305	-	(8,832,473)	77,740,832	4,915,000
Capital leases	594,191	215,476	(134,966)	674,701	156,189
Net pension liability	47,245,364	19,173,579	(12,367,431)	54,051,512	-
Claims payable	452,729	1,244,773	(978,866)	718,636	538,977
Compensated absences	10,382,577	4,554,247	(3,889,997)	11,046,827	8,285,120
Landfill postclosure	1,672,637		(169,990)	1,502,647	167,940
Governmental activities					
Long-term liabilities	\$ 146,920,803	\$25,188,075	\$ (26,373,723)	\$ 145,735,155	\$14,063,226

For governmental activities, claims payable, compensated absences, and landfill postclosure costs are generally liquidated by the General Fund. The net pension liability is primarily liquidated through the General Fund and Fire District Fund.

Business-type	activities:
---------------	-------------

Compensated absences	\$ 609,121	\$ 259,740	\$ (266,175)	\$ 602,686	\$ 452,015
Net pension liability	3,108,260	1,201,148	(802,426)	 3,506,982	
Business-type activities					_
Long-term liabilities	\$ 3,717,381	\$ 1,460,888	\$ (1,068,601)	\$ 4,109,668	\$ 452,015

Bonds payable. The County has general obligation bonds payable and a solid waste disposal revenue bond outstanding at September 30, 2017, which includes the following individual issues:

	Interest		Due	Original	Outstanding
Purpose	Rate	Term	Date	Amount	Amount
Parks and recreation- 2009	2.00% - 5.00%	20 years	2029	\$ 45,000,000	\$ 3,735,000
Resource recovery revenue bond-2007A	4.65% - 5.00%	30 years	2037	13,205,000	9,205,000
Resource recovery revenue bond-2007B	5.80%	15 years	2022	4,940,000	2,075,000
Recovery zone economic development					
bond-2010	4.52%	15 years	2025	10,767,000	8,767,000
Recreation bond- 2012	1.90%	15 years	2026	11,410,000	4,910,000
Recreation bond- 2014	2.84%	15 years	2029	22,823,000	20,423,000
Refunding bond- 2016	1.67%	14 years	2029	28,450,000	27,985,000
			Plus una	mortized premium	784,669
			Less una	amortized discount	(143,837)
					\$77,740,832
			Less	current maturities	4,915,000
					\$72,825,832

The 2016 Refunding bonds were issued to refund a portion of the Series 2009 Parks and Recreation bonds. The refunding reduced total debt service payments by \$3,617,333, resulting in an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$3,252,728. The amount of defeased debt outstanding but removed for the County's records totaled \$25,295,000 at September 30, 2017.

Annual debt service requirements on the general obligation bonds are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30,	Principa1	Interest
2018	\$ 4,915,000	\$ 2,451,619
2019	5,115,000	2,291,034
2020	5,345,000	2,088,119
2021	5,540,000	1,939,971
2022	28,300,000	7,226,210
2023-2027	22,465,000	3,026,257
2028-2032	4,150,000	1,067,250
2033-2037	1,270,000	58,000
	\$ 77,100,000	\$20,148,460

Capital Leases. Various capital leases for financing vehicles were entered into by the County. The leases expire beginning fiscal year 2021 through 2022. The gross amount of Governmental Activities capital assets on the balance sheet recorded under capital leases is \$823,000 and accumulated depreciation is \$203,805. Amortization expense of the assets recorded under the capital leases is included in depreciation expense. The debt service requirements on these leases are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30,	F	Principal	I	nterest
2018	\$	156,189	\$	28,717
2019		162,100		27,189
2020		164,662		24,627
2021		157,154		20,494
2022		34,596		745
	\$	674,701	\$	101,772

Landfill Postclosure Costs. The County owns and operated a landfill site which began operating in November 1976. State and federal regulations require the County to close its landfill once its capacity was reached on July 1, 1994, and to monitor and maintain the site for 30 years after closure.

The County elected an early closure date of October 3, 1993, and for that reason was exempt from the 30 year rule, and was required to monitor the landfill for only five years. However, recent monitoring has detected levels of contamination higher than permissible, and engineers are in the process of assessing the corrective measures to be taken. At this time, engineering studies estimate postclosure costs of approximately \$1,502,647 over the next 8 years. These costs are based on the amount that would be paid if all equipment, facilities, and services required to monitor and maintain the landfill were acquired as of September 30, 2017. However, actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in landfill laws and regulations.

NOTE 8. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances as of September 30, 2017, is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General Fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 239,132
General Fund	Internal service funds	 84,138
		\$ 323,270

These balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, and (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system.

Transfers between the funds as of September 30, 2017 are as follows:

Transfer In Fund	Transfer Out Fund	Amount
Nonmajor governmental funds	SPLOST	\$ 459,280
Nonmajor governmental funds	General fund	7,748,055
Nonmajor governmental funds	Nonmajor governmental funds	 232,189
		8,439,524
EMS	General fund	1,467,591
Nonmajor enterprise funds	Nonmajor governmental funds	 114,232
		1,581,823
Internal service funds	General fund	 14,377
		\$ 10,035,724

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that the statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations

NOTE 9. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

A. Primary Government

Plan Description. The County, as authorized by the County Commission, has established a noncontributory defined benefit pension plan, The Cherokee County Defined Benefit Plan (the Plan), covering substantially all of the County's employees. The County's pension plan is administered through the Association County Commissioners of Georgia Third Restated Defined Benefit Plan (the ACCG Plan), an agent multiple-employer pension plan administered by the GEBCorp and affiliated with the Association of County Commissioners of Georgia (ACCG). The Plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan benefits are provided for Plan participants who were participants in the Plan before January 1, 2004 whereby retirees receive between 1% and 1.75% multiplied by the average of the highest five consecutive years of earnings multiplied by the total credited years of service. Plan benefits are provided for Plan participants who were participants in the Plan on or after January 1, 2004 whereby retirees receive 1% multiplied by the average of the highest five consecutive years of earnings multiplied by the total credited years of service. The ACCG, in its role as the Plan sponsor, has the sole authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions and the contribution rates of the County related to the Plan, as provided in Section 19.03 of the ACCG Plan document. The County has the authority to amend the adoption agreement, which defines the specific benefit provisions of the Plan, as provided in Section 19.02 of the ACCG Plan document. The County Commission retains this authority. The ACCG Plan issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the pension trust. That report may be obtained at www.gebcorp.com or by writing to Association County Commissioners of Georgia, Retirement Services, 191 Peachtree Street, NE, Atlanta, Georgia 30303 or by calling (800) 736-7166.

Plan Membership. As of January 1, 2017, the date of the most recent actuarial valuation date, pension plan membership consisted of the following:

Retirees, Beneficiaries, and Disables receiving benefits	347
Terminated plan participants entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	690
Active employees participating in the Plan	1,264
Total number of Plan participants	2,301

Contributions. The Plan is subject to minimum funding standards of the Georgia Public Retirement Systems Standard law. The Board of Trustees of the ACCG Plan has adopted a recommended actuarial funding policy for the plan which meets state minimum requirements and will accumulate sufficient funds to provide the benefits under the plan. The funding policy for the Plan, as adopted by the County Commission, is to contribute an amount equal to or greater than the actuarially recommended contribution rate. This rate is to contribute an amount equal to or greater than the actuarially recommended contribution rate. This rate is based on the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by plan members during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. For the year ended September 30, 2017, the County's contribution rate was 9.8% of annual payroll. County contributions to the Plan were \$6,606,852 for the year ended September 30, 2017.

Net Pension Liability of the County. The County's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2016. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as January 1, 2016 with update procedures performed by the actuary to roll forward to the total pension liability measured as of December 31, 2016.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the January 1, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.00%

Salary increases 3.00% - 5.50%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.25%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale AA to 2017

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study through December 31, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined through a blend of using a building-block method based on 20-year benchmarks (33%) and 30-year benchmarks (33%), as well as forward-looking capital market assumptions for a moderate asset allocation (33%), as determined by UBS. Expected future rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2016 are summarized in the table below:

Asset class	Target allocation	Long-term expected real rate of return*
Fixed income	30%	2.37%
Large Cap equity	30%	1.68%
International equity	15%	0.87%
Other equity	20%	1.36%
Real estate	5%	0.54%
	100%	

^{*}Rates shown are net of the 3.00% assumed rate of inflation.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that County contributions will be made based on the average County contribution made to the Plan over the prior five years. Based on this assumption, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all of the projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability of the County. The changes in the components of the net pension liability of the County for the year ended September 30, 2017 were as follows:

	Total Pension Liability		Net Fiduciary Position		et Pension Liability
		(a)		(b)	(a) - (b)
Balances at September 30, 2016	\$	110,064,461	\$	59,710,837	\$ 50,353,624
Changes for the year:				_	_
Service cost		3,704,315		-	3,704,315
Interest		8,040,120		-	8,040,120
Contributions - employer		-		5,098,795	(5,098,795)
Contributions - employee		-		3,661,184	(3,661,184)
Net investment income		-		4,409,878	(4,409,878)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(5,725,728)		(5,725,728)	-
Administrative expense		-		(199,710)	199,710
Changes in assumptions		4,142,261		-	4,142,261
Differences in expected and actual experience		3,745,052		-	3,745,052
Other changes				(543,269)	543,269
Net changes		13,906,020		6,701,150	7,204,870
Balances at September 30, 2017	\$	123,970,481	\$	66,411,987	\$ 57,558,494

The required schedule of changes in the County's net pension liability and related ratios immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multiyear trend information about whether the value of the plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net pension liability of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the County's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current discount	1% Increase
	(6.25%)	rate (7.25%)	(8.25%)
County's net pension liability	\$76,361,874	\$ 57,558,494	\$42,139,797

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future, and actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Actuarial calculations reflect long-term perspective. Calculations are based on the substantive plan in effect as of December 31, 2016 and the current sharing pattern of costs between employer and employee.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. For the year ended September 30, 2017, the County recognized pension expense of \$7,212,460. At September 30, 2017, the County reported deferred outflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred		
	C	Outflows of	
	I	Resources	
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on pension plan investments	\$	8,027,097	
Assumption changes		5,596,222	
Contributions made after the measurement date		5,379,250	
Total	\$	19,002,569	

The County's contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$5,379,250 are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending September 30, 2018. The other amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended September 30:	
2017	\$ 2,724,664
2018	2,724,664
2019	2,724,664
2020	2,724,664
2021	2,724,663
	\$ 13,623,319

B. Discretely Presented Component Units – Department of Public Health

Plan Description. All full-time personnel employed by the Board of Health participate in the Employees' Retirement System of Georgia (ERS), which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer, defined benefit, public employee retirement system (PERS). ERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established by the Georgia General Assembly during the 1949 Legislative Session for the purpose of providing retirement allowances for employees of the State of Georgia and its political subdivisions. ERS is directed by a Board of Trustees. Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the

authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. ERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ers.ga.gov/formspubs/formspubs.

The ERS Plan supports three benefit tiers: Old Plan, New Plan, and Georgia State Employees' Pension and Savings Plan (GSEP). Employees under the Old Plan started membership prior to July 1, 1982 and are subject to plan provisions in effect prior to July 1, 1982. Members hired on or after July 1, 1982 but prior to January 1, 2009 are New Plan members subject to modified plan provisions. Effective January 1, 2009, new state employees and rehired state employees who did not retain membership rights under the Old or New Plans are members of GSEPS. ERS members hired prior to January 1, 2009 also have the option to irrevocably change their membership to GSEPS.

Members may retire and receive a normal monthly retirement benefit after 10 years of creditable service and attainment of age 60 or 30 years of creditable service regardless of age. Additionally, there are some provisions allowing for early retirement after 25 years of creditable service for members under age 60.

Retirement benefits paid to members are based upon the monthly average of the member's highest 24 consecutive calendar months, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service, multiplied by the applicable benefit factor. Annually, postretirement cost-of-living adjustments may also be made to members' benefits, provided the members were hired prior to July 1, 2009. The normal retirement pension is payable monthly for life; however, options are available for distribution of the member's monthly pension, at reduced rates, to a designated beneficiary upon the member's death. Death and disability benefits are also available through ERS.

Contributions. The employer contribution rate varies depending on which retirement plan an employee is enrolled. Employees whose full-time employment began before July 1, 1982, participate in the "old" plan. Employees whose full-time employment began between July 1, 1982, and December 31, 2008, are enrolled in the "new" plan. All employees whose full-time employment began after January 1, 2009, are enrolled in the GSEPS plan.

Member contributions under the old plan are 4% of annual compensation, up to \$4,200, plus 6% of annual compensation in excess of \$4,200. Under the Old Plan, the state pays member contributions in excess of 1.25% of annual compensation. Under the Old Plan, these state contributions are included in the members' accounts for refund purposes and are used in the computation of the members' earnable compensation for the purpose of computing retirement benefits. Member contributions under the New Plan and GSEPS are 1.25% of annual compensation. The Department's contractually required contribution rate, actuarially determined annually, for the year ended June 30, 2017 was 20.06% of annual covered payroll for Old Plan members, 24.81% of New Plan members, and 21.81% for GSEPS members. The Board of Health's contributions totaled \$1,264,515 for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions.

At June 30, 2017, the Cherokee County Board of Health reported a liability of \$8,954,117 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015. The Board of Health's proportion of the net pension liability was based on contributions to ERS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. At June 30, 2016, the Board of Health's proportion was 0.189288%, which was an increase of 0.006519% from its portion measured as of June 30, 2015.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the Board of Health recognized pension expense (benefit) of \$(505,951). At June 30, 2017, the Board of Health reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	I	Deferred		
	O	utflows of	Defer	red Inflows
	R	esources	of F	Resources
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments	\$	910,383	\$	-
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		20,680
Changes of Assumptions		75,844		-
Changes in proportion and differences between				
employer contributions and proportionate				
share of contributions		161,244		33,475
Employer contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		1,264,515		
Total	\$	2,411,986	\$	54,155

The \$1,264,515 of deferred outflows of resources resulting from the Board of Health's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in the pension expense as follows:

Year Ended September 30:	
2018	\$ 185,921
2019	112,294
2020	490,829
2021	 304,272
	\$ 1,093,316

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.75%

Salary increases 3.25%-7.00%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.50%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for the periods after service retirement, for dependent beneficiaries, and for deaths in active service, and the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set back eleven years for males for the period after disability retirement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2009- June 30, 2014.

The long-term expected rate of return on the pension plan investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Long-term
	expected real
Target allocation	rate of return*
30.00%	-0.50%
37.20%	9.00%
3.40%	12.00%
1.40%	13.50%
17.80%	8.00%
5.20%	12.00%
5.00%	10.50%
100.00%	
	30.00% 37.20% 3.40% 1.40% 17.80% 5.20% 5.00%

^{*}Rates shown are net of the 2.75% assumed rate of inflation.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on the pension plan investments was applied to all of the projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Board of Health's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the Board of Health's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what the Board of Health's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower or higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current discount	1% Increase	
	(6.5%)	rate (7.5%)	(8.5%)	
Board of Health's proportionate			-	
share of net pension liability	\$ 12,134,489	\$ 8,954,117	\$ 6,243,809	

Actuarial Valuation Date. June 30, 2015 is the actuarial valuation date upon which the total pension liability for the plan is based. An expected total pension liability is determined as of June 30, 2016 using standard roll forward techniques. The roll forward calculation adds the annual normal cost (also called service cost), subtracts the actual benefit payments and refunds for the plan year, and then applies the expected investment rate of return for the year.

Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the ERS fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Employees' Retirement System of Georgia financial report. That report may be obtained via the internet at www.ers.ga.gov.

C. Discretely Presented Component Units – Sequoyah Regional Library System

Plan Description. The Sequoyah Regional Library System employees are provided a pension through the Teacher Retirement System of Georgia (TRS). TRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, is administered by the TRS Board of Trustees (TRS Board). Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.trsga.com/publications.

Benefits Provided. TRS provides service retirement, disability retirement and death benefits. Normal retirement benefits are determined at 2% of the average of the employee's two highest paid consecutive years of service, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service up to 40 years. An employee is eligible for normal service retirement after 30 years of creditable service, regardless of age, or after 10 years of creditable service and attainment of age 60. Ten years of service is required for disability and death benefits eligibility. Disability benefits are based on the employee's creditable service, regardless of age, or after 10 years of service and attainment of age 60. Death benefits equal the amount that would be payable to the employee's beneficiary had the employee retired upon the date of death. Death benefits are based on the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the date of death.

Contributions: Per Title 47 of the O.C.G.A., contribution requirements of active employees and participating employers, as actuarially determined, are established and may be amended by the TRS Board. Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Employees were required to contribute 6.00% of their annual pay during fiscal year 2017. The Library's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2017 was 14.27% of annual payroll. Library contributions to TRS were \$259,513.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflow of Resources Related to Pensions. At June 30, 2017, the Library reported a liability of \$3,198,854 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2016 was determined using standard roll forward techniques. The Library's proportion of the net pension liability was based on contributions to TRS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. At June 30, 2016, the Library's proportion was 0.015505% which was an increase of 0.000302% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2015.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the Library recognized pension expense of \$324,777. At June 30, 2017, the Library reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows of	
	of R	Resources	Resources	
Net difference between projected and actual				_
earnings on pension plan investments	\$	404,668	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		82,910		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		47,654		15,818
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate				
share of contributions		40,594		78,860
Employer contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		259,513		
Total	\$	835,339	\$	94,678

Library contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$259,513 are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended September 30:	
2017	\$ 44,503
2018	44,503
2019	220,108
2020	163,883
2022	8,151
	\$ 481,148

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2017 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.75%

Salary increases 3.25% - 9.00%, average, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.50%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 White Collar Mortality Table with projection scale BB set forward one year for males. Rates of mortality in active service were based on the RP 2000 Employee Mortality Table with projection scale BB.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009- June 30, 2014.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-term
		expected real
Asset class	Target allocation	rate of return*
Fixed income	30.00%	0.50%
Domestic Large Stocks	39.80%	9.00%
Domestic Mid Stocks	3.70%	12.00%
Domestic Small Stocks	1.50%	13.50%
International Developed Market Stocks	19.40%	8.00%
International Emerging Market Stocks	5.60%	12.00%
	100.00%	

Long-term

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The following presents the Library's proportionate share of net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the Library's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current discount	1% Increase	
	(6.5%)	rate (7.5%)	(8.5%)	
Library's proportionate share of				
net pension liability	\$ 4,979,056	\$ 3,198,854	\$ 1,733,152	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report which is publicly available at www.trsga.com/publications.

NOTE 10. DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PENSION PLAN

Prior to January 1, 2003, the County offered its employees a defined contribution money purchase pension plan, a single employer plan, in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 401 (a). Effective January 1, 2003, this Plan was closed to new enrollees. The Plan was established by the Cherokee County Board of Commissioners and is administered by Massachusetts Mutual. It is available to all full-time employees who work more than 1,716 hours per year. Employees are 100% vested in the County's contributions after five years of service. The County has the authority to amend the Plan provisions. At September 30, 2017, there were 8 active participants in the Plan. The contributions are not available to Plan participants until termination, retirement, death, or disability. Contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the Cherokee County Board of Commissioners. The County contributes 4% of eligible salary to the 401(a) Plan and a 50% matching contribution for every employee dollar contributed to the deferred compensation plan (Section 457 plan) up to 3% of pay. Employees are not required to contribute. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017, the County's contribution to the Plan was \$40,424. There are no administrative fees charged

^{*}Rates shown are net of the 3.00% assumed rate of inflation.

directly to the Plan or participants. No publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information issued.

NOTE 11. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. Plan Description

The Cherokee County Retirement Pension Insurance Plan (the "OPEB Plan") is a single employer defined benefit postemployment health care plan or other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan.

The County offers postemployment benefits to eligible employees enrolled in the County's medical plans. The Plan is administered by Blue Cross-Blue Shield and amendments or changes to the Plan are made by the County's Board of Commissioners. There are no separately issued financial statements related to the County's Plan.

The Plan provides subsidies for eligible employees, whereby the County contributes a portion of the retiree's premium.

Retirement Options/Benefit Provisions

Eligible retirees are offered the same health and prescription drug coverage as active employees. Relative to costs for the Medical/Rx EPO Plan, Retirees contribute \$623.14 for retiree only, \$1,007.35 for retiree plus spouse, or \$1,632.67 for retiree plus family, per month towards the actuarially calculated monthly rates (i.e., the Fully Insured Equivalent rates).

The County contributes 100% towards retirees who were grandfathered into the plan, as part of the incentivized retirement plan. The County contributes until these employees reach the age of 65.

Eligibility

Employees must be a minimum age of 55 years with 5 or more years of service in order to receive benefits. They also may meet the requirements by having age plus service equal 70 years or have at least 30 years of service. Eligible employees can elect to receive coverage for their spouses.

Fund Membership

The following schedule (derived from the most recent actuarial valuation report) reflects membership for the OPEB Plan as of October 1, 2014.

Active employees (fully eligible)	101
Active employees (not fully eligible)	844
Retirees	54
Total number of Plan participants	999

B. Contributions

The schedule below shows the annual OPEB cost for the current fiscal year and prior fiscal years and periods along with the percentage actually contributed by the County.

		Annual		of OPEB	N	et OPEB		
Fiscal Year	Annual	County		Cost	C	Obligation		
Beginning	OPEB Cost	Contribution		Contribution		Contributed		(Asset)
10/1/2016	\$ 458,209	\$	490,654	107.08%	\$	(365,770)		
10/1/2015	452,551		750,011	165.73%		(333,325)		
10/1/2014	451,380		513,039	113.66%		(35,865)		

C. Schedule of Funding Progress

As of the most recent valuation date, October 1, 2014, the funded status of the OPEB Plan was as follows:

			Unfunded			
			Actuarial			
Actual	Actuarial	Actuarial	Accrued			UAAL as a
Valuation	Value	Accrued	Liability	Funded	Covered	Percentage of
Date	of Assets	Liability (AAL)	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Covered Payroll
10/1/2014	\$ -	\$ 5,411,832	\$5,411,832	0.00%	\$52,217,792	-10.36%

The required schedule of funding progress immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of Plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability.

D. Annual OPEB Cost

The County's annual OPEB cost and net OPEB obligation for the OPEB Plan for the fiscal year beginning October 1, 2016 are as follows:

Annual required contribution	\$ 451,870
Interest on net OPEB obligation (asset)	(11,162)
Adjustment to ARC	 17,501
Annual OPEB cost	458,209
Actual contribution to plan	 (490,654)
Decrease in net OPEB obligation	(32,445)
Net OPEB obligation (asset), beginning of fiscal year	 (333,325)
Net OPEB obligation (asset), end of fiscal year	\$ (365,770)

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future, and actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revisions as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. Calculations are based on the substantive plan in effect as of October 1, 2014 and the current sharing pattern of cost between employer and employee. The assumptions used in the October 1, 2014 actuarial valuations are as follows:

Cost Method	Projected Unit Credit
Actuarial Asset Valuation Method	Market Value of Assets
Assumed Rate of Return on Investments	3.35%
Medical Cost Trend Rate	7.50%
Ultimate Medical Cost Trend Rate	5.00%
Year of Ultimate Medical Trend Rate	2020
Amortization Method	Level Dollar, open (1)
Remaining Amortization Period	30 years
Payroll Inflation Rate	3.50%

(1) The grandfathered benefits are amortized over a remaining period of 20 years.

NOTE 12. RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts, damage and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The County is Self- Insured for Workers' Compensation claims. The Self-Insurance Policy is described below. The County has purchased insurance for all other risks of loss. Losses have not exceeded insurance coverage in the last three years.

The County is required by the State Board of Workers' Compensation to purchase a Workers' Compensation Excess Policy. The policy has a Self-Insured Retention level and it has increased over the years. The policy premium is based on loss experience and payroll by risk code. After the Self Insured Retention is reached, the Provider, Midwest Employers Casualty Company, will reimburse the County for any amount over the Self Insurance Retention. The Self Insurance Retention for fiscal year 2017 was \$750,000 for police and fire employees and \$500,000 for all other employees. The County uses a Third Party Administrator, Key Risk Management Services, to administer the Workers' Compensation claims. This activity is recorded in the fund where the injured employee is compensated. The following describes the activity related to these claims based on actual claims presented after fiscal year-end and historical experience. Based on historical payouts of the claims, management has determined that seventy-five percent (75%) of the liability would be paid within one fiscal year and is reflected in the statement of net position as such.

Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the current fiscal year and prior three years or periods are as follows:

	Be	ginning of	C	laims and			
Fiscal Year/	Year Claims		Changes In		Claims	En	d of Year
Period	Liability		Estimates		Paid	Clai	ms Liability
2017	\$	452,729	\$	1,244,773	\$978,866	\$	718,636
2016		494,757		796,318	838,346		452,729
2015		424,329		910,196	839,768		494,757
2014		590,274		810,716	976,661		424,329

NOTE 13. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Contractual Commitments:

In addition to the liabilities enumerated in the balance sheet, at September 30, 2017, the County has contractual commitments on uncompleted contracts of \$7,047,494.

Litigation:

The County is involved in several pending lawsuits. Liability, if any, which might result from these proceedings, would not, in the opinion of management and legal counsel, have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the County.

Grant Contingencies:

The County received Federal and State grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to the disallowance of certain expenditures previously reimbursed by those agencies. Based upon prior experience, management of the County believes such disallowances, if any, will not be significant.

NOTE 14. EXCESS EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

The following had expenditures in excess of appropriations for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017:

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget
General fund			
Debt service - principal	\$ 91,563	\$ 107,348	\$ (15,785)
SPLOST 2012 fund			
Judicial	-	83,083	(83,083)
Public safety	-	40,739	(40,739)
Public works	2,772,383	4,570,014	(1,797,631)
Debt service - principal	13,274	19,362	(6,088)
Multiple Grant fund			
Public safety	461,246	496,249	(35,003)
Animal Services fund			
Public safety	1,265,976	1,266,026	(50)
Parks and Recreation fund			
Debt service - principal	-	5,520	(5,520)
Debt service - interest	-	1,860	(1,860)
SPLOST V fund			
Culture and recreation	976,080	1,000,000	(23,920)
Recreation Bond fund			
Capital outlay	10,110,790	10,120,059	(9,269)
Resource Recovery Development Authority	fund		
Debt service - principal	4,001,307	4,435,000	(433,693)
Impact Fees fund			
General government	8,039	10,919	(2,880)

NOTE 15. FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION DEFICITS

A net position deficit of \$52,115 exists in the Fleet Services Internal Services Fund. It is expected that charges for services in future years will provide positive net position.

NOTE 16. HOTEL/MOTEL LODGING TAX

The County has levied a 6% lodging tax. During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017, the County spent \$214,232 to promote tourism, conventions, and trade shows. This is 100% of the tax receipts to be expended for these purposes under the Official Code of Georgia Annotated 48-13-51. The County complies with the requirement under this law.

NOTE 17. TAX ABATEMENTS

The public purpose of the Cherokee County Development Authority is promoting and expanding for the public good and welfare, industry and trade within Cherokee County and reducing unemployment to the greatest extent possible. The Cherokee County Development Authority, in coordination with Cherokee County government, provide a tax incentive program for qualified industries locating/located in Cherokee County. The purpose of this program is to encourage additional investment from new and existing industries to grow and diversify the tax base and local economy. Eligibility for the tax abatement program is based off of the number and quality of jobs created as well as the amount of capital investment. There are claw-back provisions should the recently located company not meet their committed jobs and capital investment numbers. For fiscal year 2017, the agreements abate up to a maximum 90 percent of the tax bills through a reduction in the assessed value though most are less than that percentage. Under these agreements, County personal and real property tax revenues were reduced by \$496,006 during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017.

Cherokee County, Georgia Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Funding Progress September 30, 2017

Other Post Retirement Benefits

Fiscal Year End	(a) Actuari Value of Asse	2	(b) Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Funded Ratio (a)/(b)	-	Unfunded AL/(UAAL) (b)-(a)	(c) Annual Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b-a/c)
9/30/2017	\$	-	\$ 5,411,832	0.0%	\$	5,411,832	\$ 52,217,792	-10.36%
9/30/2016		-	5,411,832	0.0%		5,411,832	52,217,792	-10.36%
9/30/2015		-	5,411,832	0.0%		5,411,832	52,217,792	-10.36%
9/30/2014		-	4,686,000	0.0%		4,686,000	48,820,714	-9.60%
9/30/2013		-	4,818,000	0.0%		4,818,000	45,539,495	-10.58%

Note: See assumptions used for the Schedule of Funding Progress in Note 11 to the financial statements.

Cherokee County, Georgia Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the County's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

		•••		****		
Total pension liability		2017	-	2016		2015
Service cost	\$	3,704,315	\$	3,343,650	\$	3,232,735
Interest on total pension liability	Ψ	8,040,120	Ψ	7,411,828	Ψ	6,841,216
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(5,725,728)		(5,402,934)		(4,931,584)
Changes in assumptions		4,142,261		3,165,452		-
Differences in expected and actual experience		3,745,052		2,722,097		-
Net change in total pension liability		13,906,020		11,240,093		5,142,367
Total pension liability-beginning		110,064,461		98,824,368		93,682,001
Total pension liability-ending (a)		123,970,481	\$	110,064,461	\$	98,824,368
Plan fiduciary net position						
Contributions-employer	\$	5,098,795	\$	3,211,208	\$	3,284,519
Contributions-employee		3,661,184		3,415,883		3,161,975
Net investment income		4,409,878		462,301		3,735,315
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(5,725,728)		(5,207,647)		(4,931,584)
Administrative expenses		(199,710)		(189,319)		(172,667)
Other		(543,269)		(669,631)		(89,595)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		6,701,150		1,022,795		4,987,963
Plan fiduciary net position-beginning		59,710,837		58,688,042		53,700,079
Plan fiduciary net position-ending (b)	\$	66,411,987	\$	59,710,837	\$	58,688,042
County's net pension liability (assets) - ending (a) - (b)	\$	57,558,494	\$	50,353,624	\$	40,136,326
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total						
pension liability		53.57%		54.25%		59.39%
Covered payroll	\$	55,298,160	\$	51,554,723	\$	48,386,989
County's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		104.09%		97.67%		82.95%

Notes to the Schedule:

Cherokee County, Georgia Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Pension Contributions

	 2017	 2016	 2015	2014
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 6,208,858	\$ 4,829,519	\$ 4,044,842	\$ 3,871,516
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	6,606,852	 4,729,308	 3,360,194	 3,162,573
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (397,994)	\$ 100,211	\$ 684,648	\$ 708,943
Covered payroll	\$ 67,376,355	\$ 55,298,160	\$ 51,554,723	\$ 48,386,989
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	9.81%	8.55%	6.52%	6.54%

Notes to the Schedule:

Valuation Date: January 1, 2016 Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal

Asset valuation method Smoothed market value with a 5-year smoothing period

Assumed Rate of Return

on Investments 7.25%

Projected Salary Increases 3.00% - 5.50% (including 3.00% for inflation)

Cost-of-living Adjustment 3.00%

Amortization method Closed level dollar for unfunded liability

Remaining Amortization Period None remaining

Cherokee County, Georgia

Component Unit- Cherokee County Board of Health

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Employer's Proportionate

Share of the Net Pension Liability

		2017	2016	2015
Employer's proportion of the net pension liability	C	0.189288%	0.182769%	0.186356%
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	8,954,117	\$7,404,700	\$6,989,502
Employer's covered payroll	\$	4,608,993	\$4,391,260	\$4,431,088
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		194.28%	168.62%	157.74%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		72.34%	76.20%	77.99%

Notes to the Schedule:

Cherokee County, Georgia Component Unit- Cherokee County Board of Health Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Employer's Pension Contributions

	2017	2016	2015	2014
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 1,264,515	\$1,087,979	\$ 920,619	\$ 777,574
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 1,264,515	1,087,979	1,087,979 920,619	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 5,334,467	\$4,608,933	\$4,391,260	\$4,431,088
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	23.70%	23.61%	20.96%	17.55%

Notes to the Schedule:

Cherokee County, Georgia Component Unit- Sequoyah Regional Library System Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Employer's Proportionate

Share of the Net Pension Liability

	2017	2015	2016
Employer's proportion of the net pension liability	0.015505%	0.015203%	0.015769%
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 3,198,854	\$ 2,314,506	\$ 1,992,205
Employer's covered payroll	\$ 1,817,266	\$ 1,700,788	\$ 1,604,797
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	176.03%	136.08%	124.14%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	76.06%	81.44%	84.03%

Notes to the Schedule:

Cherokee County, Georgia Component Unit- Sequoyah Regional Library System Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Employer's Pension Contributions

	2017	2016	 2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 259,513	\$ 242,702	\$ 211,031
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 259,513	242,702	211,031
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$
Covered payroll	\$ 1,817,266	\$ 1,700,788	\$ 1,604,797
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.28%	14.27%	13.15%

Notes to the Schedule:

Cherokee County, Georgia General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

				Variance
	Budget			With Final
	Original	Final	Actual	Budget
Revenues				
Property taxes	\$ 55,694,627	\$ 55,773,749	\$ 56,625,489	\$ 851,740
Franchise taxes	2,075,000	2,075,000	2,690,800	615,800
Insurance premiums taxes	8,877,248	8,970,650	9,300,914	330,264
Licenses and permits	2,457,000	2,484,240	3,252,195	767,955
Intergovernmental	48,000	48,000	66,646	18,646
Fines and forfeitures	4,085,000	4,085,000	4,666,765	581,765
Charges for services	5,743,800	6,080,599	6,936,465	855,866
Interest	80,000	80,000	311,915	231,915
Other	921,973	921,973	1,003,635	81,662
Total revenues	79,982,648	80,519,211	84,854,824	4,335,613
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government				
County commission	284,623	284,623	262,175	22,448
County manager	553,985	555,523	555,523	-
County clerk	126,254	126,254	125,170	1,084
Administrative services agencies	250,394	250,394	213,642	36,752
Elections	790,221	790,221	706,556	83,665
Finance	873,847	878,867	844,834	34,033
County attorney	436,860	436,860	270,491	166,369
Data processing	2,327,149	2,327,149	2,302,432	24,717
Human resources	356,228	370,604	361,371	9,233
Tax commissioner	1,956,560	1,984,907	1,977,121	7,786
Tax assessor	2,334,602	2,334,602	2,306,630	27,972
Development services administration	426,532	453,772	441,521	12,251
GIS/mapping	339,187	339,187	332,333	6,854
Building and grounds	1,132,918	1,430,252	1,426,937	3,315
General administration	169,668	169,668	78,555	91,113
Total general government	12,359,028	12,732,883	12,205,291	527,592
Judicial				
Court administration	1,652,563	1,652,563	1,568,183	84,380
Superior court	437,323	437,323	350,259	87,064
Clerk of superior court	3,409,161	3,455,425	3,455,422	3
Board of equalization	26,713	26,713	21,312	5,401
Clerk of court technology fund	249,000	249,000	123,175	125,825
District attorney	2,500,842	2,500,842	2,407,098	93,744
State court	886,473	886,473	794,579	91,894
State court solicitor	1,739,948	1,745,526	1,697,465	48,061
Magistrate court	388,262	388,262	340,973	47,289
Probate court	807,090	807,090	789,816	17,274
Indigent defense	1,965,113	1,965,113	1,903,617	61,496
Juvenile court	1,284,929	1,284,929	1,212,956	71,973
Total judicial	15,347,417	15,399,259	14,664,855	734,404
Public safety				
Sheriff	35,896,133	35,927,478	35,743,353	184,125
Coroner	250,382	250,382	239,170	11,212
Animal control	440,804	440,804	392,395	48,409
Total public safety	36,587,319	36,618,664	36,374,918	243,746
(continued)	-			

Cherokee County, Georgia General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

				Variance
	Buc	lget		With Final
	<u>Original</u>	Final	Actual	Budget
Public works				
Recycling	218,716	263,057	263,026	31
Roads	4,506,357	4,525,531	4,277,078	248,453
Postclosure care	161,100	172,179	172,179	2.0,.03
Total public works	4,886,173	4,960,767	4,712,283	248,484
Health and welfare				
Public health administration	203,493	203,493	201,825	1,668
Aid to dependent children	97,000	97,000	89,740	7,260
Aid to the disabled	12,000	12,000	12,000	-,
Children and youth services	36,300	36,300	36,300	_
County extension	84,546	84,546	84,537	9
Senior center	5,434	5,434	4,558	876
Total health and welfare	438,773	438,773	428,960	9,813
Housing and development				
Housing and development Code enforcement	1,016,269	1 040 072	1 040 072	
Conservation	67,829	1,040,972 68,417	1,040,972 68,416	1
			,	
Planning and zoning	946,383	971,968	971,967	100.162
Permits and inspections	710,844	710,844	610,681	100,163
Forestry services	14,561	14,561	14,561	227.042
Economic development	970,853	970,853	632,910	337,943
Total housing and development	3,726,739	3,777,615	3,339,507	438,108
Culture and recreation				
Community arts centers	73,957	73,957	70,090	3,867
Library	2,101,826	2,101,826	2,101,826	
Total recreation and culture	2,175,783	2,175,783	2,171,916	3,867
Debt service:				
Principal	91,563	91,563	107,348	(15,785)
Interest	26,154	26,154	17,928	8,226
Total debt service	117,717	117,717	125,276	(7,559)
Total expenditures	75,638,949	76,221,461	74,023,006	2,198,455
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	4,343,699	4,297,750	10,831,818	6,534,068
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	28,753	242,250	213,497
Issuance of capital lease	_	24,460	65,988	41,528
Insurance reimbursement	_	,	43,772	43,772
Transfers out	(9,093,699)	(9,179,689)	(9,230,023)	(50,334)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(9,093,699)	(9,126,476)	(8,878,013)	248,463
Net change in fund balance	(4,750,000)	(4,828,726)	1,953,805	6,782,531
Fund balance, beginning of year	27,715,202	27,715,202	27,715,202	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 22,965,202	\$ 22,886,476	\$ 29,669,007	\$ 6,782,531

Cherokee County, Georgia Fire District Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget
Revenues	Ф 22 10 7 260	#22 107 260	Ф 22 010 2 00	Ф 702.021
Property taxes	\$22,107,269	\$22,107,269	\$ 22,810,290	\$ 703,021
Licenses and permits	35,000	35,000	78,408	43,408
Intergovernmental	3,000	4,034,634	4,142,171	107,537
Charges for services	1,580,000	-	2,183	2,183
Interest Other	20,000	20,000	89,246 150	69,246 150
Total revenues	23,745,269	26,196,903	27,122,448	925,545
Expenditures Current Public safety	24,228,107	26,679,741	26,667,477	12,264
Total expenditures	24,228,107	26,679,741	26,667,477	12,264
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(482,838)	(482,838)	454,971	937,809
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Proceeds from sale of capital assets Insurance reimbursement			68,751 15,164	68,751 15,164
Total other financing sources (uses)			83,915	83,915
Net Change in Fund Balances	(482,838)	(482,838)	538,886	1,021,724
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	6,735,192	6,735,192	6,735,192	
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 6,252,354	\$ 6,252,354	\$ 7,274,078	\$ 1,021,724

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Capital Project Funds

SPLOST 2012 – To account for proceeds of a special 1% local sales tax levy approved by voters in 2011 for an authorized period of six years, between July 2012 – June 2018, and for a total amount of up to \$185.5 million. The proceeds of this special tax are designated for 1) jail expansion, law enforcement and fire/EMS training facilities & equipment, advanced life support (ALS) vehicles and equipment, and animal shelter facilities & equipment, 2) transportation facilities, equipment, improvements, and airport facilities and expansion, 3) library facilities, 4) senior center facilities, 5) law enforcement, E-911 and county marshal facilities, vehicles and equipment, 6) business & economic development land acquisition, infrastructure, facilities, debt service, sewer system improvements, 7) courthouse expansion, and 8) fire & emergency services facilities, vehicles and equipment.

Cherokee County, Georgia SPLOST 2012 Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

	Bue	lget		Variance
	Original	Final		With Final
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Budget
Revenues				
Sales tax	\$ 34,500,000	\$ 34,500,000	\$ 36,606,236	\$ 2,106,236
Intergovernmental	2,055,241	2,055,241	2,178,063	122,822
Investment income	100,000	100,000	355,470	255,470
Other revenues			200,143	200,143
Total revenues	36,655,241	36,655,241	39,339,912	2,684,671
Expenditures				
Current:				
Judicial	-	-	83,083	(83,083)
Public safety	-	-	40,739	(40,739)
Public works	2,772,383	2,772,383	4,570,014	(1,797,631)
Intergovernmental	10,273,127	10,273,127	10,170,527	102,600
Capital outlay	36,978,857	37,067,005	18,482,385	18,584,620
Debt service:				
Principal	13,274	13,274	19,362	(6,088)
Interest	3,777	3,777	3,054	723
Total expenditures	50,041,418	50,129,566	33,369,164	16,760,402
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(13,386,177)	(13,474,325)	5,970,748	19,445,073
Other Financing Sources				
Proceeds from sale of capital asset	-	10,000	10,000	-
Insurance reimbursement	-	136,539	136,539	-
Transfers out		(459,280)	(459,280)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(312,741)	(312,741)	
Net change in fund balances	(13,386,177)	(13,787,066)	5,658,007	19,445,073
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	41,872,922	41,872,922	41,872,922	
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 28,486,745	\$ 28,085,856	\$ 47,530,929	\$ 19,445,073

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted or committed to expenditures for a particular purpose.

Sheriff's Commissary Fund – to account for the proceeds of jail inmate commissary sales. These revenues have been committed by the Sheriff to be used on the County Jail and the inmates.

Law Library Fund – to provide for the operation and maintenance of the County's law library. The revenues collected are from legally restricted fines, as restricted by State law.

Senior Services Fund – to account for funds received from various State and local agencies to be expended for social welfare programs, including services for senior citizens. The revenues are generated by Federal and State grants, which are restricted for providing senior services.

Confiscated Assets Fund— to account for confiscated cash seizures by Cherokee County Law enforcement from drug related crimes. Funds may be used for any public safety purpose except salaries of law enforcement personnel, as restricted by State law.

Multiple Grant Fund – to account for restricted grant monies received from various Federal and State agencies.

Drug Abuse and Treatment Fund – to account for collection of penalty assessments in certain drug related court cases. Proceeds are restricted by State law for drug abuse treatment and education programs.

Animal Services Fund – to account activities of the animal shelter. The County has committed 50% of the landfill host fees to cover operating costs for the animal shelter.

DUI Court Fund – to account for the coordination of substance abuse intervention with judicial support. Revenues are generated by a fine assessment, as restricted in use by State law.

Victim/Witness Fund – to account for the 4% fee added to Court fines restricted by State law, for the benefit of victims of crime and their families.

Parks and Recreation Fund – to account for the charges for services and activities of the County's parks and recreation department. The County has committed the charges generated from the park and recreation programs and alcohol excise taxes to be used for supporting park and recreation functions.

DA Confiscated Assets Fund – to account for District Attorney's (DA) share of confiscated cash seizures by Cherokee County Law enforcement from drug related crimes. Funds may be used for any public safety purpose except salaries of law enforcement personnel, as restricted by State law.

CDBG Fund – to account for the community development block receipts and the expenditures related to the grant. Grant receipts are federally restricted for specific purposes in order to provide benefits to low to moderate income groups.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds (Continued)

Jail Fund – to account for collection of penalty assessments in certain court cases. Proceeds are restricted for construction, operation, and staffing of County correctional and detention center, as required by State law.

Sheriff's Forfeitures Fund— to account for forfeitures to the County's Sheriff's office. These forfeitures are restricted to be used to offset costs of drug prevention and drug traffic enforcement, as required by State law.

E-911 Fund – to account for the activities of the County's E-911 system. Financing is provided by program charges. Revenues are expended for system operations and capital assets, as restricted by State law.

Hotel/Motel Fund— to account for monies collected from the 6% lodging tax. Revenues collected are restricted by State law for the promotion of tourism.

Transportation— to account for the revenues and operating expenses of the City's public transportation system. Revenues of this fund are primarily from federally restricted grants.

Drug Accountability Court— to account for the enhancement of ancillary services that prevent recidivism such as individualized treatment, vocational and educational services and community reintegration services to achieve long term recovery. Funds are provided by fees charged to participants in the program plus grant revenue, and transfers from the DATE Fund, and are legally restricted for specific use.

Mental Health Court— to account for the revenues and operating expenditures of the County's Mental Health Court which supports the needs of the mentally ill who come in contact with the justice system. Revenues of this fund are primarily grant revenues and transfers from the DATE Fund.

Drug Screening Lab— to accounts for the operations and proceeds of the County's Drug Screening Lab.

Capital Projects Funds

SPLOST V – to account for proceeds of a special 1% local sales tax level approved by voters in 2004 for an authorized period of six years, between July 2006- June 2012, and for a total amount of up to \$200 million. The proceeds of this special tax are designated for 1) new administration building, courthouse renovations, and related parking facilities, 2) transportation facilities and equipment, 3) park and recreation facilities, 4) library facilities and books, 5) public safety facilities and equipment, 6) new emergency children's shelter, 7) new driver's license facility, 8) new conference center, 9) renovations to the old Woodstock Elementary School for the benefit of the Appalachian Technical College, and 10) Senior Center expansion.

Recreation Bond - To account for proceeds of park bonds issued in 2009, 2010, and 2012 to fund the various park and recreation projects.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Capital Projects Funds (Continued)

Resource Recovery Development Authority- to account for proceeds of an industrial development bond used to help promote recycling opportunities within the County and the debt service related to the repayment of the bond.

Impact Fees- to account for monies collected from a new development based on that development's fair share of the cost to provide additional facilities in the following categories: public roads, libraries, public safety, fire protection, and parks.

Debt Service Fund

Debt Service Fund- to account for the accumulation of resources for repayment of the General Obligation Bonds.

Cherokee County, Georgia Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds September 30, 2017

						Special Revenue F	unds				
	Sheriff's Commissary	Law Library	Senior Services	Confiscated Assets	Multiple Grant	Drug Abuse and Treatment	Animal Services	DUI Court	Victim/ Witness	Parks and Recreation	DA Confiscated Assets
Assets											
Cash	\$ 453,562	\$ 330,893	\$ 85,933	\$ 137,291	\$ -	\$ 616,704	\$ 244,620	\$ 894,080	\$ 33,230	\$ 570,134	\$ 60,451
Investments	-	254,375	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Property taxes receivable, net	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accounts receivable, net	-	-	-	-	100	-	157,119	1,280	-	232,483	-
Due from other governments	-	-	115,110	-	248,823	7,996	-	23,385	11,533	-	-
Prepaid items	-		1,643				2,018	404	145	11,196	
Total Assets	\$ 453,562	\$ 585,268	\$ 202,686	\$ 137,291	\$ 248,923	\$ 624,700	\$ 403,757	\$ 919,149	\$ 44,908	\$ 813,813	\$ 60,451
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances											
Liabilities											
Accounts payable	-	-	39,015	2,416	60,985	2,176	36,217	23,409	1,173	146,835	-
Accrued liabilities	-	-	15,422	-	14,755	2,517	14,906	3,025	1,858	46,728	-
Due to other funds					10,473						
Total Liabilities			54,437	2,416	86,213	4,693	51,123	26,434	3,031	193,563	
Deferred Inflows of Resources											
Unearned revenue- advance registration fees	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	250,208	-
Unavailable revenue- property taxes					- _				-		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources										250,208	
Fund Balances											
Nonspendable:											
Prepaid items	-	-	1,643	-	-	-	2,018	404	145	11,196	-
Restricted:											
Law library operations	-	585,268	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Senior services	-	-	146,606	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-	134,875	-	-	-		-	-	
Court services	-	-	-	-	-	620,007	-	892,311	-	-	60,451
SPLOST projects	-	-	-	-	1/2 710	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grant activities	-	-	-	-	162,710	-	-	-	-	-	-
Jail operations and construction E911 operations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Health and welfare	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	41,732	-	-
Cultural and recreation construction	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	41,752	_	_
Debt service	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Impact fees	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_
Committed:											
Jail and inmate services	453,562	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Animal control	-	-	-	-	-	-	350,616	-	-	-	-
Parks and recreation activities								·		358,846	
Total Fund Balances	453,562	585,268	148,249	134,875	162,710	620,007	352,634	892,715	41,877	370,042	60,451
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows	d 150.515	0 505.000	d 202 (C.	e 127.20:	d 240.025	A (21.70°	n 102.55=	d 0101:5	d 44000	ė 01001 -	
of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 453,562	\$ 585,268	\$ 202,686	\$ 137,291	\$ 248,923	\$ 624,700	\$ 403,757	\$ 919,149	\$ 44,908	\$ 813,813	\$ 60,451

Cherokee County, Georgia Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds September 30, 2017

								Revenue I				n .		3.5 . 1		
	CDBG		Jail		riff's eiture		E-911	Hotel Motel	Tran	sportation	Acc	Drug ountability Court		Mental Health Court	s	Drug creening Lab
Assets		_		_												
Cash	\$ -	\$	807,197	\$	56,944	\$	1,819,328	\$ -	\$	-	\$	307,556		175	\$	71,771
Investments	-		-		-		-	-		-		-		-		-
Property taxes receivable, net	-		-		-		-	-		-		-		-		-
Accounts receivable, net	-		-		-		736,708	25,641		-		-		-		3,375
Due from other governments	261,362		23,085		-		324,554	-		274,821		84,155		15,511		-
Prepaid items	24	-	-		-		4,652	 -		2,532		48		-		
Total Assets	\$ 261,386	\$	830,282	\$	56,944	\$	2,885,242	\$ 25,641	\$	277,353	\$	391,759	\$	15,686	\$	75,146
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances																
Liabilities																
Accounts payable	219,094		3,851		-		72,578	-		20,472		37,463		4,361		7,217
Accrued liabilities	2,577		-		-		67,697	-		12,573		4,794		856		2,555
Due to other funds	38,775		-		-			 25,641		152,766		_		10,469		
Total Liabilities	260,446		3,851		-		140,275	 25,641		185,811		42,257		15,686		9,772
Deferred Inflows of Resources																
Unearned revenue- advance registration fees																
Unavailable revenue- property taxes	_						_			-		_		-		_
communicate revenue property unico																
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources			-		-			 -		-		-		-		
Fund Balances																
Nonspendable:																
Prepaid items	24		-		-		4,652	-		2,532		48		-		-
Restricted: Law library operations																
Senior services	-		-		-		-	-		-		-		-		-
Public safety	_				56,944		_					_		_		_
Court services	_		_		-		_	_		_		_		_		65,374
SPLOST projects	-		_		_		_	-		-		_		-		-
Grant activities	916				-		-	-		-		349,454		-		-
Jail operations and construction	-		826,431		-		-	-		-		-		-		-
E911 operations	-		-		-		2,740,315	-		-		-		-		-
Health and welfare	-		-		-		-	-		89,010		-		-		-
Debt service	-		-		-		-	-		-		-		-		-
Cultural and recreation construction	-		-		-		-	-		-		-		-		-
Impact fees Committed:	-		-		-		-	-		-		-		-		-
Jail and inmate services	-		-		-		-	-		-		-		-		-
Animal control Parks and recreation activities						_		 			_		_		_	
Total Fund Balances	940		826,431		56,944		2,744,967	-		91,542		349,502		-		65,374
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows																

Cherokee County, Georgia Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds September 30, 2017

				Capital P	roje	ote Funde						
		SPLOST V	I	Recreation Bond		esource Recovery Development Authority		Impact Fees		Debt Service		Total
Assets		·									_	
Cash	\$	1,816,158	\$	3,008,581	\$	46,922	\$	8,081,533	\$	118,896	\$	19,561,959
Investments		-		-		-		-		-		254,375
Property taxes receivable, net		-		-		-		-		5,526,465		5,526,465
Accounts receivable, net		-		-		-		69		-		1,156,775
Due from other governments		-		-		-		-		-		1,390,335
Prepaid items	_	-		12		250,552						273,226
Total Assets	\$	1,816,158	\$	3,008,593	\$	297,474	\$	8,081,602	\$	5,645,361	\$	28,163,135
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances												
Liabilities												
Accounts payable		_	\$	1,767,064		_		1,038		550		2,445,914
Accrued liabilities		_		2,864		_		202		_		193,329
Due to other funds		-		-	_					1,008		239,132
Total Liabilities		-		1,769,928				1,240		1,558		2,878,375
Deferred Inflows of Resources												
Unearned revenue- advance registration fees		_		_		_		_		_		250,208
Unavailable revenue- property taxes		-		-		-		-		5,589,451		5,589,451
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		-		-	_	-		5,589,451		5,839,659
Fund Balances												
Nonspendable:												
Prepaid items		-		12		250,552		-		-		273,226
Restricted:												
Law library operations		-		-		-		-		-		585,268
Senior services		-		-		-		-		-		146,606
Public safety		-		-		-		-		-		191,819
Court services		-		-		-		-		-		1,638,143
SPLOST projects		1,816,158		-		-		-		-		1,816,158
Grant activities		-		-		-		-		-		513,080
Jail operations and construction E911 operations		-		-		-		-		-		826,431 2,740,315
Health and welfare		-		-		-		-		-		130,742
Debt service		_		_		46,922		_		54,352		101,274
Cultural and recreation construction		_		1,238,653				_				1,238,653
Impact fees		_		-		_		8,080,362		_		8,080,362
Committed:								-,,-				-,,-
Jail and inmate services		-		-		-		-		-		453,562
Animal control		-		-		-		-		-		350,616
Parks and recreation activities		-			_		_				_	358,846
Total Fund Balances		1,816,158		1,238,665	_	297,474		8,080,362		54,352		19,445,101
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	1,816,158	\$	3,008,593	\$	297,474	s	8,081,602	\$	5,645,361	s	28,163,135
or resources, and rund Datanees	φ	1,010,130	φ	3,000,373	φ	271,474	φ	0,001,002	φ	2,042,201	φ	20,100,100

Cherokee County, Georgia Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

						Special Revenu	e				
	Sheriff's Commissary	Law Library	Senior Services	Confiscated Assets	Multiple Grant	Drug Abuse and Treatment	Animal Services	DUI Court	Victim/ Witness	Parks and Recreation	DA Confiscated Assets
Revenues											
Property taxes	S -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Alcoholic beverage taxes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,090,198	-
Other taxes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	-	-	712,474	-	816,137	-	-	88,684	-	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	-	104,727	-	368,000	200	271,495	71,246	348,279	200,002	-	7,494
Charges for services	606,345	2,850	26,690	-	-	-	738,513	-	-	2,435,024	-
Investment income	-	3,896	-	139	-	2,745	-	-	-	-	-
Contributions	-	-	10,881	-	167,211	-	48,073	77,269	-	40,000	-
Other	<u> </u>	-								14,482	
Total Revenues	606,345	111,473	750,045	368,139	983,548	274,240	857,832	514,232	200,002	3,579,704	7,494
Expenditures Current:											
General government	-	07.004	-	-	275 (42	126 202	-	- 520 774	02.627	-	12.245
Judicial P. N. Cort	206 401	87,884	-	202.016	375,643	126,202	1.000.000	528,774	92,637	-	13,245
Public safety	396,401	-	-	302,916	496,249	-	1,266,026	-	-	-	-
Public works	-	-		-		-	-	-		-	-
Health and welfare	-	-	1,211,159	-	396,018	-	-	-	120,000	-	-
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	1,326	-	-	-	-	4,968,109	-
Housing and development	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service:											
Principal	-	-	2,736	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,520	-
Interest		-	879				<u>-</u>			1,860	
Total Expenditures	396,401	87,884	1,214,774	302,916	1,269,236	126,202	1,266,026	528,774	212,637	4,975,489	13,245
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	209,944	23,589	(464,729)	65,223	(285,688)	148,038	(408,194)	(14,542)	(12,635)	(1,395,785)	(5,751)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)											
Proceeds from sale of capital assets											
	-	-	31,509	-	-	-	-	-	-	117,979	-
Issuance of capital lease Insurance reimbursement	-	-	31,509	-	-	-	-	-	-	117,979	-
Transfers in	-	-	551,000	-	161.704	-	462.710	00.020	-	1 140 714	-
	-	-	551,980	-	161,704	(144.160)	462,718	88,020	-	1,148,714	-
Transfers out					<u>-</u> _	(144,169)	<u>-</u>				<u>-</u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			583,489		161,704	(144,169)	462,718	88,020		1,266,693	
Net Change in Fund Balances	209,944	23,589	118,760	65,223	(123,984)	3,869	54,524	73,478	(12,635)	(129,092)	(5,751)
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	243,618	561,679	29,489	69,652	286,694	616,138	298,110	819,237	54,512	499,134	66,202
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 453,562	\$ 585,268	\$ 148,249	\$ 134,875	\$ 162,710	\$ 620,007	\$ 352,634	\$ 892,715	\$ 41,877	\$ 370,042	\$ 60,451

Cherokee County, Georgia Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

					Special Reve	enue			
	CDBG	Jail	Sheriff's Forfeiture	E-911	Hotel Motel		Drug Accountability Court	Mental Health Court	Drug Screening
Revenues	СБВС	Jan	rorienure	E-911	Moter	Transportation	Court	Court	Lab
Property taxes	s - s	_	S -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	S -	\$ -
Alcoholic beverage taxes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other taxes	-	-	-	-	214,232	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	812,218	-	-	-	-	276,780	248,449	63,236	8,055
Fines and forfeitures	-	399,822	53,539	-	-	-	119,910	1,157	-
Charges for services	-	-	-	4,601,967	-	349,275	=	-	359,755
Investment income	-	3,819	-	7,260	-	-	=	-	-
Contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-	=	-	-
Other	-		-			506			
Total Revenues	812,218	403,641	53,539	4,609,227	214,232	626,561	368,359	64,393	367,810
Expenditures									
Current:									
General government	-	-	-	-	-	-	=	-	-
Judicial	-	-	-	-	-	-	476,470	76,758	214,238
Public safety	-	359,794	17,108	4,412,185	-	-	-	-	-
Public works	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Health and welfare	-	-	-	-	-	930,512	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Housing and development	812,218	-	-	-	100,000	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service:									
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest	-		-						
Total Expenditures	812,218	359,794	17,108	4,412,185	100,000	930,512	476,470	76,758	214,238
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over (Under) Expenditures	-	43,847	36,431	197,042	114,232	(303,951)	(108,111)	(12,365)	153,572
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	-	2,000	-	-	-	-	-
Issuance of capital lease	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
Insurance reimbursement	-	-	-	-	-	1,833			-
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	(114.222)	258,633	129,459	12,365	(00.020)
Transfers out		<u> </u>	-		(114,232)				(88,020)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				2,000	(114,232)	260,466	129,459	12,365	(88,020)
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	43,847	36,431	199,042	-	(43,485)	21,348	-	65,552
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	940	782,584	20,513	2,545,925		135,027	328,154		(178)
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 940 \$	826,431	\$ 56,944	\$ 2,744,967	\$ -	\$ 91,542	\$ 349,502	s -	\$ 65,374

Cherokee County, Georgia Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

		Capital Pro	ojects Fund			
	SPLOST V	Recreation Bond	Resource Recovery Development Authority	Impact Fees	Debt Service	Total
Revenues						
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,970,310	\$ 5,970,310
Alcoholic beverage taxes	-	-	-	-	-	1,090,198 214,232
Other taxes Intergovernmental	-	-	-	85.133	-	3,111,166
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	83,133	-	1,945,871
Charges for services	-	-	-	1,974,346	-	11,094,765
Investment income	13,397	42,462		51,576		125,294
Contributions	13,371	42,402		31,370	_	343,434
Other	-	135,675	142,496	_	89,161	382,320
T. (1)	12.207	170 127	142.406	2 111 055	6.050.471	24.255.500
Total Revenues	13,397	178,137	142,496	2,111,055	6,059,471	24,277,590
Expenditures						
Current:						
General government	-	-	-	10,919	134,442	145,361
Judicial	-	-	-	-	-	1,991,851
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	7,250,679
Public works	-	-	32,687	-	-	32,687
Health and welfare	-	-	-	-	-	2,657,689
Culture and recreation	1,000,000	305,804	-	-	-	6,275,239
Housing and development	-	-	-	-	-	912,218
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	100,000	-	100,000
Capital outlay	34,682	10,120,059	-	2,535,332	-	12,690,073
Debt service:						
Principal	-	-	4,435,000	-	4,295,000	8,738,256
Interest			785,202	<u>-</u> _	1,754,541	2,542,482
Total Expenditures	1,034,682	10,425,863	5,252,889	2,646,251	6,183,983	43,336,535
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,021,285)	(10,247,726)	(5,110,393)	(535,196)	(124,512)	(19,058,945)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-	-	2,000
Issuance of capital lease	-	-	-	-	-	149,488
Insurance reimbursement	-	-	-	-	-	1,833
Transfers in	-	524,280	5,101,651	-	-	8,439,524
Transfers out						(346,421)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		524,280	5,101,651			8,246,424
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,021,285)	(9,723,446)	(8,742)	(535,196)	(124,512)	(10,812,521)
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	2,837,443	10,962,111	306,216	8,615,558	178,864	30,257,622
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 1,816,158	\$ 1,238,665	\$ 297,474	\$ 8,080,362	\$ 54,352	\$ 19,445,101

Cherokee County, Georgia Special Revenue Funds Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2017

		Sheriff's C	Commissary	
	Bu Original Budget	dget Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget
Revenues Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental		• - -	5 -	5 -
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	310,000	396,401	606,345	209,944
Investment income Contributions	-	-	-	-
Other		. <u> </u>		
Total revenues	310,000	396,401	606,345	209,944
Expenditures				
Current:				
Judicial Public safety	310,000	396,401	396,401	-
Health and welfare	310,000	390,401	390,401	-
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-
Housing and development	-	-	-	-
Debt service:				
Principal Interest	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	310,000	396,401	396,401	-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	-	-	209,944	209,944
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-
Issuance of capital lease Insurance reimbursement	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers out		- _		
Total other financing sources		- _		
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	-	209,944	209,944
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	243,618	243,618	243,618	
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 243,618	\$ 243,618	\$ 453,562	\$ 209,944

	Law I	Library			Senior	Services	
Budget	dget Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget	Budget	dget Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - 674,502	\$ - 674,502	\$ - 712,474	\$ - 37,972
115,500 3,000	115,500 3,000	104,727 2,850	(10,773) (150)	13,000	13,000	26,690	13,690
3,500	3,500	3,896	396	10,000	10,000	10,881	881
 122,000	122,000	111,473	(10,527)	697,502	697,502	750,045	52,543
122,000	122,000	87,884	34,116	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	1,293,206	1,293,206	1,211,159	82,047
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
 - -	-	<u>-</u>		8,444 2,488	8,444 2,488	2,736 879	5,708 1,609
122,000	122,000	87,884	34,116	1,304,138	1,304,138	1,214,774	89,364
-	-	23,589	23,589	(606,636)	(606,636)	(464,729)	141,907
-	-	-	- -	54,656	-	31,509	31,509
- -	-	- -	- - -	551,980	606,636	551,980	(54,656)
-				606,636	606,636	583,489	(23,147)
-	-	23,589	23,589	-	-	118,760	118,760
 561,679	561,679	561,679		29,489	29,489	29,489	
\$ 561,679	\$ 561,679	\$ 585,268	\$ 23,589	\$ 29,489	\$ 29,489	\$ 148,249	\$ 118,760

Cherokee County, Georgia Special Revenue Funds Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2017

		Confisca	ted Assets	
	Bue	dget		Variance
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	With Final Budget
Revenues Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-
Fines and forfeitures Charges for services	224,000	302,616	368,000	65,384
Investment income	300	300	139	(161)
Contributions Other				
Total revenues	224,300	302,916	368,139	65,223
Expenditures Current:				
Judicial Public safety	224,300	302,916	302,916	-
Health and welfare	-	-	-	-
Culture and Recreastion Housing and development	-	-	-	-
Debt service:				
Principal Interest	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	224,300	302,916	302,916	-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	-	_	65,223	65,223
· · · · · · ·			,	,
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-
Issuance of capital lease Insurance reimbursement	-	-	-	=
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers out				
Total other financing sources				
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	-	65,223	65,223
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	69,652	69,652	69,652	
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 69,652	\$ 69,652	\$ 134,875	\$ 65,223

	Multip	le Grant			Drug Abuse a	and Treatment	
 Bud Original Budget	lget Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget	Budget	dget Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget
\$ 397,675	\$ - 973,084	\$ - 816,137	\$ - (156,947)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
397,073	-	200	200	220,112	231,500	271,495	39,995
 17,500	1,000 17,500	167,211	166,211 (17,500)	600	600	2,745	2,145
415,175	991,584	983,548	(8,036)	220,712	232,100	274,240	42,140
264,472 43,137 427,984	710,614 461,246 449,025 1,326	375,643 496,249 396,018 1,326	334,971 (35,003) 53,007	118,893 - - -	128,503 - - -	126,202	2,301 - - -
-	- - -	-	-	-	-	-	- -
735,593	1,622,211	1,269,236	352,975	118,893	128,503	126,202	2,301
(320,418)	(630,627)	(285,688)	344,939	101,819	103,597	148,038	44,441
- -	- -		- -	- -	-	- -	
 98,987	149,573	161,704	12,131	(167,858)	(172,841)	(144,169)	28,672
 98,987	149,573	161,704	12,131	(167,858)	(172,841)	(144,169)	28,672
(221,431)	(481,054)	(123,984)	357,070	(66,039)	(69,244)	3,869	73,113
 286,694	286,694	286,694		616,138	616,138	616,138	
\$ 65,263	\$ (194,360)	\$ 162,710	\$ 357,070	\$ 550,099	\$ 546,894	\$ 620,007	\$ 73,113

Cherokee County, Georgia Special Revenue Funds Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2017

		Animal	Services	
	Bu Original Budget	dget Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget
Revenues Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental	\$ - -	5 -	5 -	5 -
Fines and forfeitures	-	50,000	71,246	21,246
Charges for services	677,939	690,277	738,513	48,236
Investment income	-	-	-	-
Contributions	15,257	15,257	48,073	32,816
Other				
Total revenues	693,196	755,534	857,832	102,298
Expenditures				
Current:				
Judicial	-	-	-	- (50)
Public safety Health and welfare	1,203,638	1,265,976	1,266,026	(50)
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-
Housing and development	-	-	-	_
Debt service:				
Principal	-	-	-	-
Interest				
Total expenditures	1,203,638	1,265,976	1,266,026	(50)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(510,442)	(510,442)	(408,194)	102,248
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Proceeds from sale of capital assets	_	_	_	_
Issuance of capital lease	-	_	-	-
Insurance reimbursement	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	462,718	462,718	462,718	-
Transfers out	-			
Total other financing sources	462,718	462,718	462,718	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(47,724)	(47,724)	54,524	102,248
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	298,110	298,110	298,110	
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 250,386	\$ 250,386	\$ 352,634	\$ 102,248

			DUI	Court						Victim/	Witne	ess				
Origin Budge	al	dget	Final Budget	Ac	tual	W	ariance ith Final Budget	Bu Driginal Budget	dget l	Final Budget		Actual	Wi	ariance th Final Sudget		
\$	_	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$ _	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_		
71	,955 ,000		74,673 305,000		88,684 348,279		14,011 43,279	202,500		202,500		200,002		(2,498		
75	5,000		75,000		77,269		2,269	-		-		-		-		
451	,955		454,673	:	514,232		59,559	202,500		202,500		200,002		(2,498)		
539	,975		542,693		528,774		13,919	94,910		94,910		92,637		2,273		
	-		-		-		-	120,000		120,000		120,000		-		
	-		-		-		-	-		-		-		-		
	-		-		-		-	-		-		-		-		
539	9,975		542,693		528,774	-	13,919	214,910		214,910		212,637		2,273		
(88	3,020)		(88,020)		(14,542)		73,478	(12,410)		(12,410)		(12,635)		(225)		
	-		-		-		- -	- -		-		-		-		
88	3,020		88,020		88,020		-	- - -		- -		- -		- -		
88	3,020		88,020		88,020		<u> </u>	<u>-</u>				<u>-</u>				
	-		-		73,478		73,478	 (12,410)		(12,410)		(12,635)		(225		
819	,237		819,237		819,237			 54,512		54,512		54,512		=		
\$ 819	,237	\$	819,237	\$	892,715	\$	73,478	\$ 42,102	\$	42,102	\$	41,877	\$	(225		

		Parks and	Recreation	
	Bu	dget		Variance
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	With Final Budget
Revenues Taxes	\$ 1,030,000	\$ 1,030,000	\$ 1,090,198	\$ 60,198
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,030,000 -	\$ 1,030,000	\$ 1,090,196	5 00,198
Fines and forfeitures	_	-	_	_
Charges for services	2,620,320	2,620,320	2,435,024	(185,296)
Investment income	-	-	-	-
Contributions	30,000	30,000	40,000	10,000
Other	13,572	13,572	14,482	910
Total revenues	3,693,892	3,693,892	3,579,704	(114,188)
Expenditures				
Current:				
Judicial	-	-	-	_
Public safety	-	-	-	-
Health and welfare	-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	4,892,606	5,057,606	4,968,109	89,497
Housing and development	-	-	-	-
Debt service:				(= == o)
Principal	-	-	5,520	(5,520)
Interest	-	· -	1,860	(1,860)
Total expenditures	4,892,606	5,057,606	4,975,489	82,117
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,198,714)	(1,363,714)	(1,395,785)	(32,071)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-
Issuance of capital lease	-	-	117,979	117,979
Insurance reimbursement	1 1 40 71 4	1 140 714	- 1 140 714	-
Transfers in Transfers out	1,148,714	1,148,714	1,148,714	-
Transiers out		· 		
Total other financing sources	1,148,714	1,148,714	1,266,693	117,979
Net Change in Fund Balances	(50,000)	(215,000)	(129,092)	85,908
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	499,134	499,134	499,134	
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 449,134	\$ 284,134	\$ 370,042	\$ 85,908

]	DA Confiso	cated Asse	ts			CDBG								
Buo iginal udget		Final Judget	Actu	al	Wi	ariance th Final Sudget		Budget	dget	Final Budget	A	ctual	W	/ariance /ith Final Budget	
\$ 5,000	\$	5,000	\$	- - 7,494	\$	- - 2,494	\$	1,289,952	\$	1,289,952	\$	812,218	\$	(477,734	
-				- -		- - -		- -		- -		- - -			
- -		- -	-			<u>-</u>		-		-		<u>-</u>			
5,000		5,000		7,494		2,494		1,289,952		1,289,952		812,218		(477,734	
35,000		35,000	1	13,245		21,755		-		-		-			
-		-		-		-		-		-		-			
-		-		-		-		1,289,952		1,289,952		812,218		477,734	
-		-		-		-		-		-		-			
35,000		35,000	1	3,245		21,755		1,289,952		1,289,952		812,218		477,734	
(30,000)		(30,000)	((5,751)		24,249		-		-		-			
-		-		-		-		-		-		-			
-		-		-		-		-		-		-			
 <u>-</u>		<u>-</u>				<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>			
(30,000)		(30,000)	(5,751)		24,249		-		-		-			
66,202		66,202		66,202				940		940		940			
\$ 36,202	\$	36,202	\$ 6	50,451	\$	24,249	\$	940	\$	940	\$	940	\$		

		J	ail	
	Bu	dget		Variance
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	With Final Budget
Revenues Taxes	- \$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental				
Fines and forfeitures	390,000	390,000	399,822	9,822
Charges for services	700	700	2.010	2 110
Investment income Contributions	700	700	3,819	3,119
Other		- <u>-</u>		
Total revenues	390,700	390,700	403,641	12,941
Expenditures				
Current:				
Judicial Public safety	289,246	359,794	359,794	-
Health and welfare	-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-
Housing and development	-	-	-	-
Debt service: Principal	_	_	_	_
Interest				
Total expenditures	289,246	359,794	359,794	-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	101,454	30,906	43,847	12,941
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets Issuance of capital lease	-	-	-	-
Insurance reimbursement	- -	-	-	- -
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	-	-	-	
Total other financing sources				
Net Change in Fund Balances	101,454	30,906	43,847	12,941
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	782,584	782,584	782,584	
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 884,038	\$ 813,490	\$ 826,431	\$ 12,941

	Sheriff'	s Forfeiture			E-911									
Bu Driginal Budget	dget Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget		Buo ginal dget	lget Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget						
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -						
75,000	75,000 -	53,539	(21,461)	4,	470,000 1,000	4,470,000 1,000	4,601,967 7,260	- 131,967 6,260						
 - -	- -	- -	- -		500	500		(500)						
75,000	75,000	53,539	(21,461)	- 4,	471,500	4,471,500	4,609,227	137,727						
75,000	75,000	- 17,108	57,892	4,	- 671,192	4,671,192	4,412,185	- 259,007						
- - -	- -		- - -		-	- - -	- - -	-						
 - -	-	. <u>-</u>			<u>-</u>	-	<u>-</u>	-						
75,000	75,000	17,108	57,892	4,	671,192	4,671,192	4,412,185	259,007						
-	-	36,431	36,431	(199,692)	(199,692)	197,042	396,734						
-	-	-	-		-	-	2,000	2,000						
 - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -		- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -						
 -		<u> </u>	<u>-</u>				2,000	2,000						
-	-	36,431	36,431	(199,692)	(199,692)	199,042	398,734						
 20,513	20,513	20,513	<u>-</u>	2,	545,925	2,545,925	2,545,925							
\$ 20,513	\$ 20,513	\$ 56,944	\$ 36,431	\$ 2,	346,233	\$ 2,346,233	\$ 2,744,967	\$ 398,734						

	Hotel/Motel Tax									
		Bud ginal dget	lget	Final Budget		Actual	Variance With Final Budget			
Revenues Taxes	\$	207,000	\$	214,232	\$	214,232	\$ -			
Intergovernmental	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ -			
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-	-			
Charges for services		-		-		-	-			
Investment income		-		-		-	-			
Contributions Other		-		-		-	-			
Other										
Total revenues		207,000		214,232		214,232	-			
Expenditures										
Current:										
Judicial		-		-		-	-			
Public safety Health and welfare		-		-		-	-			
Culture and recreation		-		-		-	-			
Housing and development		100,000		100,000		100,000	-			
Debt service:		,		,		,				
Principal		-		-		-	-			
Interest										
Total expenditures		100,000		100,000		100,000	-			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
Over (Under) Expenditures		107,000		114,232		114,232	-			
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Proceeds from sale of capital assets Issuance of capital lease		-		-		-	-			
Insurance reimbursement		-		-		-	-			
Transfers in		-		-		-	-			
Transfers out	(107,000)		(114,232)		(114,232)				
Total other financing sources		107,000)		(114,232)		(114,232)				
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-		-	-			
Fund Balances Beginning of Year										
Fund Balances End of Year	\$		\$	-	\$		\$ -			

		Transp	ortation		Drug Accountability Court									
_	Bud Original Budget	lget Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget	Bu Original Budget	dget Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget						
\$	584,738	\$ - 584,738	\$ - 276,780	\$ - (307,958)	\$ - 285,243 145,347	\$ - 340,282 145,347	\$ - 248,449 119,910	\$ - (91,833) (25,437)						
	355,000	355,000	349,275 - - 506	(5,725) - - 506	- - -	- - -	- -	````````````````` - - -						
	939,738	939,738	626,561	(313,177)	430,590	485,629	368,359	(117,270)						
	- -	-	- -	- -	591,742	646,781	476,470	170,311						
	1,223,658	1,223,658	930,512	293,146	- - -	- - -	- - -	-						
	4,222 1,244	4,222 1,244		4,222 1,244	-			-						
	1,229,124	1,229,124	930,512	298,612	591,742	646,781	476,470	170,311						
	(289,386)	(289,386)	(303,951)	(14,565)	(161,152)	(161,152)	(108,111)	53,041						
	27,328 - - 262,058	27,328 - - 262,058	1,833 258,633	(27,328) - 1,833 (3,425)	161,152	161,152	129,459	(31,693)						
	289,386	289,386	260,466	(28,920)	161,152	161,152	129,459	(31,693)						
	135,027	135,027	(43,485) 135,027	(43,485)	328,154	328,154	21,348 328,154	21,348						
\$		\$ 135,027	\$ 91,542	\$ (43,485)	\$ 328,154	\$ 328,154	\$ 349,502	\$ 21,348						

		Mental Heal	th Court	
	Buc	dget		Variance
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	With Final Budget
Revenues	¢	¢.	¢	¢
Taxes Intergovernmental	\$ - 60,350	\$ - 77,375	\$ - 63,236	\$ - (14,139)
Fines and forfeitures	-	11,313	1,157	1,157
Charges for services	-	-	-,,	-
Investment income	-	-	-	-
Contributions	-	-	-	-
Other				
Total revenues	60,350	77,375	64,393	(12,982)
Expenditures				
Current:				
Judicial	67,056	85,859	76,758	9,101
Public safety	-	-	-	-
Health and welfare	-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-
Housing and development	-	-	-	-
Debt service: Principal				
Interest	- -	-	-	-
micros.				
Total expenditures	67,056	85,859	76,758	9,101
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(6,706)	(8,484)	(12,365)	(3,881)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-
Issuance of capital lease	-	-	-	-
Insurance reimbursement Transfers in	6 706	9 191	12 265	2 001
Transfers out	6,706	8,484	12,365	3,881
Tunsiers out				
Total other financing sources	6,706	8,484	12,365	3,881
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	-	-	-
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	_ _			
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

	Drug Scre	ening Lab	
Bud Original Budget	get Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget
\$ 29,158	\$ - 29,158	\$ - 8,055	\$ - (21,103)
330,447	330,447	359,755	29,308
 <u>-</u>	<u> </u>		
359,605	359,605	367,810	8,205
271,585	271,585	214,238	57,347
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
- -	 		
271,585	271,585	214,238	57,347
88,020	88,020	153,572	65,552
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
(88,020)	(88,020)	(88,020)	<u> </u>
(88,020)	(88,020)	(88,020)	
-	-	65,552	65,552
(178)	(178)	(178)	
\$ (178)	\$ (178)	\$ 65,374	\$ 65,552

		SPLO	OST V	
	Bu Original Budget	dget Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget
Revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental Charges for services	5 -	5 -	5 -	5 -
Investment income	4,000	4,000	13,397	9,397
Other	-	-,,,,,,		
Total revenues	4,000	4,000	13,397	9,397
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	-	-	-	-
Judicial Public safety	-	-	-	-
Public works	-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	-	976,080	1,000,000	(23,920)
Intergovernmental	_	-	-,,	-
Capital outlay	58,601	58,601	34,682	23,919
Debt service				
Principal	-	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	-			
Total expenditures	58,601	1,034,681	1,034,682	(1)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(54,601)	(1,030,681)	(1,021,285)	9,396
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Proceeds from sale of capital asset Insurance reimbursement Transfers in Transfers out	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -
Total other financing sources				
Net Change in Fund Balances	(54,601)	(1,030,681)	(1,021,285)	9,396
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	2,837,443	2,837,443	2,837,443	
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 2,782,842	\$ 1,806,762	\$ 1,816,158	\$ 9,396

	Re	ecreatio	on Bor	ıd			Resource Recovery Development Authority								
Budget	lget Final Budge			Variance With Final Budget			Bud Driginal Budget		inal dget	Actual		Variance With Final Budget			
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
30,000		2,462 5,675		42,462 135,675		- - -		142,244		42,244		142,496		252	
30,000	17	8,137		178,137		-		142,244	:	142,244		142,496		252	
-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	
-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	
-		-		-		-		25,000		32,687		32,687		-	
315,073	31	5,073		305,804		9,269		-		-		-		-	
7,961,821	10,11	0,790		10,120,059		(9,269)		-		-		-		-	
<u>-</u>		- -		- -		- -		4,000,000 1,218,895		001,307		4,435,000 785,202		(433,693) 433,693	
8,276,894	10,42	5,863		10,425,863			;	5,243,895	5,2	52,889		5,252,889		-	
(8,246,894)	(10,24	7,726)	(10,247,726)		-	(5,101,651)	(5,	10,645)		(5,110,393)		252	
-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	
-	52	4,280		524,280		- -		5,101,651	5,	101,651		5,101,651		-	
	52	4,280		524,280		-		5,101,651	5,1	01,651		5,101,651		-	
(8,246,894)	(9,723	3,446)		(9,723,446)		-		-		(8,994)		(8,742)		252	
 10,962,111	10,96	2,111		10,962,111				306,216		306,216		306,216		-	
\$ 2,715,217	\$ 1,23	8,665	\$	1,238,665	\$	-	\$	306,216	\$ 2	297,222	\$	297,474	\$	252	

	Impact Fees										
		Budget	t				Variance				
	Original Budget	Duuget	Final Budget		Actual		Vith Final Budget				
Revenues											
Intergovernmental	\$	- \$	-	\$	85,133	\$	85,133				
Charges for services	1,927,47		1,927,475		1,974,346		46,871				
Investment income	19,09	6	19,096		51,576		32,480				
Other		<u>-</u> –	-								
Total revenues	1,946,57	1	1,946,571		2,111,055		164,484				
Expenditures											
Current:		_									
General government	8,03	9	8,039		10,919		(2,880)				
Judicial D. I.V. and C. A.		-	-		-		-				
Public safety Public works		-	-		-		-				
Culture and recreation		-	-		-		-				
Housing and development		-	-		-		-				
Intergovernmental	100,00	- 10	100,000		100,000		_				
Capital outlay	3,461,00		3,461,000		2,535,332		925,668				
Debt service	3,101,00	-	-		2,000,002		-				
Principal		_	_		_		_				
Interest and fiscal charges											
Total expenditures	3,569,03	19	3,569,039		2,646,251		922,788				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues											
Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,622,46	8)	(1,622,468)		(535,196)		1,087,272				
Other Financing Sources (Uses)											
Proceeds from sale of capital asset		-	-		-		-				
Insurance reimbursement		-	-		-		-				
Transfers in		-	-		-		-				
Transfers out		<u> </u>	-		-		-				
Total other financing sources		<u>-</u> _									
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,622,46	8)	(1,622,468)		(535,196)		1,087,272				
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	8,615,55	8	8,615,558		8,615,558		_				
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 6,993,09	0 \$	6,993,090	\$	8,080,362	\$	1,087,272				

Cherokee County, Georgia Debt Service Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2017

		Buc	lget				v	⁷ ariance	
		Original		Final				ith Final	
Revenues		Budget		Budget		Actual	Budget		
Property taxes	\$	5,811,030	\$	5,811,030	\$	5,970,310	\$	159,280	
Other	Ψ	177,000	Ψ	177,000	Ψ	89,161	Ψ	(87,839)	
Total revenues		5,988,030		5,988,030		6,059,471		71,441	
Expenditures									
Current:									
General government		144,126		144,126		134,442		9,684	
Debt service:									
Principal		4,295,000		4,295,000		4,295,000		-	
Interest and fiscal charges		1,815,366		1,815,366		1,754,541		60,825	
Total expenditures		6,254,492		6,254,492		6,183,983		70,509	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(266,462)		(266,462)		(124,512)		141,950	
Fund Balances Beginning of Year		178,864		178,864		178,864			
Fund Balances End of Year	\$	(87,598)	\$	(87,598)	\$	54,352	\$	141,950	

Cherokee County, Georgia Schedule of Expenditures of Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Proceeds For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2017

				Current Estimated Cost	j	Prior Fiscal Years or Periods	 Current Fiscal Year		Total
2005									
Special Local Option Sales Tax V	\$	200,000,000	\$	184,062,661	\$	180,009,352	\$ <u> </u>	\$	180,009,352
2005 Projects:									
City of Canton					\$	13,498,831	\$ -	\$	13,498,831
City of Mountain Park						30,097	-		30,097
City of Woodstock						14,838,179	-		14,838,179
City of Holly Springs						6,771,989	-		6,771,989
City of Ball Ground						2,098,185	-		2,098,185
City of Waleska						1,760,717	-		1,760,717
City of Nelson						707,295	 		707,295
Total intergovernmental						39,705,293	-		39,705,293
Administration building						28,457,459	_		28,457,459
Tax Commissioner/Marshal Buildi	ng					4,371,256	-		4,371,256
Transportation facility & equipmer	ıt					50,819,769	-		50,819,769
Park & recreation facility						11,767,943	-		11,767,943
Library facility & books						790,307	1,000,000		1,790,307
Public safety facilities & equipment	ıt					21,778,421	21,285		21,799,706
New emergency children's shelter						831,525	-		831,525
New driver's license facility						1,658,083	-		1,658,083
Renovation to old Woodstock Elen	nenta	ry School				469,624	-		469,624
Senior center expansion						352,669	-		352,669
Airport					_	20,082,413	 	_	20,082,413
Total					\$	181,084,762	\$ 1,021,285	\$	182,106,047
Public safety facilities and equipment	paic	I for with interest	ear	nings			13,397		
Total expenditures in SPLOST V Fun	d						\$ 1,034,682		

Cherokee County, Georgia Schedule of Expenditures of Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Proceeds For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2017

	Original Estimated Cost		Prior Fiscal Years or Periods (1)		Current Fiscal Year	Total
2012						
Special Local Option Sales Tax VI	185,500,000 \$	197,270,373	\$ 97,942,308	\$	30,944,419	\$ 128,886,727
2012 Projects:						
City of Ball Ground			\$ 1,561,687	\$	418,470	\$ 1,980,157
City of Canton			13,092,754		3,508,339	16,601,093
City of Holly Springs			5,080,932		1,361,489	6,442,421
City of Mountain Park			4,842		1,298	6,140
City of Nelson			544,774		145,978	690,752
City of Walesa			1,331,671		356,835	1,688,506
City of Woodstock			13,332,455		3,572,570	16,905,025
Cherokee County Airport Authority			4,646,232		71,856	4,718,088
Development Authority of Cherokee Cou	nty		 5,561,281		733,692	 6,294,973
Total intergovernmental			45,156,628		10,170,527	55,327,155
ALS units			2,266,093		-	2,266,093
Animal control			186,735		-	186,735
Animal shelter renovation			506,445		2,510,023	3,016,468
City of Canton Fire Station			-		160,413	160,413
Courthouse expansion			559,658		183,933	743,591
E-911			784,072		951,406	1,735,478
Fire training facility			1,500,000		-	1,500,000
Fire/EMS			7,608,377		3,226,369	10,834,746
Jail expansion/enhancements			-		34,585	34,585
Marshal			192,069		64,522	256,591
Senior center			-		122,754	122,754
Sheriff			1,669,331		487,266	2,156,597
Sheriff training facility			1,879,662		-	1,879,662
Transportation facility & equipment			 35,633,238		13,032,621	 48,665,859
Total			\$ 97,942,308	\$	30,944,419	\$ 128,886,727
Transportation facility and equipment paid for	or with intergovern	mental revenues			2,078,063	
Canton Fire Station paid for with insurance r	eimbursements and	d proceeds				
from sales of capital assets					71,539	
E-911 project expenditures made with intere	st earnings				459,280	
Transportation facility improvements paid w	=	ovonuos				
		evenues			275,143	
Total expenditures and transfers out in SPLC	OST VI Fund			\$	33,828,444	

⁽¹⁾ As revised.

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Fleet Services – To account for operations of the County's Vehicle Maintenance Department which maintains and repairs all of the County's vehicles.

Insurance and Benefits - To account for the County's contributions and employee premiums for health, disability, and life insurance, and the related payments for these associated costs.

Cherokee County, Georgia Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds September 30, 2017

	Fleet Services	Insurance and Benefits	Totals
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash	\$ -	\$ 2,200,013	\$ 2,200,013
Receivables, net of allowance	-	319,750	319,750
Inventories	189,643	-	189,643
Prepaid items	1,293	12,419	13,712
Total current assets	190,936	2,532,182	2,723,118
Noncurrent assets			
Capital assets, net of depreciation	265,019		265,019
Total assets	455,955	2,532,182	2,988,137
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Deferred outlows relating to pension	135,915		135,915
Total deferred outflows of resources	135,915		135,915
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable	55,368	349,221	404,589
Accrued liabilities	11,517	1,044,876	1,056,393
Due to other funds	84,138	-	84,138
Compensated absences, due within one year	60,959		60,959
Total current liabilities	211,982	1,394,097	1,606,079
Long-term Liabilities (net of current portion)			
Compensated absences, due in more than one year	20,320	-	20,320
Net pension liability	411,683		411,683
Total long-term liabilities	432,003	-	432,003
Total Liabilities	643,985	1,394,097	2,038,082
Net Position			
Investment in capital assets	265,019	-	265,019
Unrestricted (deficit)	(317,134)	1,138,085	820,951
Total Net Position	\$ (52,115)	\$ 1,138,085	\$ 1,085,970

Cherokee County, Georgia Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

	Fleet Services		Insurance and Benefits		 Totals
Operating Revenues					
Charges for services Miscellaneous revenue	\$	1,486,006 9,723	\$	14,405,237 1,734,506	\$ 15,891,243 1,744,229
Total operating revenues		1,495,729		16,139,743	17,635,472
Operating Expenses					
Personal services and employee benefits		618,635		137,305	755,940
Contractual services		41,131		1,665,859	1,706,990
Claims paid		-		13,974,564	13,974,564
Supplies		810,263		-	810,263
Depreciation		30,333		-	 30,333
Total Operating Expenses		1,500,362		15,777,728	17,278,090
Change in net position before transfers		(4,633)		362,015	 357,382
Transfers					
Transfers in				14,377	 14,377
Change in net position		(4,633)		376,392	371,759
Net Position (Deficit) Beginning of Year		(47,482)		761,693	714,211
Net Position (Deficit) End of Year	\$	(52,115)	\$	1,138,085	\$ 1,085,970

Cherokee County, Georgia Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

	Fleet	t Services	urance and Benefits		Totals
Cash Flows from Operating Activities					
Receipts from other funds	\$	1,524,074	\$ 16,083,835	\$	17,607,909
Payments to employees		(634,254)	(137,305)		(771,559)
Payments to suppliers for services provided		(852,397)	 15,307,881)	(16,160,278)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities		37,423	 638,649		676,072
Cash Flows from Capital Financing Activities Purchase of capital assets		(37,423)	<u> </u>		(37,423)
Net Cash Used in Capital Financing Activities		(37,423)	 		(37,423)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities Transfers in			 14,377		14,377
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Noncapital Financing Activities			 14,377		14,377
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		-	653,026		653,026
Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year			 1,546,987		1,546,987
Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year	\$	_	\$ 2,200,013	\$	2,200,013
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities					
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(4,633)	\$ 362,015	\$	357,382
Adjustments -					
Depreciation		30,333	-		30,333
(Increase) Decrease in:					
Accounts receivable		-	(55,908)		(55,908)
Prepaid items		(514)	(11,990)		(12,504)
Inventories		1,984	=		1,984
Deferred outflows of resources		(37,768)	=		(37,768)
Increase (Decrease) in: Accounts payable		1,669	12,564		14,233
Accrued expenses		(4,142)	331,968		327,826
Due to other funds		28,345	-		28,345
Compensated absences payable		8,914	-		8,914
Net pension liability		13,235	 -		13,235
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$	37,423	\$ 638,649	\$	676,072

AGENCY FUNDS

Tax Commissioner – to account for tax billings, collections, and remittances made by property owners of record on behalf of other governmental agencies.

Probate Court – to account for the collection of fees for firearms licenses, certificates, marriage licenses, passports, etc. which are disbursed to other parties.

Juvenile Court – to account for the collection of probation supervision fees which are disbursed to other parties.

Clerk of Superior Court – to account for the receipt and disbursement of court-ordered fines and fees made on behalf of third parties.

Clerk of State Court – to account for the receipt and disbursement of court-ordered fines and fees made on behalf of third parties.

Sheriff – to account for the collection and remittance of fines, bond forfeitures, and various fees and to account for the receipt and disbursement of funds held on behalf of County inmates housed in the County detention facility.

Cherokee County, Georgia Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

	Balance October 1, 2016		Increases	Decreases	Balance otember 30, 2017
Tax Commissioner		-			
Assets	•				
Cash	\$ 5,954,018	\$	275,888,386	\$ 276,435,927	\$ 5,406,477
Taxes and other receivables	209,401,757		227,437,147	 205,055,160	 231,783,744
Total assets	\$ 215,355,775	\$	503,325,533	\$ 481,491,087	\$ 237,190,221
Liabilities					
Due to others	\$ 6,161,965	\$	275,888,386	\$ 276,643,874	\$ 5,406,477
Taxes payable to others upon completion	209,193,810		227,437,147	 204,847,213	 231,783,744
Total Liabilities	\$ 215,355,775	\$	503,325,533	\$ 481,491,087	\$ 237,190,221
Probate Court					
Assets	•				
Cash	\$ 9,895	\$	641,561	\$ 651,120	\$ 336
Liabilities					
Due to others	\$ 9,895	\$	641,561	\$ 651,120	\$ 336
Juvenile Court					
Assets	-				
Cash	\$ 1,394	\$	120,957	\$ 120,611	\$ 1,740
Liabilities					
Due to others	\$ 1,394	\$	120,957	\$ 120,611	\$ 1,740
Cloub of Superior Court					
Clerk of Superior Court Assets	-				
Cash	\$ 4,921,910	\$	20,101,793	\$ 20,571,062	\$ 4,452,641
Liabilities					
Due to others	\$ 4,921,910	\$	20,101,793	\$ 20,571,062	\$ 4,452,641

Cherokee County, Georgia Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

	Balance October 1, 2016	October 1,			Decreases	Se	Balance September 30, 2017		
Clerk of State Court			_		_		_		
Assets									
Cash	\$ 52,663	\$	2,967,679	\$	2,966,542	\$	53,800		
Liabilities									
Due to others	\$ 52,663	\$	2,967,679	\$	2,966,542	\$	53,800		
Due to others	\$ 32,003	Ψ	2,701,017	Ψ	2,700,542	Ψ	33,800		
Sheriff									
Assets									
Cash	\$ 354,257	\$	2,893,539	\$	2,868,338	\$	379,458		
			_		_		_		
Liabilities									
Due to others	\$ 354,257	\$	2,893,539	\$	2,868,338	\$	379,458		
Total Aganay Funda									
Total Agency Funds Assets									
Cash	\$ 11,294,137	\$	302,613,915	\$	303,613,600	\$	10,294,452		
Taxes and other receivables	209,401,757	Ψ	227,437,147	Ψ	205,055,160	4	231,783,744		
			<u> </u>		, ,		, ,		
Total assets	\$ 220,695,894	\$	530,051,062	\$	508,668,760	\$	242,078,196		
Liabilities									
Due to others	\$ 11,502,084	\$	302,613,915	\$	303,821,547	\$	10,294,452		
Uncollected taxes	209,193,810		227,437,147		204,847,213		231,783,744		
Total Liabilities	¢ 220.605.904	¢	520.051.062	¢	500 660 760	¢.	242 079 106		
1 otal Liadilities	\$ 220,695,894	\$	530,051,062	\$	508,668,760	\$	242,078,196		

Cherokee County, Georgia Combining Statement of Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds September 30, 2017

	Tax Commissioner	 obate ourt		ivenile Court	Clerk of perior Court	-	Clerk of te Court	Sheriff	Total
Assets					 				
Cash	\$ 5,406,477	\$ 336	\$	1,740	\$ 4,452,641	\$	53,800	\$ 379,458	\$ 10,294,452
Taxes and other receivables	231,783,744	 -			 _		-		231,783,744
Total assets	\$ 237,190,221	\$ 336	\$	1,740	\$ 4,452,641	\$	53,800	\$ 379,458	\$ 242,078,196
Liabilities									
Due to others	\$ 5,406,477	\$ 336	\$	1,740	\$ 4,452,641	\$	53,800	\$ 379,458	10,294,452
Taxes payable to others upon completion	231,783,744	-		-	· -		-	-	231,783,744
		 	-	_					
Total liabilities	\$ 237,190,221	\$ 336	\$	1,740	\$ 4,452,641	\$	53,800	\$ 379,458	\$ 242,078,196
					 	_			

Development Authority of Cherokee County Balance Sheet September 30, 2017

Assets		
Cash	\$	1,781,519
Accounts receivable, net of allowance		5,440
Prepaid items		23,906
Due from other governments		4,000
Due from primary government		258,967
Total assets	\$	2,073,832
Liabilities, Deferred Inflow of Resources and Fund Balance		
Liabilities	Ф	1 222
Accrued liabilities	\$	1,333
Total liabilities		1,333
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Unearned revenues		6,500
Unavailable revenue		401,670
		<u>. </u>
Total deferred inflows of resources		408,170
Fund Balances		
Unassigned		1,664,329
•		
Total Fund Balances		1,664,329
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	2,073,832

Development Authority of Cherokee County Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

Revenues	
Intergovernmental	\$ 2,076,359
Charges for services	60,450
Investment earings	564
Contributions	 63,898
Total revenues	2,201,271
Expenditures	
Current:	
Housing and development	 3,477,914
Total expenditures	 3,477,914
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	(1,276,643)
Other Financing Sources	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	1,924,375
Total other financing sources	 1,924,375
Net change in fund balances	647,732
Fund balances, beginning of year	1,016,597
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 1,664,329

Cherokee County Development Authority Balance Sheet September 30, 2017

Assets Cash	\$ 397,087
Total assets	\$ 397,087
Liabilities Due to primary governments	\$ 4,404,780
Total liabilities	 4,404,780
Fund Balance (Deficit) Unassigned (deficit)	 (4,007,693)
Total Fund Balance	 (4,007,693)
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 397,087

Cherokee County Development Authority Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

Revenues	
Interest	\$ 321
Charges for services	 189,626
Total Revenues	 189,947
Expenditures	
Current:	
Housing and development	 1,620,869
Debt service:	
Principal	574,785
Interest	196,939
Total Expenditures	 2,392,593
Deficiency of Revenues over Expenditures	 (2,202,646)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	 2,580,400
Total other financing sources (uses)	 2,580,400
Net Change in Fund Balances	377,754
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	 (4,385,447)
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ (4,007,693)

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of Cherokee County's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the County's overall financial health.

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the County's most significant local revenue source, property tax.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the County's financial report relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial report for the relevant year.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012*	2013	2014 (Restated)	2015 (Restated)	2016	2017
Governmental Activities										<u>.</u>
Invested in Capital Assets, net of related debt	\$ 1,091,115,199	\$ 1,064,235,201	\$ 1,058,683,428	\$ 1,050,048,300	\$ 1,023,519,289	\$ 1,011,905,016	\$ 976,166,596	\$ 943,020,930	\$ 922,812,280 \$	903,790,353
Restricted	3,515,045	37,906,250	35,732,314	58,696,018	37,575,187	40,740,963	58,032,098	70,835,182	66,862,941	71,835,012
Unrestricted	57,698,960	39,767,844	25,739,216	9,944,894	(2,686,819)	1,297,716	(37,525,057)	(32,930,747)	(18,434,202)	(16,695,685)
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	1,152,329,204	1,141,909,295	1,120,154,958	1,118,689,212	1,058,407,657	1,053,943,695	996,673,637	980,925,365	971,241,019	958,929,680
Business type Activities										
Invested in Capital Assets, net of related debt	924,061	800,260	703,439	630,863	1,168,482	2,076,797	1,894,919	2,345,249	3,863,389	3,429,582
Unrestricted	3,630,081	1,193,605	147,817	870,092	1,315,162	1,145,475	(818,727)	(227,478)	(536,760)	(459,958)
Total Business-type Activities Net Position	4,554,142	1,993,865	851,256	1,500,955	2,483,644	3,222,272	1,076,192	2,117,771	3,326,629	2,969,624
Primary Government										
Invested in Capital Assets, net of related debt	1,092,039,260	1,065,035,461	1,059,386,867	1,050,679,163	1,024,687,771	1,013,981,813	978,061,515	945,366,179	926,675,669	907,219,935
Restricted	3,515,045	37,906,250	35,732,314	58,696,018	37,575,187	40,740,963	58,032,098	70,835,182	66,862,941	71,835,012
Unrestricted	61,329,041	40,961,449	25,887,033	10,814,986	(1,371,657)	2,443,191	(38,343,784)	(33,158,225)	(18,970,962)	(17,155,643)
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$ 1,156,883,346	\$ 1,143,903,160	\$ 1,121,006,214	\$ 1,120,190,167	\$ 1,060,891,301	\$ 1,057,165,967	\$ 997,749,829	\$ 983,043,136	\$ 974,567,648 \$	961,899,304

^{*}NOTE: Fiscal Year 2012 only contained nine (9) months. The County converted to a fiscal year ending September from December. Fiscal Year 2014 was restated to reflect the implementation of GASB Statements No. 68 and 71. Fiscal Year 2015 was restated for unrecorded inventory.

CHANGES IN NET POSITION, LAST TEN YEARS (accrual basis of accounting)

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012*	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Expenses:										
Governmental Activities:										
General government	\$ 13,792,840						13,648,434			
Judicial	13,222,285	13,068,161	12,934,968	12,131,482	8,616,641	13,835,827	14,948,452	15,621,410	16,970,402	17,268,050
Public safety	54,181,896	56,297,513	58,859,578	53,392,268	41,852,318	54,866,533	66,261,619	65,843,729	76,378,048	75,658,791
Public works	45,813,759	46,714,160	50,666,579	48,284,482	37,963,267	56,681,654	60,306,683	64,397,596	46,782,022	63,577,287
Health and welfare	5,469,253	4,223,612	5,332,454	4,954,955	3,447,163	2,838,434	3,142,104	2,906,259	3,053,838	3,158,570
Culture and recreation	6,097,251	6,047,753	5,085,377	4,287,850	4,692,484	7,017,212	9,891,955	10,098,987	18,747,709	12,856,023
Housing and development	2,009,789	4,887,468	3,582,765	3,656,342	2,328,961	3,511,156	4,262,749	5,543,535	7,392,892	5,137,977
Interest on long-term debt	2,237,570	3,369,863	3,622,857	3,411,397	2,975,088	3,094,823	3,175,274	3,432,595	6,089,835	2,454,683
Total Governmental Activities	142,824,643	148,103,732	151,322,958	141,828,619	111,705,204	153,481,345	175,637,270	186,051,251	187,972,495	193,056,798
Building to the second second										
Business-type Activities:	6.050.053	7,213,645	7,429,041	6,678,161	5,516,951	7,190,391	8,157,167	F 445 445	6,570,402	7,138,412
Emergency medical services Conference center	6,059,852	162,963	224,636	326,115	264,837	373,815	361,476	5,446,416 372,621	538,245	482,077
Total Business-type Activities	6,059,852	7,376,608	7,653,677	7,004,276	5,781,788	7,564,206	8,518,643	5,819,037	7,108,647	7,620,489
Total Primary Government	148.884.495	155,480,340	158,976,635	148,832,895	117,486,992	161,045,551	184,155,913	191,870,288	195,081,142	200,677,287
Total Primary Government	140,004,493	133,460,340	130,970,033	140,032,093	117,460,992	101,043,331	104,133,913	191,070,200	193,061,142	200,677,267
Program Revenues										
Governmental Activities										
Charges for services										
General government	5,251,645	4,022,193	4,488,101	4,539,020	1,289,956	4,213,565	4,508,343	4,643,693	7,076,481	7,748,614
Judicial	8,153,155	6,214,188	6,375,601	6,815,386	5,036,242	6,463,373	5,901,186	6,168,531	6,229,489	6,145,266
Public safety	6,185,474	6,145,639	6,126,627	6,407,070	5,074,468	7,123,356	7,376,078	7,515,011	8,286,895	6,964,068
Public works	5,923,111	3,435,044	2,524,196	1,779,098	1,581,672	3,055,124	2,718,762	3,079,966	4,247,236	4,098,942
Health and welfare	193,424	177,837	353,951	373,474	252,392	347,365	388,944	370,917	370,667	375,965
Culture and recreation	1,123,960	938,345	1,098,694	1,327,358	805,077	2,148,818	2,475,950	2,372,768	2,522,876	2,435,024
Housing and development	729,171	976,699	848,876	902,726	1,086,243	1,656,272	1,800,287	2,293,281	2,322,076	2,433,024
Operating grants and contributions	2,013,951	2,756,658	3,702,555	5,005,625	3,615,337	3,896,743	2,885,090	3,952,156	5,928,258	7,827,795
Capital grants and contributions	11,754,816	11,806,091	18,724,096	11,517,533	4,441,711	9,860,301	10,000,879	13,326,159	15,954,463	9,483,769
Total Governmental Activities	41,328,707	36,472,694	44,242,697	38,667,290	23,183,098	38,764,917	38,055,519	43,722,482	50,616,365	45,079,443
Total dovernmental Activities	41,520,707	30,472,034	44,242,037	30,007,230	23,103,030	30,704,317	30,033,313	43,722,402	30,010,303	43,073,443
Business-type Activities:										
Emergency medical services:										
Charges for services	4,057,351	3,842,690	5,886,811	6,383,784	5,338,425	6,088,439	7,234,561	3,909,969	4,997,112	5,317,687
Operating grants and contributions	4,057,551	3,042,030	3,000,011	0,303,704	3,330,423	6.750	21,577	3,303,303	4,557,112	3,317,007
Capital grants and contributions					12,000	50,000	22,577		42,165	14,121
Conference Center:					12,000	30,000			42,203	14,121
Charges for services		8,059	11,038	13,638	14,610	18,874	15,200	16,243	344,779	328,853
Operating grants and contributions		21,000	21,000	21,000	14,010	96,000	21,000	21,000	21,000	21,000
Total Business-type Activities	4,057,351	3,871,749	5,918,849	6,418,422	5,365,035	6,260,063	7,292,338	3,947,212	5,405,056	5,681,661
Total Primary Government	45,386,058	40,344,443	50,161,546	45,085,712	28,548,133	45,024,980	45,347,857	47,669,694	56,021,421	50,761,104
				-,,,						
Net (Expenses) Revenue										
Governmental Activities	(101,495,936)	(111,631,038)	(107,080,261)	(103,161,329)	(88,522,106)	(114,716,428)	(137,581,751)	(142,328,769)	(137,356,130)	(147,977,355)
Business-type Activities	(2,002,501)	(3,504,859)	(1,734,828)	(585,854)	(416,753)	(1,304,143)	(1,226,305)	(1,871,825)	(1,703,591)	(1,938,828)
Total Primary Government Net Expense	(103,498,437)	(115,135,897)	(108,815,089)	(103,747,183)	(88,938,859)	(116,020,571)	(138,808,056)	(144,200,594)	(139,059,721)	(149,916,183)
							•			
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position										
Governmental Activities										
Property taxes	55,462,119	64,298,714	59,595,990	61,718,917	6,561,293	68,302,401	70,725,619	76,101,797	81,038,620	85,278,009
Alcoholic beverage taxes	879,968	870,004	899,933	870,637	751,958	971,691	989,887	1,029,826	1,056,462	1,090,198
Vehicle taxes	1,248,798	1,501,321	1,484,307	1,587,195	1,377,748	1,845,500	1,934,924	2,064,581	2,283,347	2,690,800
Sales taxes	29,253,737	26,689,087	27,381,983	29,288,708	22,705,059	30,239,488	31,690,072	33,980,669	35,173,128	36,606,236
Insurance premium taxes	5,932,023	5,846,968	5,686,599	6,508,474	6,953,110	7,226,640	7,626,040	8,166,299	8,689,185	9,300,914
Other taxes	105,038	82,876	89,491	116,728	107,240	154,289	180,523	210,530	207,340	214,232
Miscellaneous revenues	803,358	2,262,810	2,018,183	2,537,155	467,149	3,182,618	2,275,918	7,140,853 (1,870,842	1,554,392
Unrestricted investment earnings	1,270,686	457,225	166,685	42,501	30,406	33,754	99,927	129,993	261,309	513,058
Gain/(loss) on sale of capital assets				-	(9,545,264)		-	-		-
Loss on capital lease receivable		-					-			-
Transfers	(2,179,413)	(797,876)	(404,491)	(974,732)	(1,025,243)	(1,703,915)	(922,665)	(2,639,990)	(2,908,449)	(1,581,823)
Total Governmental Activities	92,776,314	101,211,129	96,918,680	101,695,583	28,383,456	110,252,466	114,600,245	126,184,558	127,671,784	135,666,016
Business-type Activities										
Insurance premium taxes	-					-		-		
Miscellaneous revenues	-	146,706	187,728	260,821	298,599	325,106	272,953	273,414		
Gain/(loss) on disposal of capital assets	-				75,600	13,750	8,100	-	4,000	
Transfers	2,179,413	797,876	404,491	974,732	1,025,243	1,703,915	922,665	2,639,990	2,908,449	1,581,823
Total Business-type Activities	2,179,413	944,582	592,219	1,235,553	1,399,442	2,042,771	1,203,718	2,913,404	2,912,449	1,581,823
Total Primary Government	94,955,727	102,155,711	97,510,899	102,931,136	29,782,898	112,295,237	115,803,963	129,097,962	130,584,233	137,247,839
Change in Net Position										
Governmental Activities	(8,719,622)	(10,419,909)	(10,161,581)	(1,465,746)	(60,138,650)	(4,463,962)	(22,981,506)	(16,144,211)	(9,684,346)	(12,311,339)
Business-type Activities	176,912	(2,560,277)	(1,142,609)	649,699	982,689	738,628	(22,587)	1,041,579	1,208,858	(357,005)
Total Primary Government	(8,542,710)	(12,980,186)	(11,304,190)	(816,047)	(59,155,961)	(3,725,334)	(23,004,093)	(15,102,632)	(8,475,488)	(12,668,344)
Not Borition, hoginaing of year, as restated	1,165,426,056	1,156,883,346	1,132,310,404	1,121,006,214	1,120,047,262	1,060,891,301	1 020 752 022	997,749,829	983,043,136	974,567,648
Net Position, beginning of year, as restated	1,165,426,056	1,150,883,346	1,132,310,404	1,121,006,214	1,120,047,262	1,060,891,301	1,020,753,922	997,749,829	983,043,136	9/4,50/,048
Net Position, end of year	\$ 1,156,883,346	\$ 1,143,903,160	\$ 1,121,006,214	\$ 1,120,190,167	\$ 1,060,891,301	\$ 1,057,165,967 \$	997,749,829	\$ 982,647,197	\$ 974,567,648	\$ 961,899,304

^{*}NOTE: Fiscal Year 2012 only contained nine (9) months. The County converted to a fiscal year ending September from December.
(1) During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015 the County received approximately 54 million from the Cherokee County Development Authority from the proceeds from land sales. Fiscal year 2014 was restated to reflect the implementation of GASS detements No. 83 and 71.

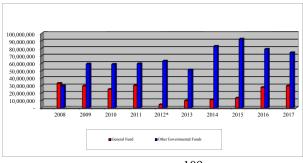
FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

								Restated		
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012*	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
General Fund										
Reserved	\$ 175,321	\$ 213,815	\$ 267,643	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Unreserved	32,943,772	29,423,015	24,914,065	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonspendable:										
Prepaids	_	-	-	199,244	163,748	100,272	72,645	75,669	277,606	265,642
Advances from other funds	_	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	500,000	-
Inventory	_	_		5,380	5,134	16,432	36,614	16,757	5,349	37,466
Assigned for use in subsequent budget	_	_		25,419,651	5,151	10,132	50,011	10,737	5,515	57,100
Unassigned	_	_	_	4,567,170	4,205,633	9,685,484	11,037,776	13,293,833	26,932,247	29,365,899
Onassigned				4,507,170	4,203,033	3,003,404	11,037,770	13,233,033	20,332,247	23,303,033
Total General Fund	33,119,093	29,636,830	25,181,708	30,191,445	4,374,515	9,802,188	11,147,035	13,386,259	27,715,202	29,669,007
All Other Governmental Funds										
Reserved	3,519,690	37,916,605	35,736,960	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Unreserved, reported in:	-,,	,,	,,							
Special revenue funds	18,268,587	17,289,982	16,747,516		_	_			_	
Capital projects funds	7,987,494	4,023,396	6,268,759	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Debt service funds	7,507,454	4,023,330	0,200,733		_					
Nonspendable:										
Prepaids				682,020	446,502	414,632	342,438	351,894	362,125	334,485
	-	-	-	082,020	440,502	414,032	342,436		302,123	334,463
Advances from Other Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	500,000 395,939	904 001	517,017
Inventory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	393,939	804,091	517,017
Restricted:				CO4.54C	627.742	642.422	CE7.040	F00 00F	FC4 C70	FOF 200
Law library operations	-	-	-	604,546	627,713	642,423	657,910	590,095	561,679	585,268
Senior services	-	-	-	8,029	58,266	46,352	16,310	20,175	26,895	146,606
Public safety	-	-	-	1,066,488	1,171,253	1,157,181	338,761	152,787	90,165	191,819
Court services	-	-	-	-	-	-	532,700	1,320,763	1,501,402	1,638,143
Donations for improvements	-	-	-	16,142	17,428	28,834	-	-	-	
Grant activities	-	-	-	36,849	103,426	148,199	411,560	600,514	615,484	513,080
Jail operation and maintenance	-	-	-	1,631,370	1,012,584	986,710	1,011,153	1,020,298	771,302	826,431
E911 operations	-	-	-	1,423,953	1,379,538	1,674,744	1,839,355	2,256,915	2,531,110	2,740,315
Hotel/Motel tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	592,744	-	-	-
Impact fees - library projects	-	-	-	449,882	397,914	527,456	699,631	950,600	1,201,530	1,422,710
Impact fees - fire projects	-	-	-	57,176	154,133	668,982	782,975	947,438	1,540,006	636,141
Impact fees - park projects	-	-	-	621,285	669,924	860,450	457,013	709,959	896,405	420,846
Impact fees - public safety facility projects	-	-	-	1,252,305	1,300,247	1,582,939	1,728,259	1,987,614	2,340,518	2,749,144
Impact fees - road projects	-	-	-	977,380	1,092,657	1,472,878	1,516,164	1,576,746	1,701,879	1,813,874
Impact fees - administration projects	-	-	-	429,397	446,199	151,215	344,958	383,851	351,507	400,549
Impact fees - Canton fire stations	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	583,713	636,098
Health and welfare	-	-	-	-	26,131	9,173	-	89,290	179,445	130,742
Debt service	_	-	-	8,526,268	7,969,618	769,088	1,302,487	700,780	180,029	101,274
Cultural and recreation construction	_	_	_	21,593,785	24,895,111	9,623,342	24,204,697	20,056,462	10,961,838	1,238,653
SPLOST projects	_	_		7,915,351	15,360,142	20,248,996	32,020,272	41,371,608	44,710,269	49,341,345
Unincorporated services	_	_			2,583,397	4,883,151	8,446,953	10,290,986	**	**
Fire protection services	-	-	-	12,085,812	3,204,615	4,882,191	5,056,514	5,728,653	5,924,814	6,702,544
Committed:										
Jail and inmate services				45,979	65,301	24,386	29,637	51,919	243,618	453,562
Animal services	-	-	-	16,934	47,271	70,713	34,312	55,923	298,110	350,616
Park and recreation activities	-	-	-	216,343	64,916	442,890	408,684	281,298	487,980	358,846
	-	-	-							330,040
Unassigned				(203,234)	(32,384)	(27,666)	(7,652)	(2,891)	(178)	
Total All Other Governmental Funds	29,775,771	59,229,983	58,753,235	59,454,060	63,061,902	51,289,259	82,767,835	92,389,616	78,865,736	74,250,108
Total All Governmental Funds	\$ 62,894,864	\$ 88,866,813	\$ 83,934,943	\$ 89,645,505	\$ 67,436,417	\$ 61,091,447	\$ 93,914,870	\$ 105,775,875	\$ 106,580,938	\$ 103,919,115

^{*} NOTE: Fiscal Year 2012 only contained nine (9) months. The County converted to a fiscal year ending September from December.
** NOTE: Unincorporated County Fund was moved to be included with the General Fund.

Fiscal year 2015 was restated for unrecorded inventory.

NOTE: The County implemented GASB 54 effective January 1, 2011.



^{***} NOTE: The increase in FY2009 is due to the issuance of \$45,000,000 in bonds.

CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012*		2013		2014	. —	2015		2016	 2017
Revenues																			
Taxes	\$	93,537,984	\$	99,221,526	\$	95,491,171	\$	100,817,537	\$	40,534,858	\$	108,580,845	\$	112,937,239	\$	121,946,651	\$	128,474,185	\$ 135,094,23
Licenses and permits		1,747,414		1,201,006		1,179,738		1,168,702		1,280,779		1,900,386		2,084,729		2,594,651		3,041,029	3,544,8
Fines and penalties		7,335,862		5,988,839		6,159,605		6,607,933		4,819,636		6,908,913		6,447,136		6,391,950		6,331,870	6,612,6
Charges for services		18,285,225		15,381,048		14,369,407		14,284,477		8,792,207		16,432,906		16,574,190		17,287,781		19,636,433	18,033,4
Intergovernmental		3,741,517		3,287,187		4,426,846		5,371,357		3,876,650		7,155,617		4,256,449		4,754,515		7,575,190	9,498,0
Investment earnings		1,270,686		487,214		183,046		51,072		43,807		45,472		123,887		203,479		413,581	881,9
Other revenues		896,079		1,546,588		2,335,660		3,224,165		1,208,636		4,745,132		2,338,057	. —	6,356,723		2,447,045	 1,929,6
Total revenues		126,814,767		127,113,409		124,145,473		131,525,243		60,556,573	_	145,769,271		144,761,687	. —	159,535,750	_	167,919,333	 175,594,7
Expenditures																			
General government		13,725,770		12,678,432		10,587,252		9,145,033		7,558,761		9,735,759		9,694,959		10,175,646		11,786,252	12,350,6
Judicial		13,109,919		12,634,661		12,541,103		12,190,687		8,910,791		13,339,510		13,732,332		14,869,642		16,216,192	16,739,7
Public safety		54,968,804		54,685,636		54,767,227		53,128,844		37,797,938		51,980,901		56,266,089		60,645,344		66,005,871	70,565,8
Public works		10,840,241		8,682,763		8,366,354		8,981,853		6,739,208		8,650,391		10,375,660		8,251,788		9,517,506	9,314,94
Health and welfare		5,352,280		4,497,164		5,443,570		4,810,705		3,354,025		2,747,382		2,887,530		2,773,972		3,050,269	3,086,64
Housing and development		5,440,200		5,231,606		3,502,384		4,832,386		2,262,564		3,456,310		6,890,514		7,518,258		6,547,593	4,251,72
Culture and recreation		2,032,927		6,338,228		5,411,523		3,605,951		3,905,096		5,700,838		4,330,470		6,756,342		6,967,373	8,447,15
Capital Outlay		23,117,171		25,501,385		19,157,660		7,816,079		12,767,749		33,851,092		15,705,022		13,555,389		28,098,061	30,940,50
Debt Service:		23,117,171		25,501,505		13,137,000		7,010,075		12,707,745		33,031,032		13,703,022		13,333,303		20,030,001	30,340,30
Principal Principal		6,951,789		7,033,223		10,312,937		10,466,097		3,584,045		11,048,319		3,415,827		4,440,062		4,103,333	8,864,96
Bond issuance costs		-		496,642		3,607,748		3,754,944		115,525		1,550		194,384		2,279		243,004	55
Interest		2,025,332		3,268,743		134,853		3,734,344		2,170,632		3,318,527		3,060,401		3,386,554		4,384,938	2,562,93
Intergovernmental		2,023,332		6,238,285		6,317,565		6,159,277		5,328,013		7,526,940		8,045,732		14,113,597		9,756,629	10,270,52
Total expenditures		137,564,433		147,286,768	_	140,150,176		124,891,856		94,494,347		151,357,519		134,598,920	_	146,488,873	_	166,677,021	 177,396,18
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over																			
under) expenditures		(10,749,666)		(20,173,359)		(16,004,703)		6,633,387		(33,937,774)	_	(5,588,248)		10,162,767		13,046,877		1,242,312	 (1,801,40
Other Financing Sources (Uses)																			
Proceeds from bond issues		9,191,451		45,000,000		10,767,000		-		11,410,000		_		22,823,000		_		_	
Proceeds from refunded bonds				-		-		-		-		_		-		_		28,450,000	
Discount on bonds sold		_		_		-		-		_		_		=		_		-	
Premium on issuance of bonds		_		1,825,087		_		-		_		_		-		_		_	
Proceeds from leases		-		· · ·		-		-		-		-		-		-		607,524	215,4
Proceeds from sale of assets		100,871		118,096		710,324		51,907		44,271		42,427		760,320		422,439		94,290	323,00
Payment to refunded bond escrow		, -		,		· -		, -		,		, -		, -		, -		(28,201,489)	•
Insurance reimbursement		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	197,30
Transfers in		15,234,872		11,504,413		12,074,226		16,016,357		5,866,999		5,641,614		4,935,848		3,415,092		14,356,019	8,439,50
Transfers out		(16,598,590)		(12,302,289)		(12,478,717)		(16,991,089)		(6,439,448)		(6,440,763)		(5,858,513)		(5,419,342)		(15,743,593)	(10,035,7)
otal other financing sources (uses)		7,928,604		46,145,307		11,072,833		(922,825)		10,881,822		(756,722)		22,660,655	_	(1,581,811)		(437,249)	 (860,4
Net Change in Fund Balance		(2,821,062)		25,971,948		(4,931,870)		5,710,562		(23,055,952)		(6,344,970)		32,823,422		11,465,066		805,063	(2,661,82
Fund Balances, beginning of the year																			
restated)		65,715,927		62,894,865		88,866,813		83,934,943		90,492,370	_	67,436,418		61,091,448		93,914,870	_	105,775,875	106,580,9
Fund Balances, end of year	Ś	62,894,865	Ś	88,866,813	Ś	83,934,943	Ś	89,645,505	Ś	67,436,418	Ś	61,091,448	Ś	93,914,870	\$	105,379,936	\$	106,580,938	\$ 103,919,11

7.04%

12.23%

5.34%

5.88%

6.10%

7.74%

8.94%

Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures

7.84%

8.46%

8.64%

PROGRAM REVENUES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting)

Function/Program	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012*</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>
Primary Government:										
Governmental Activities:										
General government	\$ 5,378,477	\$ 4,227,355	\$ 5,329,530	\$ 5,629,940	\$ 2,158,592	\$ 4,868,288	\$ 4,584,286	\$ 4,902,176	\$ 7,524,359	\$ 8,004,882
Judicial	8,558,858	7,405,579	6,996,592	7,352,353	5,461,108	7,123,277	6,795,575	7,094,400	7,352,778	7,407,962
Public safety	6,545,013	6,394,475	6,440,709	6,656,136	5,250,300	7,500,229	7,882,437	7,964,565	9,896,991	11,360,510
Public works	16,747,949	15,651,517	21,197,450	14,444,269	6,133,826	12,924,448	12,486,080	16,279,740	19,995,323	13,539,550
Health and welfare	2,245,279	1,774,877	2,309,171	2,304,508	2,262,152	1,789,272	2,030,904	2,565,552	1,614,124	1,453,100
Culture and recreation	1,123,960	938,345	1,120,369	1,377,358	830,877	2,903,131	2,475,950	2,622,768	2,558,091	2,501,221
Housing and development	 729,171	976,699	848,876	 902,726	 1,086,243	 1,656,272	 1,800,287	2,293,281	 1,674,699	 812,218
Total Governmental Activities	 41,328,707	 37,368,847	 44,242,697	 38,667,290	 23,183,098	 38,764,917	38,055,519	 43,722,482	 50,616,365	 45,079,443
Business-type Activities:										
Emergency medical services	6,072,067	3,842,690	5,886,811	6,383,784	5,350,425	6,145,189	7,256,138	3,909,969	5,039,277	5,331,808
Conference center	 -	29,059	32,038	 34,638	 14,610	 114,874	 36,200	37,243	 365,779	 349,853
Total Business-type Activities	6,072,067	3,871,749	5,918,849	6,418,422	 5,365,035	 6,260,063	7,292,338	3,947,212	 5,405,056	5,681,661
Total Primary Government	\$ 47,400,774	\$ 41,240,596	\$ 50,161,546	\$ 45,085,712	\$ 28,548,133	\$ 45,024,980	\$ 45,347,857	\$ 47,669,694	\$ 56,021,421	\$ 50,761,104

Note: The County created a Conference Center fund in 2009.

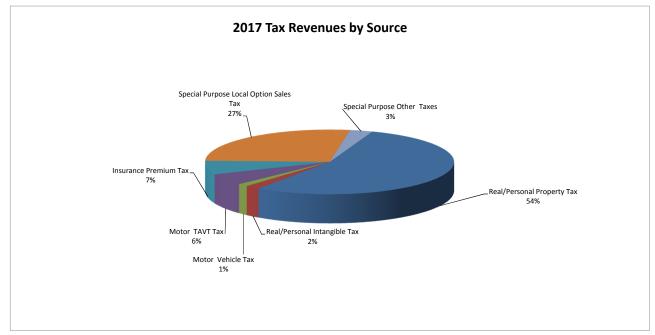
^{*}NOTE: Fiscal Year 2012 only contained nine (9) months. The County converted to a fiscal year ending September from December.

TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Real/Personal	1.1	Motor	T41/T	Insurance	Special Purpose	Other	
	Property	Intangible	Vehicle	TAVT	Premium	Local Option	Other	
Year Ended	Tax	Tax	Tax	Tax	Tax	Sales Tax	Taxes	Total
12/31/2008	\$ 49,837,451	\$ 1,532,979 \$	4,747,990	\$ - \$	5,932,023	\$ 29,253,737	\$ 2,233,804 \$	93,537,984
12/31/2009	58,810,094	1,427,202	4,203,836	-	5,846,968	26,479,225	2,454,201	99,221,526
12/31/2010	53,948,183	1,109,956	4,680,857	-	5,686,599	27,591,845	2,473,731	95,491,171
12/31/2011	56,712,075	1,054,289	4,679,431	-	6,508,474	29,288,708	2,574,560	100,817,537
9/30/2012*	3,191,463	1,118,726	4,329,554	-	6,953,110	22,705,059	2,236,946	40,534,858
9/30/2013	56,803,151	1,889,135	5,619,399	3,831,553	7,226,640	30,239,488	2,971,480	108,580,846
9/30/2014	57,869,082	1,439,824	4,228,192	7,188,520	7,626,040	31,690,072	3,105,335	113,147,065
9/30/2015	63,816,626	1,950,412	3,103,752	7,623,956	8,166,299	33,980,669	3,304,937	121,946,651
9/30/2016	69,154,204	2,406,649	2,415,265	7,088,598	8,689,185	35,173,128	3,547,156	128,474,185
9/30/2017	73,201,263	2,594,850	1,834,894	7,775,082	9,300,914	36,606,236	3,995,230	135,308,469

^{*}NOTE: In 2012 the County converted from a calendar fiscal year to a 10/1 - 9/30 fiscal year. However, in the year of conversion the County had to budget a short year from 1/1/2012 - 9/30/2012. This had a significant impact on property tax revenue recognition since typically the county receives significant tax collections between October and December.



ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Residentia	al Property	Commerc	ial Property	Less: Tax Exempt Industrial Property Property				Total Reporting Entity			Total Direct Tax Rate	
Digest Year	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Assessed Value		Estimated Actual Value			Assessed Value		Estimated Actual Value	
2008	\$ 5,450,894,960	\$ 13,627,237,400	\$ 952,621,800	\$ 2,381,554,500	\$ 172,166,452	\$	430,416,130	\$	389,604,965	\$ 9,259,006,566	\$	23,147,516,415	7.123
2009	5,148,444,120	12,871,110,300	977,086,873	2,442,717,182	177,544,916		443,862,290		400,700,705	9,001,790,326		22,504,475,815	7.703
2010	4,728,740,840	11,821,852,100	939,414,009	2,318,535,023	168,121,006		420,302,515		411,417,625	8,246,552,393		20,616,380,982	8.298
2011	4,435,075,476	11,087,688,690	832,187,128	2,080,467,820	148,216,320		370,540,800		432,262,840	7,721,058,141		19,302,645,352	9.135
2012	4,045,193,924	10,112,984,810	795,440,256	1,988,600,640	141,986,494		354,966,235		431,488,680	7,184,006,964		17,960,017,410	9.999
2013	4,178,158,525	10,445,396,312	789,629,631	1,974,074,077	143,475,211		358,688,027		436,392,400	7,346,963,565		18,367,408,912	9.947
2014	4,809,272,244	12,023,180,610	870,585,091	2,176,462,727	146,882,487		367,206,217		463,837,120	7,922,163,058		19,805,407,645	9.908
2015	5,372,928,638	13,432,321,595	870,471,411	2,176,178,527	148,467,242		371,168,105		655,666,600	8,524,129,822		21,310,324,555	9.900
2016	5,931,815,066	14,829,537,665	947,220,118	2,368,050,295	158,428,041		396,070,103		675,249,400	9,255,282,958		23,138,207,395	9.663
2017	6,586,480,914	16,466,202,285	1,187,802,277	2,969,505,692	198,137,138		495,342,845		836,204,360	9,631,175,330		24,077,938,325	9.362

^{*} Source: Cherokee County Tax Assessor

Note: Property in Cherokee County is assessed at 40% of actual value. Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value.

PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING (Per \$1,000 of Assessed Value) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	General	Fire District	Parks	Total	State		Total		
Year of	Maintenance	Special	County	ВОС		Maintenance	Bonded		Direct and
Levy	and Operations	District	Wide	Rate		and Operations	Debt	Total	Overlapping
2008	4.381	2.742		7.123	0.25	18.450	0.400	18.850	26.223
2009	4.381	2.742	0.580	7.703	0.25	18.450	0.400	18.850	26.803
2010	4.720	2.950	0.628	8.298	0.25	19.450	0.400	19.850	28.398
2011	5.365	3.129	0.641	9.135	0.25	19.450	0.400	19.850	29.235
2012	5.825	3.394	0.780	9.999	0.20	19.450	0.400	19.850	30.049
2013	5.798	3.373	0.776	9.947	0.15	19.450	0.400	19.850	29.947
2014	5.728	3.436	0.744	9.908	0.10	19.450		19.450	29.458
2015	5.728	3.436	0.744	9.908	0.05	19.450		19.450	29.408
2016	5.680	3.374	0.609	9.663	0.00	19.450		19.450	29.113
2017	5.483	3.298	0.581	9.362	0.00	18.950	0.500	19.450	28.812

Note: In 2008 voters approved a referendum to issue \$90 million in bonds to invest in Parks and Greenspace.

The Parks Bond millage rate was implemented in 2009 to cover the debt service related to these bonds.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING SALES TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Cherokee County SPLOST	County Schools E-SPLOST	State	Total Sales Tax Rate
2008	1.00%	1.00%	4.00%	6.00%
2009	1.00%	1.00%	4.00%	6.00%
2010	1.00%	1.00%	4.00%	6.00%
2011	1.00%	1.00%	4.00%	6.00%
2012	1.00%	1.00%	4.00%	6.00%
2013	1.00%	1.00%	4.00%	6.00%
2014	1.00%	1.00%	4.00%	6.00%
2015	1.00%	1.00%	4.00%	6.00%
2016	1.00%	1.00%	4.00%	6.00%
2017	1.00%	1.00%	4.00%	6.00%

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS September 30,

			2017		2008					
				% of Total				% of Total		
Taxpayer	A:	ssessed Value	Rank	Assessment	As	sessed Value	Rank	Assessment		
Georgia Power	\$	50,427,943	1	0.54%	\$	32,755,787	1	0.35%		
Northside Hospital		40,727,160	2	0.44%						
Atlanta Gas Light Company		34,570,552	3	0.37%		31,993,446	2	0.35%		
Cobb EMC		24,260,052	4	0.26%		21,840,352	3	0.24%		
Cole Mountian Market Place		22,596,120	5	0.24%						
Bll Fund V Woodstock LLC		20,824,480	6	0.23%						
Universal Alloy Corporation		17,617,403	7	0.19%						
Walton Woodstock Apt.		15,591,360	8	0.17%						
Georgia Transmission		15,430,596	9	0.17%		15,064,549	6	0.16%		
Mid-America Apartment Comm		15,056,040	10	0.16%		11,357,160	10	0.12%		
BellSouth Telecommunications						14,232,294	7	0.15%		
AllTel						18,577,760	4	0.20%		
CH Realty IV / Woodstock, LLC						18,243,330	5	0.20%		
DDRM Riverstone Plaza LLC						13,969,440	8	0.15%		
Forestar Real Estate Group, Inc.						12,387,480	9	0.13%		
	\$	257,101,706		2.78%	\$	190,421,598	-	2.06%		

Source: Cherokee County Tax Commissioners Office

NOTE: % Calculation includes Motor Vehicles

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy

Total Collections to Date

				•	_					
 Fiscal Year Ended		Levied for the alendar Year	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Collections in Subsequent Years		Dates used for previous col.		Amount	Percentage of Levy
2008	\$	51,585,541	\$ 43,223,045	83.79%	\$	5,682,664	01-01-09 to 1-23-18	\$	48,905,709	94.81%
2009	**	54,038,156	47,854,035	88.56%		5,796,419	01-01-10 to 1-23-18		53,650,454	99.28%
2010	**	53,438,477	48,273,578	90.33%		4,922,624	01-01-11 to 1-23-18		53,196,202	99.55%
2011	**	55,348,553	50,886,129	91.94%		4,122,145	01-01-12 to 1-23-18		55,008,274	99.39%
2012	**	55,452,483	1,359,612	2.45%		53,942,306	01-01-12 to 1-23-18		55,301,918	99.73%
2013	**	56,423,411	769,001	1.36%		55,600,654	10-01-13 to 1-23-18		56,369,655	99.90%
2014	**	62,612,461	2,137,638	3.41%		60,061,770	10-01-14 to 1-23-18		62,199,408	99.34%
2015	**	68,137,272	121,805	0.18%		67,786,519	10-01-15 to 1-23-18		67,908,324	99.66%
2016	**	71,963,231	273,107	0.38%		71,406,171	10-01-16 to 1-23-18		71,679,278	99.61%
2017	**	76.595.461	1.065.069	1.39%		73.022.418	10-01-17 to 1-23-18		74.087.488	96.73%

Source: Cherokee County Tax Commissioner

^{*}NOTE: In 2012 the County converted from a calendar fiscal year to a 10/1 - 9/30 fiscal year. However, in the year of conversion the County had to budget a short year from 1/1/2012 - 9/30/2012. This had a significant impact on property tax collections since typically the County received significant collections between October and December.

^{**} Includes new tax for Parks and Recreation Bonds approved by voter referendum in 2008.

TOTAL PROPERTY LIENS (FIFAs) LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

Year of Tax Le	vy	9/30/2012	9/30/2013	9/30/2014	<u>9/30/2015</u>	9/30/2016	9/30/2017
2008	\$	9,624 \$	7,515 \$	3,926 \$	2,247 \$	2,054 \$	1,696
2009		30,778	20,692	11,647	4,190	3,692	2,943
2010		125,428	55,226	31,520	5,939	4,982	4,335
2011		619,129	126,531	36,893	13,621	8,112	5,884
2012		-	500,325	154,722	49,984	43,520	8,819
2013		-	-	559,625	45,568	33,117	10,899
2014		-	-	-	148,317	25,579	12,921
2015		-	-	-	*	148,729	27,180
2016		-	-	-	-	-	48,141
2017		-	-	-	-	-	229,559
TOTAL	\$	784,960 \$	710,289 \$	798,333 \$	269,865 \$	269,785 \$	352,376

Source: Cherokee County Tax Commissioner

^{*} Note: In 2015 Property Tax bills were not mailed until October, so no payments were received before year end.

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN YEARS

Business-Type

	Governmental Activities						Ac	tivities								
				Resource												
				Recovery									% of			
		General	D	evelopment	D	evelopment					To	otal Primary	Personal			Personal
Fiscal Year		Obligation Authority Authority Loa		thority Loans	Capital Leases		Capi	tal Leases Government		overnment	Income	Per Capita	Per Capita Population			
2000	۸.	27 525 000	۲.	10 145 000	۸.		¢	1 205 510	ć		¢	47.005.510	0.640/	222.50	240 520	26 500
2008	Ş	27,535,000	\$	18,145,000	\$	-	\$	1,385,510	\$	-	>	47,065,510	0.61%	223.56	210,529	36,580
2009		66,020,000		18,145,000		5,448,261		867,005		-		90,480,267	1.22%	420.67	215,084	34,450
2010		67,097,000		18,145,000		7,279,404		534,350		-		93,055,754	1.25%	434.14	214,346	34,780
2011		57,067,000		17,545,000		7,109,728		408,254		-		82,129,982	1.02%	376.25	218,286	36,898
2012		65,317,000		17,220,000		6,872,733		309,209		-		89,718,942	1.06%	405.39	221,315	38,417
2013		56,017,833		16,679,221		6,614,092		170,889		-		79,482,035	0.89%	356.10	223,200	39,930
2014		75,810,432		16,327,728		6,342,604		25,062		-		98,505,826	1.03%	426.46	230,985	41,322
2015		71,658,319		15,955,902		2,582,449		-		-		90,196,670	0.92%	382.35	235,900	41,593
2016		71,014,585		15,558,720		603,530		594,191		-		87,771,026	0.86%	365.56	240,100	42,546
2017		66,604,669		11,136,163		-		674,701				78,415,533	0.69%	322.52	243,136	46,547

Note: Resource Recovery Development Authority bonds are issued by the Resource Recovery Development Authority, a blended component unit of the County. The County pledged one millage point to cover debt service payments if the third party operator defaulted on the bonds. The County has secured a replacement operator who has assumed \$142,243.56 of the debt per year.

RATIOS OF GENERAL OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN YEARS

(Unaudited)

General Bonded Debt Outstanding															
						Resource									
						Recovery					% of Actual				
		General	De	evelopment	D	evelopment	Les	ss: Amounts available in	ľ	let Primary	Value of			Α	ctual Property
Fiscal Year		Obligation		Authority		Authority		Debt Service Fund	<u> </u>	overnment	Property	Per Capita	Population		Value
2008	\$	27,535,000	\$	1,405,000	\$	18,145,000	\$	7,987,494	\$	39,097,506	0.42%	186.14	210,044	\$	9,259,006,566
2009		66,020,000		775,000		18,145,000		4,023,396		80,916,604	0.90%	376.21	215,084		9,001,790,326
2010		67,097,000		-		18,145,000		6,268,759		78,973,241	0.96%	368.44	214,346		8,246,552,393
2011		57,067,000		-		17,545,000		8,526,268		66,085,732	0.86%	302.75	218,286		7,721,058,141
2012		65,317,000		-		17,220,000		7,969,618		74,567,382	1.04%	336.93	221,315		7,184,006,964
2013		56,017,833		-		16,679,221		769,088		71,927,966	0.98%	322.11	223,300		7,346,963,565
2014		75,810,432		-		16,327,728		1,302,487		90,835,673	1.15%	393.25	230,985		7,922,163,058
2015		71,658,319		-		15,955,902		700,780		86,913,441	1.02%	368.43	235,900		8,524,129,822
2016		71,014,585		-		15,558,720		178,864		86,394,441	0.93%	359.83	240,100		9,255,282,958
2017		66,604,669		-		11,136,163		54,352		77,686,480	0.81%	319.52	243,136		9,631,175,330

Note: Development Authority bonds are issued by the Development Authority, a component unit of the County, but through an agreement the County is responsible for debt service payments over and above revenue generated by the authority to pay the bonds.

Note: Resource Recovery Development Authority bonds are issued by the Resource Recovery Development Authority, a blended component unit of the County. The County pledged one millage point to cover debt service payments if the third party operator defaulted on the bonds. The County has secured a replacement operator who has assumed \$142,243.56 of the debt per year.

DIRECT GENERAL OBLIGATION AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL OBLIGATION AND GUARANTEED REVENUE DEBT SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

(Unaudited) General Obligation Debt: 2009 Issue \$ 4,519,669 2010 Issue 8,767,000 2011 Issue 4,910,000 2014 Issue 20,423,000 2015 Refunding 27,985,000 **Total General Obligation Debt** 66,604,669 Capital Lease Debt 674,701 Direct Guaranteed Revenue Debt: 2007 Resource Recovery Development Authority Bonds 11,136,163 11,136,163 Total Guaranteed Revenue Debt **Total Direct Debt** 78,415,533 Overlapping General Obligation Debt Cherokee County School System 553,510,222 **Total Overlapping Debt** 553,510,222 Total Direct and Overlapping Debt 631,925,755 Cherokee County Debt per Capita:(1) **Direct General Obligation Debt** \$ 273.94 **Direct Capital Lease Debt** 2.77 Direct Guaranteed Revenue Debt 45.80 Overlapping General Obligation Debt 2,276.55 2,599.06

(1) Based on estimated population of 243,136 as provided by the Atlanta Regional Commission.

Note: Resource Recovery Development Authority bonds are issued by the Resource Recovery Development Authority, a blended component unit of the County. The County pledged one millage point to cover debt service payments if the third party operator defaulted on the bonds. The County has not been required to increase the millage rate by 1 millage point, but has assumed responsibility for the debt service payments. The County has secured a replacement operator who has assumed 5142,243.56 of the debt per year.

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN YEARS

(dollars in thousands)

Fiscal Year

	2008	 2009	2010	 2011	 2012	2013	 2014	 2015	 2016	2017
Assessed Value	\$ 9,259,007	\$ 9,001,790	\$ 8,246,552	\$ 7,721,058	\$ 7,184,007	\$ 7,346,964	\$ 7,922,163	\$ 8,524,130	\$ 9,255,283	\$ 9,631,175
Debt Limit: 10% of assessed	925,901	900,179	824,655	772,106	718,401	734,696	792,216	852,413	925,528	963,118
Less: Debt applicable to debt limit	28,000	 66,020	67,097	57,067	65,317	 56,018	75,810	71,658	71,015	66,605
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 897,901	\$ 834,159	\$ 757,558	\$ 715,039	\$ 653,084	\$ 678,678	\$ 716,406	\$ 780,755	\$ 854,513	\$ 896,513

PLEDGED- REVENUE COVERAGE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(dollars in thousands)

	Deve	lopment Autho	rity Revenue B	onds		Special	Purpose Local C	Option Sales Tax	(Bonds	
		Debt S	ervice					Debt S	ervice	
Fiscal Year	Land Sales	Principal	Interest	Coverage	Sales Tax	Less: Projects	Net Available Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage
2008	-	680	93	-	29,254	27,980	1,274	6,325	1,251	0.17
2009	-	725	48	-	26,479	24,942	1,537	6,515	1,049	0.20
2010	733	287	161	1.64	27,592	22,559	5,033	6,745	804	0.67
2011	-	-	-	-	29,289	11,251	18,038	6,980	536	2.40
2012*	-	-	-	-	22,705	8,947	13,758	-	234	58.79
2013	-	-	-	-	30,240	28,263	1,977	7,295	117	0.27
2014	-	-	-	-	31,690	20,697	10,993	-	-	-
2015	4,144	-	-	-	33,981	26,544	7,437	-	-	-
2016	1,848	-	-	-	35,173	33,855	1,318	-	-	-
2017	4.505	_	-	-	36.606	33.369	3.237	-	-	-

^{*}NOTE: In 2012 the County converted from a calendar fiscal year to a 10/1 - 9/30 fiscal year. However, in the year of conversion the County had to budget a short year from 1/1/2012 - 9/30/2012. This had a significant impact on revenues collected in comparison to 2011.

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Estimated	Personal Income	Per Capita Personal	Median	School	Unemployment
Year Ended	Population	(in thousands)	Income	Age	Enrollment	Rate
12/31/2008	210,529	7,618,522	36,580	33.0	36,500	8.20%
12/31/2009	215,084	7,311,454	34,450	35.2	38,105	10.01%
12/31/2010	214,346	7,486,312	34,780	34.1	38,585	8.90%
12/31/2011	218,286	8,054,368	36,898	36.3	38,290	7.90%
9/30/2012	221,315	8,502,157	38,417	36.7	39,161	6.90%
9/30/2013	223,300	8,988,534	39,930	36.8	39,324	6.00%
9/30/2014	230,985	8,748,231	42,210	37.0	41,322	5.70%
9/30/2015	235,900	8,966,897	44,945	37.2	41,593	4.00%
9/30/2016	240,100	9,294,614	46,547	38.5	42,546	4.10%
9/30/2017	243,136	11,317,251	46,547 *	37.4	46,547	3.40%

Sources: Georgia Department of Labor, Bureau of the Census, Atlanta Regional Commission, Cherokee County School District and the Cherokee County Development Authority.

n/a Information not yet available.

^{*} Current Information is not yet available. Using prior year for calculation purposes.

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND TEN YEARS AGO

2017 2008

			% of Total County			% of Total County
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Cherokee County Schools	4,771	1	2.0%	5,000	1	*
Cherokee County Government	1,665	2	0.7%	1,330	2	*
Northside-Cherokee Hospital	1,500	3	0.6%			
Publix Supermarkets	1,085	4	0.5%	740	4	*
Pilgrams Pride Corp.	835	5	0.3%	850	3	*
Chart Inc.	650	6	0.3%	262	7	*
Wal-Mart Associates, Inc.	500	7	0.2%			
Universal Alloy Corporation	440	8	0.2%	500	5	*
Inalfa Roof Systems	415	9	0.2%			
Belnick, Inc	350	10	0.1%			
Piolax Corporation				250	8	*
Meyn America, Inc.				285	6	*
Reinhardt University				205	9	*
City of Woodstock				193	10	*
	12,211		5.1%	9,615		0.0%

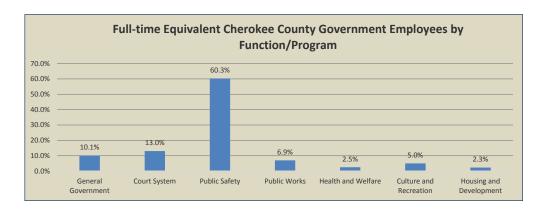
^{*} Information is not readily available.

Source: Cherokee County Chamber of Commerce Cherokee County Development Authority

> Georgia Department of Labor Cherokee County Mapping Dept

CHEROKEE COUNTY, GEORGIA FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CHEROKEE COUNTY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION FOR THE LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

Function/Program	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
General Government	137	142	144	134	127	126	127	133	133	138
Court System	138	167	167	158	154	155	161	161	164	178
Public Safety	704	787	784	757	742	745	769	794	816	826
Public Works	103	92	93	92	90	87	87	91	93	95
Health and Welfare	19	33	34	33	33	32	32	32	28	34
Culture and Recreation	11	42	42	39	41	62	70	71	67	68
Housing and Development	33	33	31	29	22	22	26	26	27	31
Total	1,145	1,297	1,295	1,242	1,208	1,231	1,273	1,308	1,328	1,370



CHEROKEE COUNTY, GEORGIA OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM Unaudited

	12/31	12/31	12/31	12/31	YE 9/30					
	12,31	12,51	12,51	12/31	12 3/30	12 3/30	12 3/30	12 5/30	12 5/30	12 3/30
Function/Program	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012*	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
General Government										
Total registered voters	119,024	129,056	133,298	136,239	143,863	147,813	147,965	151,842	164,920	163,869
Judicial System										
Total criminal dockets	*	1,296	1,280	1,193	1,171	1,844	1,272	1,354	1,128	1,195
Total civil cases filed	4,551	4,413	3,641	3,323	1,171	2,717	2,445	1,354	2,746	2,657
Felony arrest warrants	2,707	2,873	2,821	1,957	1,702	1,657	2,150	2,412	2,671	3,070
Marriage licenses issued	1,081	960	1,010	1,037	769	1,085	1,142	1,199	1,312	1,379
Firearm licenses issued	2,466	3,064	2,195	2,237	2,224	5,307	4,165	4,813	7,088	4,970
Public Safety										
Physical arrests	*	5,958	5,405	5,680	5,409	6,351	5,843	5,848	6,351	5,429
Fire emergency responses	16,537	16,281	17,604	19,215	18,820	18,704	21,074	22,015	24,526	25,765
EMS dispatches	11,497	11,606	11,010	13,331	13,771	13,638	15,073	16,056	16,616	16,842
All E-911 calls	388,659	408,715	336,103	331,736	320,339	317,515	330,337	340,642	343,709	330,933
EOC activations	27	9	11	17	2	9	7	3	4	10
Public Works										
Miles maintained	1,226	1,257	1,275	1,283	1,285	1,290	1,298	1,308	1,318	1,320
GDOT LARP/LMIG resurfaced	59	57	53	17	8	8	20	9	7	11
Health and Welfare										
Home delivered meals	31,615	50,241	45,609	46,184	34,103	39,207	43,754	37,598	38,335	28,900
Housing and Development										
Building inspections conducted	8,494	6,037	6,287	5,795	4,854	8,676	11,252	12,909	17,769	23,624
New business licenses	1,358	1,262	1,096	1,168	743	777	790	908	763	624
Business license renewals	5,748	5,812	5,425	4,283	4,117	5,316	5,192	4,926	6,113	7,245

^{*}NOTE: Fiscal Year 2012 only contained nine (9) months. The County converted to a fiscal year ending September from December.

CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function/Program		2008	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	2012*	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>
Governmental											
	Buildings/Land	19	23	22	22	19	20	19	19	19	16
	Vehicles	29	30	32	31	31	31	32	32	40	40
Judicial											
	Buildings/Land	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Vehicles	20	19	21	19	19	19	19	19	19	22
Sheriff/Law Inforcement											
	Buildings/Training Ctr/Land	10	11	11	11	11	11	13	11	11	11
	Vehicles	258	274	281	261	268	279	272	267	274	285
Fire/EMS											
	Fire Stations/Training Ctr/Land	19	20	21	20	21	21	24	25	26	29
	Vehicles	60	58	78	79	81	81	80	81	81	81
	Pumpers/Ladder Trucks	38	40	40	38	38	39	40	43	40	41
Animal Shelter/Animal Con		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	Building/Land	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
	Vehicles	8	8	8	8	8	9	9	10	10	11
Public Works	D. H.B A I	0		•			•	•	•	40	44
	Buildings/Land	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	10	11
	Street Miles	1,226	1257	1275	1283	1285	1290	1298	1308	1318	1320
	Traffic Signals	51	52	52	52	52	53	54	54	55	56
	Bridges/Culverts	69	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70
	Vehicles	70	64	65	64	63	65	68	68	78	74
Health Welfare	Machinery & Equipment	63	60	59	56	57	58	57	62	69	71
nealth wellare	Buildings/Land	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	8	8	8
	Vehicles	3 18	3 18	3 4	6	6	2 6	5 5	5	8	12
Culture/Recreation	venicies	16	10	4	0	0	0	5	5	٥	12
Culture/ Recreation	Buildings/Land	23	33	61	57	58	59	58	59	59	58
Code Enforcement	Bullulings/ Lariu	23	33	01	37	30	33	30	33	33	36
code Emorcement	Buildings/Land	5	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
	Vehicles	21	19	18	17	17	18	17	18	25	22
Environmental Health	Vernoies		13	10	1,	1,	10	1,	10	23	
Environmentar realth	Vehicles	2	2	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	0
	Vernoies	-	-	-	-	-	Ü	·	Ü	·	Ū
Ball Ground Recycling											
Sun Ground necycling	Buildings/Land					6	6	6	0	0	0
	Machinery & Equipment					44	44	44	0	0	0
	,					• •	• •	• •	· ·		· ·
Total Assets		2,024	2,076	2,138	2,114	2,174	2,196	2,203	2,174	2,226	2,244

Source: Cherokee County Finance Department